1	HOUSE BILL 667
2	43rd legislature - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 1997
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	HENRY KIKI SAAVEDRA
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO LICENSURE; AMENDING THE THANATOPRACTICE ACT.
12	
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
14	Section 1. Section 61-32-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,
15	Chapter 204, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:
16	"61-32-3. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Thanatopractice
17	Act:
18	A. "assistant funeral service practitioner" means a
19	person licensed to engage in practice <u>at a funeral establishment</u>
20	or a commercial establishment, licensed pursuant to the
21	<u>Thanatopractice Act</u> , as an assistant funeral service
22	practitioner as provided in [the Thanatopractice] <u>that</u> act;
23	B. "associate funeral service practitioner" means a
24	person licensed to engage in practice <u>at a funeral establishment</u>
25	or a commercial establishment, licensed pursuant to the
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Thanatopractice Act, as an associate funeral service 1 2 practitioner as provided in [the Thanatopractice] that act; С. "board" means the board of thanatopractice; 3 D. "cremains" means cremated remains; 4 Е. "cremation" means the reduction of a dead human 5 body by direct flame to a residue, which may include bone 6 fragments; 7 "crematory" means every place or premises that is F. 8 devoted to or used for cremation and pulverization of the 9 cremains; 10 "crematory authority" means the individual who is G. 11 ultimately responsible for the operation of a crematory; 12 "committal service" means a service at any site H. 13 that follows a funeral conducted at another location; 14 [H.] I. "department" means the regulation and 15 licensing department; 16 [I.] J. "direct disposer" means a person licensed to 17 engage at a direct disposition establishment, licensed pursuant 18 to the Thanatopractice Act, solely in providing direct 19 disposition as provided in [the Thanatopractice] that act; 20 [J.] <u>K.</u> "direct disposition" means only the 21 disposition of a dead human body as quickly as possible without 22 a funeral, graveside service, committal service or memorial 23 service, whether public or private, and without embalming of 24 the body unless embalming is required by the place of 25 .114262.2

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disposition, and does not include, prior to interment.
 entombment or other final disposition of the body, participation
 in any rites or ceremonies in connection with the final
 disposition of the body or provision of facilities for such
 rites or ceremonies;

[K.] L. "direct supervision" means the supervisor is physically present with and in control of the person being supervised;

 $[\underline{H},\underline{-}]$ <u>M</u> "disposition" means the final disposal of a dead human body, whether it be by earth interment, above-ground interment or entombment, cremation, burial at sea or delivery to a medical school, when the medical school assumes complete responsibility for the disposal of the body following medical study, or release of custody of the body to the family or personal representative or other legal representative;

[M-] N. "embalming" means the disinfection, preservation and restoration, when possible, of a dead human body by a licensed funeral service practitioner, a licensed associate funeral service practitioner, a licensed assistant funeral service practitioner or a licensed funeral service intern under the supervision of a licensed funeral service practitioner;

[N-] <u>O.</u> "establishment" means every office, premises or place of business where the practice of funeral service or direct disposition is conducted or advertised as being conducted

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and includes commercial establishments that provide for the 1 practice of funeral service or direct disposition services 2 exclusively to licensed funeral or direct disposition 3 establishments or a school of medicine; 4

[0.] P. "funeral" means a period following death in which there is an organized, purposeful, time-limited, group-centered ceremony or rite, whether religious or not, with the body of the deceased present;

[P.] Q. "funeral merchandise" means that personal property offered for sale in connection with the transportation, 10 funeralization or disposition of a dead human body, including the enclosure into which a dead human body is directly placed, 12 and excluding mausoleum crypts and interment enclosures preset 13 in a cemetery and columbarium niches; 14

[Q.] <u>R.</u> "funeral service intern" means a person licensed [pursuant to the Thanatopractice Act who is] to be in training at a funeral establishment or a commercial establishment, licensed pursuant to the Thanatopractice Act, for the practice of funeral service under the supervision and instruction of a funeral service practitioner as provided in that act;

[R.] <u>S.</u> "funeral service practitioner" means a person licensed [by the board] to engage in [the] practice [of funeral service] at a funeral establishment or commercial establishment, licensed pursuant to the Thanatopractice Act, as

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a funeral service practitioner who may provide shelter, care and
custody of human dead; prepare human dead by embalming or other
methods for disposition; transport human dead, bereaved
relatives and friends; make arrangements, financial or
otherwise, to provide for a funeral or the sale of funeral
merchandise; and perform other funeral directing or embalming
practices, <u>as provided in that act;</u>

8 [S.] T. "general supervision" means the supervisor
9 is not necessarily physically present with the person being
10 supervised, but is available for advice and assistance;

[T.-] <u>U.</u> "graveside service" means a funeral held at the graveside only, excluding a committal service that follows a funeral conducted at another location;

[U.-] V. "jurisprudence examination" means an examination prescribed [and graded] by the board on the statutes, rules and regulations pertaining to the practice of funeral service or direct disposition, including the Thanatopractice Act, the rules of the board, state health regulations governing human remains and the Vital Statistics Act;

 $[\underbrace{V}.]$ $\underline{W}.$ "licensee in charge" means a funeral service practitioner who is ultimately responsible for the conduct of a funeral or commercial establishment and its employees or a direct disposer who is ultimately responsible for the conduct of a direct disposition establishment and its employees;

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counseling about specific details for a funeral, graveside 2 service, committal service, memorial service, disposition or 3 direct disposition; 4 [X.] Y. "memorial service" means a gathering of 5 persons for recognition of a death without the presence of the 6 body of the deceased; 7 [Y.] Z. "practice of funeral service" means those 8 activities allowed under the Thanatopractice Act by a funeral 9

[W.] X. "make arrangements" means advising or

service practitioner, associate funeral service practitioner, assistant funeral service practitioner or a funeral service intern:

[Z.] <u>AA.</u> "pulverization" means the process that reduces cremains to a granular substance; and

[AA.] BB. "thanatopractice" means those immediate [post-dead] post-death activities related to the dead human body, its care and disposition, whether with or without rites or ceremonies, but not including disposition of the body by a school of medicine following medical study."

Section 61-32-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Section 2. Chapter 204, Section 5) is amended to read:

> "61-32-5. **BOARD CREATED. --**

There is created the "board of thanatopractice". Α. **B**. The board is administratively attached to the department.

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С. The board consists of six members. Three members 1 shall be funeral service practitioners who have been licensed in 2 the state for at least five years; two members shall represent 3 the public and shall not have been licensed for the practice of 4 funeral service or direct disposition in this state or any other 5 jurisdiction and shall not ever have had any financial interest, 6 direct or indirect, in any funeral, commercial or direct 7 disposition establishment or crematory; and one member shall be 8 a licensed direct disposer or health care practitioner who has 9 been licensed in the state for at least five years. 10

D. Members of the board shall be appointed by the governor for staggered terms of four years [except that members of the board appointed and serving under prior law at the effective date of the Thanatopractice Act shall serve out the terms for which they were appointed as members of the board created by this section]. Each member shall hold office until his successor is duly qualified and appointed. Vacancies shall be filled for any unexpired term in the same manner as original appointments.

E. Members of the board shall be reimbursed as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage Act and shall receive no other compensation, perquisite or allowance.

F. A simple majority of the board members currently serving constitutes a quorum.

G. The board shall hold at least two regular

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meetings each year and shall meet at such other times as it
 deems necessary.

No board member shall serve more than two full H. 3 consecutive terms [and any member failing to attend, after 4 proper notice, three meetings shall automatically be recommended 5 for removal as a board member unless excused for reasons set 6 forth in board regulations]. The board shall recommend to the 7 governor removal of any board member who has three unexcused 8 absences from properly noticed meetings within a twelve-month 9 period and may recommend removal of a board member for any other 10 just cause. 11

I. The board shall elect a chairman and other officers as deemed necessary to administer its duties."

Section 3. Section 61-32-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 8) is amended to read:

"61-32-8. INSPECTION--ACCESS--COUNSEL.--

A. Inspection of establishments and crematories, including all records, financial or otherwise, is authorized during regular business hours [or through prior arrangement]. Acceptance of a license shall include permission for the board or its designee to enter the premises without legal process.

<u>B. Each establishment or crematory shall provide a</u> physical address at which it maintains business records required by law and at which inspections of those records may occur.

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[B.] C. The board shall be represented by the

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attorney general. The board may employ special counsel, whose 1 services shall be paid by the board [upon the approval of the attorney general]." 3

Section 4. Section 61-32-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 10) is amended to read:

"61-32-10. LICENSURE BY CREDENTIALS. -- After successful completion of a jurisprudence examination, the board may license an applicant as a funeral service practitioner, provided the applicant possesses a valid license or its equivalent for the practice of funeral service issued by the appropriate examining board under the laws of any other state or territory of the United States, the District of Columbia or any foreign nation, and provided the applicant has met educational requirements substantially equivalent to or exceeding those established pursuant to the Thanatopractice Act or has [at least five consecutive years experience] actively practiced five out of the <u>last seven years</u> in another state or territory as a licensed funeral service practitioner or its equivalent."

Section 5. Section 61-32-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 13) is amended to read:

> "61-32-13. ESTABLI SHMENTS- - REQUI REMENTS. - -

Each establishment shall have a full-time Α. licensee in charge; provided:

(1) the establishment license is a privilege granted to the person to whom it is issued and is not

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transferable to other owners or operators or to another location 1 than that designated on the license; and 2 (2) the full-time licensee in charge of each 3 establishment shall maintain his primary residence within fifty 4 miles of the physical location of the establishment. 5 **B**. The board may adopt by rule special requirements 6 for multi-unit establishments that are located within fifty 7 miles of each other and that wish to share a licensee in charge. 8 **C**. The board may adopt by rule the requirements for 9 reapplication or reinspection." 10 Section 6. Section 61-32-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, 11 Chapter 204, Section 17, as amended) is amended to read: 12 "61-32-17. DIRECT DISPOSER--SCOPE OF PRACTICE--13 LIMITATIONS. -- Except as otherwise provided in the 14 <u>Thanatopractice Act</u>, a direct disposer may only provide direct 15 disposition of a dead human body as quickly as possible. <u>I</u>n 16 doing so, the direct disposer shall not conduct, direct or 17 provide facilities for a funeral, graveside service, committal 18 service or memorial service, whether public or private, and the 19 body shall not be embalmed prior to disposition unless embalming 20 is required by the place of disposition.] Prior to interment. 21 entombment or other final disposition of the body, the direct 22 disposer shall not participate in any rites or ceremonies in 23 connection with the final disposition of the body, and shall not 24 provide facilities for any such rites or ceremonies. The direct 25

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disposer shall not have the body embalmed unless embalming is required by the place of disposition."

Section 7. Section 61-32-20 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 20) is amended to read:

"61-32-20. EMBALMING. --

A. All dead human bodies not disposed of within twenty-four hours after death shall be embalmed in accordance with the Thanatopractice Act or stored under refrigeration as determined by board rule or regulation, unless otherwise required by regulation of the office of the medical investigator or the secretary of health or by orders of an authorized official of the office of the medical investigator, a court of competent jurisdiction or other authorized official.

B. No dead human body shall be embalmed except by a funeral service practitioner, an associate funeral service practitioner or a funeral service intern under the supervision of a funeral service practitioner.

C. When embalming is not required under the provisions of this section, no dead human body shall be embalmed without express authorization by the:

(1) surviving spouse or next of kin;

(2) legal agent or personal representative of the deceased; or

(3) person assuming responsibility for final disposition.

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D. When embalming is not required and prior to obtaining authorization for the embalming, a dead human body may be washed and other health procedures, including closing of the orifices, may be performed without authorization.

Ε. When a dead human body is embalmed, the funeral 5 service practitioner or associate funeral service practitioner 6 who embalms the body or the funeral service intern who embalms 7 the body and the funeral service practitioner who supervises the 8 embalming shall complete and sign an embalming case report. The 9 embalming case report shall be kept on file at the establishment 10 for a period of not less than five years following the 11 embal ming. 12

F. Except as specified in Subsection A of this section, embalming is not required."

Section 8. Section 61-32-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 21) is amended to read:

"61-32-21. LICENSE RENEWAL. --

A. All licenses expire annually and shall be renewed by submitting a completed renewal application, accompanied by the required fees, on a form provided by the board.

B. The board may require proof of continuing education or other proof of competency as a requirement for renewal.

C. A license not renewed on or before the expiration date is considered lapsed and is no longer valid. [A ninety-

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day] <u>A thirty-day</u> grace period shall be allowed each licensee after the end of the licensing period, during which time licenses may be renewed upon payment of <u>both</u> the renewal fee and a late fee as prescribed by the board and compliance with any other renewal requirements adopted by the board.

D. Any license not renewed at the end of the grace period [shall be considered] <u>is</u> expired. [and the license holder] <u>A holder of an expired license</u> shall be required to apply as a new applicant."

Section 9. Section 61-32-22 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 204, Section 22) is amended to read:

"61-32-22. [FUNERAL SERVICE PRACTITIONER--] INACTIVE STATUS. - -

A. A funeral service practitioner, <u>associate funeral</u> <u>service practitioner</u>, <u>assistant funeral service practitioner or</u> <u>direct disposer</u> who has a current license may request that his license be placed on inactive status. <u>Except as provided in</u> <u>Subsection E of this section</u>, the board shall approve each request for inactive status [unless the practitioner is under <u>investigation or disciplinary proceedings have been initiated</u>].

B. A license placed on inactive status may be renewed within a period not to exceed five years following the date the board granted the inactive status.

C. Renewal of an inactive license requires payment of renewal and reinstatement fees as set forth by board rule or

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regulation and compliance with the following requirements: 1 certification by the practitioner that he (1) 2 has not engaged in the practice of funeral service in this state 3 during the inactive status; 4 compliance with continuing education (2)5 requirements established by board rule; and 6 successful completion of an examination, (3) 7 which shall be administered at the discretion of the board, to 8 certify continuing competency. 9 Disciplinary proceedings may be initiated or D. 10 continued against a licensee who has been granted inactive 11 status. 12 E. No license shall be placed on inactive status if 13 the licensee is under investigation or if disciplinary 14 proceedings have been initiated." 15 Section 10. Section 61-32-23 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, 16 Chapter 204, Section 23) is amended to read: 17 "61-32-23. FEES.--The board shall establish by regulation 18 a schedule of reasonable fees for applications, examinations, 19 licenses, inspections, renewals, penalties, reinstatements and 20 necessary administrative fees; provided that no one fee shall 21 exceed five hundred dollars (\$500). All fees collected shall be 22 deposited in [the thanatopractice fund] accordance with Section 23 61-32-26 NMSA 1978. " 24 Section 11. Section 61-32-24 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, 25 .114262.2

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Chapter 204, Section 24, as amended) is amended to read:

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"61-32-24. DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS--JUDICIAL REVIEW. --

The board, in accordance with the provisions of Α. 3 the Uniform Licensing Act, may refuse to issue or renew or may 4 suspend or revoke [or] the license of, impose a fine on or place 5 on probation [any license of] a funeral service practitioner, 6 associate funeral service practitioner, assistant funeral 7 service practitioner, funeral service intern, direct disposer, 8 establishment or crematory upon a finding by the board that the 9 applicant or licensee is guilty of any of the following acts of 10 commission or omission: 11

(1) conviction of an offense punishable by
 incarceration in a state penitentiary or federal prison,
 provided the board receives a copy of the record of conviction,
 certified to by the clerk of the court entering the conviction,
 which shall be conclusive evidence of the conviction;

(2) fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure a license;

(3) gross negligence or incompetence;

which includes:

(4) unprofessional or dishonorable conduct,

(a) misrepresentation or fraud;

(b) false or misleading advertising;

(c) solicitation of dead human bodies by

the licensee, his agents, assistants or employees, whether the

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solicitation occurs after death or while death is impending,
 provided that this shall not be deemed to prohibit general
 advertising;

4 (d) solicitation or acceptance by a
5 licensee of any commission, bonus or rebate in consideration of
6 recommending or causing a dead human body to be disposed of in
7 any cemetery, mausoleum or crematory;

8 (e) using any funeral merchandise
9 previously purchased, in whole or in part, except for
10 transportation purposes, without prior written permission of the
11 person selecting or paying for the use of the merchandise; and
12 (f) failing to make disposition of a dead
13 human body in the enclosure or container that was purchased for

that purpose by the arrangers;

(5) violation of any of the provisions of the Thanatopractice Act or any rule or regulation of the board;

(6) violation of any local, state or federal ordinance, law or regulation affecting the practice of funeral service, direct disposition or cremation, including the Prearranged Funeral Plan Regulatory Law or any regulations ordered by the superintendent of insurance;

(7) willful or negligent practice beyond the scope of the license issued by the board;

(8) refusing to release properly a dead humanbody to the custody of the person or entity who has the legal

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1	right to effect the release, when the authorized cost has been	
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3	(9) failure to secure a necessary permit	
4	required by law for removal from this state or cremation of a	
5	dead human body;	
6	(10) knowingly making any false statement on a	
7	certificate of death;	
8	(11) failure to give full cooperation to the	
9	board or one of its committees, staff, inspectors, agents or an	
10	attorney for the board in the performance of official duties;	
11	(12) has had a license, certificate or	
12	registration to practice revoked, suspended or denied in any	
13	jurisdiction, territory or possession of the United States or	
14	another country for actions of the licensee or applicant similar	
15	to acts described in this subsection. A certified copy of the	
16	record of the jurisdiction taking the disciplinary action is	
17	conclusive evidence of the violation;	
18	(13) failure to supervise adequately	
19	subordinate personnel; or	
20	(14) conduct unbecoming a licensee or	
21	detrimental to the safety or welfare of the public.	
22	B. In addition to the offenses listed in Subsection	
23	A of this section, the board, in accordance with the provisions	
24	of the Uniform Licensing Act, may refuse to issue or renew or	
25	may suspend <u>or</u> revoke <u>the license of</u> , impose a fine <u>on</u> or place	
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on probation any funeral service practitioner, associate funeral service practitioner, assistant funeral service practitioner or funeral service intern upon finding the applicant or licensee guilty of any of the following acts of commission or omission:

practicing funeral service without a (1) license or aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice funeral service; or 7

(2)permitting an associate funeral service 8 practitioner, assistant funeral service practitioner or a 9 funeral service intern to exceed the limitations set forth in 10 the provisions of the Thanatopractice Act or the regulations of 11 the board. 12

С. In addition to the offenses listed in Subsection A of this section, the board, in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Licensing Act, may refuse to issue or renew or may suspend <u>or</u> revoke <u>the license of</u>, impose a fine <u>on</u> or place on probation any direct disposer or direct disposition establishment upon finding the applicant or licensee guilty of any of the following acts of commission or omission:

embalming, restoring, acting as a (1)cosmetician or in any way altering the condition of a dead human body, except for washing and dressing;

causing a body to be embalmed when (2)embalming is not required by a place of disposition;

[(3) conducting, directing or providing

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1	facilities for any rites or ceremonies in association with the	
2	dead human body, before or after the direct disposition;]	
3	(3) prior to interment, entombment or other	
4	<u>final disposition of a dead human body, participating in any</u>	
5	rites or ceremonies in connection with such final disposition of	
6	the body or providing facilities for any such rites or	
7	<u>ceremonies;</u>	
8	(4) reclaiming, transporting or causing to be	
9	transported a dead human body after written release for	
10	disposition; or	
11	(5) practicing direct disposition without a	
12	license or aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice	
13	direct disposition.	
14	D. In addition to the offenses listed in Subsection	
15	A of this section, the board, in accordance with the provisions	
16	of the Uniform Licensing Act, may refuse to issue or renew or	
17	may suspend <u>or</u> revoke <u>the license of</u> , impose a fine <u>on</u> or place	
18	on probation a crematory applicant or crematory authority upon	
19	finding the applicant or crematory authority guilty of any of	
20	the following acts of commission or omission:	
21	(1) engaging or holding oneself out as engaging	
22	in the practice of funeral service or direct disposition, unless	
23	the applicant or crematory authority has a license to practice	
24	funeral service or direct disposition;	
25	(2) operating a crematory without a license or	
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1	aiding and abetting a crematory to operate without a license; or			
2	(3) engaging in conduct or activities for which			
3	a license to engage in the practice of funeral service or direct			
4	disposition is required or aiding and abetting an unlicensed			
5	person to engage in conduct or activities for which a license to			
6	practice funeral service or direct disposition is required.			
7	E. Unless exonerated by the board, persons who have			
8	been subjected to formal disciplinary sanctions by the board			
9	shall be responsible for the payment of costs of the			
10	disciplinary proceedings, which include costs for:			
11	(1) court reporters;			
12	(2) transcripts;			
13	(3) certification or notarization;			
14	(4) photocopi es;			
15	(5) witness attendance and mileage fees;			
16	(6) postage for mailings required by law;			
17	(7) expert witnesses; and			
18	(8) depositions.			
19	F. All fees, fines and costs imposed on an			
20	applicant, licensee, establishment or crematory shall be paid in			
21	full to the board before an initial or renewal license may be			
22	i ssued. "			
23	Section 12. Section 61-32-28 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,			
24	Chapter 204, Section 28) is amended to read:			
25	"61-32-28. COMMUNICATIONSCONFIDENTIALITYAll written			
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1	and oral communications made to the board relating to potential			
2	disciplinary action shall be [confidential. All data			
3	communication and information acquired by the board relating t o			
4	complaints is confidential and shall not be disclosed unless			
5	formal disciplinary action is initiated under the Uniform			
6	Licensing Act or absent an order of a court of competent			
7	jurisdiction] subject to the Inspection of Public Records Act"			
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	State of New Mexico
	House of Representatives
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4	FORTY- THI RD LEGI SLATURE
5	FIRST SESSION, 1997
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8	February 27, 1997
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10	Mr. Speaker:
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12	Your BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY COMMITTEE, to whom has
13	been referred
14	INTER DITI 007
15	HOUSE BILL 667
16	has had it under consideration and reports same with
17	recommendation that it DO PASS , amended as follows:
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19	1. On page 2, lines 22 through 24, remove the brackets and
20	line-through.
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22	2. On page 3, line 1, after "disposition" strike the remainder of the line, strike all of lines 2 through 4 and strike
23	line 5 up to the semicolon.
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25	3. On page 9, lines 2 and 3, remove the brackets and line-
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16 17	Absent:	Getty			
17 18		Respectfully submitted,			
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22		Fred Luna, Chairman			
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1 2	Adopted	Not Adopted	
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4		(Chief Clerk)	(Chief Clerk)
5		D. (
6		Date	
7	The roll c	all vote was <u>5</u> For <u>4</u> Against	
8	Yes:	5	
9	No:	Chavez, Hobbs, Kissner, Rodella	
10	Excused:	Alwin, Lutz, Varela	
11	Absent:	Getty	
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	State of New Mexico House of Representatives		
	FORTY- THI RD LEGI SLATURE		
1	FIRST SESSION, 1997		
2			
3			
4 5	March 12, 1997		
5			
7	Mr. Speaker:		
8	Your JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, to whom has been referred		
9			
10	HOUSE BILL 667, as anended		
11			
12	has had it under consideration and reports same with		
13	recommendation that it DO PASS , amended as follows: 1. On page 20, line 25, strike "CONFIDENTIALITY" and insert in lieu thereof "SUBJECT TO INSPECTION OF PUBLIC RECORDS ACT".		
14			
15			
16 17			
17 18	Respectfully submitted,		
18			
19 20			
20 21			
21	Thomas P. Foy, Chairman		
23			
24			
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	.114262.2		

		FORTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION, 1997	
HJ	C/HB 667		Page 26
1			
2	Adopted	Not Adopted	
3			
4		(Chief Clerk)	(Chief Clerk)
5		Date	
6			
7	The roll c	all vote was <u>8</u> For <u>0</u> Against	
8	Yes:	8	
9		King, Mallory, Rios, Sanchez, Stewart	
10	Absent:	None	
11			
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13	M: \HO667		
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	FORTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION, 1997			
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4				
5	FORTY- THIRD LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION, 1997			
6	FINJI SESSION, 1337			
7				
8	March 17, 1997			
9				
10	Mr. President:			
11				
12	Your CORPORATIONS & TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE, to			
13	whom has been referred			
14	HOUSE BILL 667, as anended			
15				
16	has had it under consideration and reports same with			
17	recommendation that it DO PASS .			
18				
19	Respectfully submitted,			
20				
21				
22				
23	Roman M Maes, III, Chairman			
24				
25				
	.114262.2			

