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#### HOUSE BILL 741

## 43RD LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 1997

INTRODUCED BY

DANIEL P. SILVA

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AN ACT

RELATING TO GAMBLING: ENACTING THE INDIAN GAMING COMPACT: ENACTING A REVENUE-SHARING AGREEMENT TO PROVIDE FOR REVENUE SHARING BETWEEN THE STATE AND AN INDIAN NATION, TRIBE OR PUEBLO CONDUCTING GAMING PURSUANT TO THE COMPACT; ENACTING THE VIDEO GAMBLING ACT TO PERMIT CERTAIN NONTRIBAL GAMBLING; PROVIDING PENALTIES; CREATING A FUND; IMPOSING A GAMBLING TAX; AMENDING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978; MAKING AN APPROPRIATION; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

[NEW MATERIAL] INDIAN GAMING COMPACT ENTERED Section 1. INTO. -- The Indian Gaming Compact is enacted into law and entered into with all Indian nations, tribes and pueblos in the state legally joining in it by enactment of a resolution pursuant to the requirements of applicable tribal and federal law. The

compact is enacted and entered into in the form substantially as follows:

#### "INDIAN GAMING COMPACT

#### I NTRODUCTI ON

The State is a sovereign State of the United States of America, having been admitted to the Union pursuant to the Act of June 20, 1910, 36 Statutes at Large 557, Chapter 310, and is authorized by its constitution to enter into contracts and agreements, including this Compact, with the Tribe;

The Tribe is a sovereign federally recognized Indian tribe and its governing body has authorized the officials of the Tribe to enter into contracts and agreements of every description, including this Compact, with the State;

The Congress of the United States has enacted the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988, 25 U.S.C. §§ 2701-2721 (hereinafter "IGRA"), which permits Indian tribes to conduct Class III Gaming on Indian Lands pursuant to a tribal-state compact entered into for that purpose;

The Tribe owns or controls Indian Lands and by Ordinance has adopted rules and regulations governing Class III games played and related activities at any Gaming Facility;

The State and the Tribe, in recognition of the sovereign rights of each party and in a spirit of cooperation to promote the best interests of the citizens of the State and the members of the Tribe, have engaged in good faith negotiations

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recognizing and respecting the interests of each party and have agreed to this Compact.

NOW, THEREFORE, the State and the Tribe agree as follows:

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

SECTION 1. Purpose and Objectives.

The purpose and objectives of the State and the Tribe in making this Compact are as follows:

- A. To evidence the good will and cooperative spirit between the State and the Tribe;
- B. To continue the development of an effective governmentto-government relationship between the State and the Tribe;
- C. To provide for the regulation of Class III Gaming on Indian Lands as required by the IGRA;
- D. To fulfill the purpose and intent of the IGRA by providing for tribal gaming as a means of generating tribal revenues, thereby promoting tribal economic development, tribal self-sufficiency, and strong tribal government;
- E. To provide revenues to fund tribal government operations or programs, to provide for the general welfare of the tribal members and for other purposes allowed under the IGRA:
- F. To provide for the effective regulation of Class III Gaming in which the Tribe shall have the sole proprietary interest and be the primary beneficiary; and
- G. To address the State's interest in the establishment, .116065.1

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by the Tribe, of rules and procedures for ensuring that Class III Gaming is conducted fairly and honestly by the owners, operators, employees and patrons of any Class III Gaming enterprise on Indian Lands.

SECTION 2. Definitions.

For purposes of this Compact, the following definitions pertain:

- "Class III Gaming" means all forms of gaming as defined in 25 U.S.C. § 2703(8), and 25 C.F.R. § 502.4.
  - "Indian Lands" means:
- all lands within the exterior boundaries of the Tribe's reservation and its confirmed grants from prior sovereigns; or
- any other lands title to which is either held in trust by the United States for the exclusive benefit of the Tribe or a member thereof or is held by the Tribe or a member thereof subject to restrictions against alienation imposed by the United States, and over which the Tribe exercises jurisdiction and governmental authority.
- "Tribal Gaming Agency" means the tribal governmental agency which will be identified to the State Gaming Representative as the agency responsible for actions of the Tribe set out in the Compact. It will be the single contact with the State and may be relied upon as such by the State.
- "State Gaming Representative" means that person D. . 116065. 1

designated by the Governor of the State, who will be responsible for actions of the State set out in the Compact. The representative will be the single contact with the Tribe and may be relied upon as such by the Tribe. If the State Legislature enacts legislation to establish an agency of the State, such agency may assume the duties of the State Gaming Representative.

- E. "Compact" means this compact between the State and the Tribe.
- F. "Gaming Facility" means the buildings or structures in which Class III Gaming is conducted on Indian Lands.
- G. "Management Contract" means a contract within the meaning of 25 U.S.C. §§ 2710(d)(9) and 2711.
- H. "Management Contractor" means any person or entity that has entered into a Management Contract with the Tribe.
- I. "Ordinance" means the gaming ordinance and any amendments thereto adopted by the Tribal Council of the Tribe.
- J. "Tribe" means any Indian Tribe or Pueblo located within the State of New Mexico entering into this Compact as provided for herein.
  - K. "State" means the State of New Mexico.
- SECTION 3. Authorized Class III Gaming.

The Tribe may conduct, only on Indian Lands, subject to all of the terms and conditions of this Compact, any or all forms of casino-style gaming, including but not limited to slot machines and other forms of electronic gaming devices; all forms of .116065.1

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poker, blackjack and other casino-style card games, both banked and unbanked; roulette; craps; keno; wheel of fortune; pai gow; and other games played in casino settings, and any form of a lottery.

Subject to the foregoing, the Tribe shall establish, in its discretion, by tribal law, such limitations as it deems appropriate on the number and type of Class III Gaming conducted, the location of Class III Gaming on Indian Lands, the hours and days of operation, and betting and pot limits, applicable to such gaming.

SECTION 4. Regulation of Class III Gaming.

A. Tribal Gaming Agency. The Tribal Gaming Agency will assure that the Tribe will:

- operate all Class III Gaming pursuant to this Compact, tribal law, the IGRA and other applicable Federal law;
- provide for the physical safety of patrons in any Gaming Facility;
- provide for the physical safety of personnel employed by the gaming enterprise;
- provide for the physical safeguarding of assets transported to and from the Gaming Facility and cashier's cage department;
- 5. provide for the protection of the property of the patrons and the gaming enterprise from illegal

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- 6. participate in licensing of primary management officials and key employees of a Class III Gaming enterprise;
- 7. detain persons who may be involved in illegal acts for the purpose of notifying law enforcement authorities; and
- 8. record and investigate any and all unusual occurrences related to Class III Gaming within the Gaming Facility.
- B. Regulations. Without affecting the generality of the foregoing, the Tribe shall adopt laws:
  - prohibiting participation in any Class III Gaming
     by any person under the age of twenty-one (21);
  - 2. prohibiting the employment of any person as a key employee or primary management official in a position that is directly involved in Class III Gaming activities who is under the age of twenty-one (21) or who has not been licensed in accordance with Section 5, herein;
  - 3. prohibiting the play of any Class III Gaming for at least four (4) consecutive hours daily, Mondays through Thursdays (except federal holidays);
  - 4. prohibiting a gaming enterprise from cashing any paycheck or any type of government assistance

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- check, including Social Security, AFDC, pension and other such checks, for any patron;
- 5. requiring that, if feasible, automatic teller machines on Gaming Facility premises be programmed so that the machines will not accept cards issued by the State to AFDC recipients for access to AFDC benefits, and so that such machines limit the amount that a person may withdraw on a single day;
- 6. providing that each electronic or electromechanical gaming device in use at the Gaming Facility must pay out a mathematically demonstrable percentage of all amounts wagered, which must not be less than seventy-five percent (75%);
- 7. providing that within eighteen (18) months from the date on which this Compact takes effect, all gaming machines on the premises of the Gaming Facility will be connected to a central computerized reporting and auditing system on the Gaming Facility premises, which shall collect on a continual basis the activity of each gaming machine in use at the Gaming Facility, and that such data shall be electronically accessible to the State Gaming Representative upon entry of appropriate security codes;

- 8. prohibiting any gaming enterprise from offering free food or free alcoholic beverages to patrons;
- 9. requiring the gaming enterprise to spend an amount that is no less than one-quarter of one percent (.25%) of its net win as that term is defined herein annually to fund or support programs for the treatment and assistance of compulsive gamblers; and
- 10. governing any Management Contract regarding its
  Class III Gaming activity such that it conforms to
  the requirements of tribal law and the IGRA and
  the regulations issued thereunder.

The Tribal Gaming Agency will provide true copies of all tribal laws and regulations affecting Class III Gaming conducted under the provisions of this Compact to the State Gaming Representative within thirty (30) days after the effective date of this Compact, and will provide true copies of any amendments thereto or additional laws or regulations affecting gaming within thirty (30) days after their enactment (or approval, if any).

C. Audit and Financial Statements. The Tribal Gaming
Agency shall require all books and records relating to Class III
Gaming to be maintained in accordance with generally accepted
accounting principles. All such books and records shall be
retained for a period of at least six (6) years from the date of
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creation. Not less than annually, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall require an audit and a certified financial statement covering all financial activities of the gaming enterprise by an independent certified public accountant licensed by the State. The financial statement shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and shall be submitted to the Tribal Gaming Agency within one hundred twenty (120) days of the close of the Tribe's fiscal year. The Tribe will maintain the following records for not less than six (6) years:

- revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities and equity 1. for each Gaming Facility;
- 2. daily cash transactions for each Class III Gaming activity at each Gaming Facility, including but not limited to transactions relating to each gaming table bank, game drop box and gaming room bank:
- all markers, IOU's, returned checks, hold check or 3. other similar credit instruments;
- 4. individual and statistical game records (except card games) to reflect statistical drop and statistical win; for electronic, computer, or other technologically assisted games, analytic reports which show the total amount of cash wagered and the total amount of prizes won;
- contracts, correspondence and other transaction **5**.

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documents relating to all vendors and contractors;

- 6. records of all tribal gaming enforcement activities:
- 7. audits prepared by or on behalf of the Tribe; and
- 8. personnel information on all Class III Gaming employees or agents, including rotation sheets, hours worked, employee profiles and background checks.
- D. Violations. The agents of the Tribal Gaming Agency shall have unrestricted access to the Gaming Facility during all hours of Class III Gaming activity, and shall have immediate and unrestricted access to any and all areas of the Gaming Facility for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the provisions of this Compact and the Ordinance. The agents shall report immediately to the Tribal Gaming Agency any suspected violation of this Compact, the Ordinance, or regulations of the Tribal Gaming Agency by the gaming enterprise, Management Contractor, or any person, whether or not associated with Class III Gaming.
  - E. State Gaming Representative.
    - 1. Upon written request by the State to the Tribe, the Tribe will provide information on primary management officials, key employees and suppliers, sufficient to allow the State to conduct its own background investigations, as it may deem necessary, so that it may make an independent

determination as to the suitability of such individuals, consistent with the standards set forth in Section 5, hereinafter. The Tribe shall consider any information or recommendations provided to it by the State as to any such person or entity, but the Tribe shall have the final say with respect to the hiring or licensing of any such person or entity.

- 2. Notwithstanding that the Tribe has the primary responsibility to administer and enforce the regulatory requirements, the State Gaming Representative authorized in writing by the Governor of the State or by legislation duly enacted by the State Legislature shall have the right to inspect a Gaming Facility, Class III Gaming activity, and all records relating to Class III Gaming (including those set forth in Section 5, hereinafter) of the Tribe, subject to the following conditions:
  - (a) with respect to public areas of a Gaming Facility, at any time without prior notice during normal business hours;
  - (b) with respect to private areas of a Gaming

    Facility not accessible to the public, at any
    time during normal business hours, immediately

after notifying the gaming enterprise
management of his or her presence on the
premises and presenting proper identification,
and requesting access to such non-public areas
of the Gaming Facility;

- (c) with respect to inspection and copying of all management records relating to Class III

  Gaming, with forty-eight (48) hours prior written notice, not including weekends. The reasonable costs of copying will be borne by the State; and
- (d) whenever the State Gaming Representative, or his designee, enters the premises of the Gaming Facility for any such inspection, such Representative, or designee, shall identify himself to security or supervisory personnel of the Gaming Facility.
- 3. The financial information, proprietary ideas, plans, methods, data, development inventions or other proprietary information regarding the gaming enterprise of the Tribe, Class III Gaming conducted by the Tribe, or the operation thereof, which is provided to the State by the Tribe shall not be deemed public records as a matter of state law, and shall not be disclosed to any member of the public,

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without the prior written approval of a duly authorized representative of the Tribe. These prohibitions shall not be construed to prohibit:

- (a) the furnishing of any information to a law enforcement or regulatory agency of the Federal Government:
- (b) the State from making known the names of persons, firms, or corporations conducting Class III Gaming pursuant to the terms of this Compact, locations at which such activities are conducted, or the dates on which such activities are conducted;
- (c) publishing the terms of this Compact;
- (d) disclosing information as necessary to audit, investigate, prosecute or arbitrate violations of this Compact or other applicable laws or to defend suits against the State; and
- (e) complying with subpoenas or court orders issued by courts of competent jurisdiction.
- 4. To the fullest extent allowed by State law, the
  Tribe shall have the right to inspect State records
  concerning all Class III Gaming conducted by the
  Tribe; the Tribe shall have the right to copy such
  State records, with the Tribe bearing the
  reasonable cost of copying.

For every year or part thereof in which the Tribe is actually engaged in Class III Gaming hereunder, the Tribe shall reimburse the State for the actual costs the State incurs in carrying out any functions authorized by the terms of this Compact, in an amount not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) per year. All calculations of amounts due shall be based upon a fiscal year beginning October 1, and ending September 30, unless the parties select a different fiscal year. Payments due the State shall be made no later than sixty (60) days after the beginning of each fiscal Payments due the State during any partial fiscal year this Compact is in effect shall be adjusted to reflect only that portion of the fiscal Within sixty (60) days after each fiscal year in which this Compact is in effect, the State shall submit to the Tribe an accounting of actual costs incurred in carrying out any functions authorized by the terms of this Compact. amount of said twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) not expended by the State on said actual costs shall be returned to the Tribe by the State within sixty (60) days after the fiscal year or treated as a prepayment of the Tribe's obligation

- during the subsequent fiscal year.
- 6. In the event the State believes that the Tribe is not administering and enforcing the regulatory requirements set forth herein, it may invoke the procedures set forth in Section 7 of this Compact.
- F. The Tribe shall comply with all applicable provisions of the Bank Secrecy Act, P.L. 91-508, October 26, 1970, 31 U.S.C. §§ 5311-5314, and all reporting requirements of the Internal Revenue Service.
- SECTION 5. Licensing Requirements.
- A. License Required. The Gaming Facility operator, (but not including the Tribe) including its principals, primary management officials, and key employees, the Management Contractor and its principals, primary management officials, and key employees (if the Tribe hires a Management Contractor); any person, corporation, or other entity that has supplied or proposes to supply any gaming device to the Tribe or the Management Contractor; and any person, corporation or other entity providing gaming services within or without a Gaming Facility, shall apply for and receive a license from the Tribal Gaming Agency before participating in any way in the operation or conduct of any Class III Gaming on Indian Lands.
- B. License Application. Each applicant for a license shall file with the Tribal Gaming Agency a written application in the form prescribed by the Tribal Gaming Agency, along with . 116065.1

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the applicant's fingerprint card, current photograph and the fee required by the Tribal Gaming Agency.

1. The following Notice ("Privacy Act Notice") shall be placed on the application form for a principal, key employee or a primary management official before that form is filled out by an applicant:

"In compliance with the Privacy Act of 1974, the following information is provi ded: Solicitation of the information on this form is authorized by The purpose of 25 U. S. C. §§ 2701-2721. the requested information is to determine the eligibility of individuals to be employed in a gaming enterprise. information will be used by members and staff of the Tribal Gaming Agency and the National Indian Gaming Commission who have need for the information in the performance of their official duties. The information may be disclosed to appropriate federal, tribal, state, local or foreign law enforcement and regulatory agencies when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecutions or when, pursuant to a

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requirement by a Tribe, or the National Indian Gaming Commission, the information is relevant to the hiring or firing of an employee, the issuance or revocation of a gaming license or investigations of activities while associated with a Tribe or a gaming enterprise. Failure to consent to the disclosures indicated in this Notice will result in a Tribe being unable to hire you in a primary management official or key employee position with a tribal gaming enterprise. The disclosure of your Social Security Number (SSN) is voluntary. However, failure to supply an SSN may result in errors in processing your application."

- 2. Existing principals, key employees and primary management officials shall be notified, in writing, that they shall either:
  - (a) complete a new application form that contains a Privacy Act Notice; or
  - (b) sign a statement that contains the Privacy Act
    Notice and consent to the routine uses
    described in that Notice.
- 3. The following Notice ("False Statement Notice")

shall be placed on the application form for a principal, key employee or a primary management official before that form is filled out by an applicant:

"A false statement on any part of your application may be grounds for not hiring you or for firing you after you begin work. Also, you may be punished by fine or imprisonment. See 18 U.S.C. § 1001.".

- 4. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall notify, in writing, existing principals, key employees and primary management officials that they shall either:
  - (a) complete a new application form that contains a False Statement Notice; or
  - (b) sign a statement that contains the False Statement Notice.
- 5. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall request from each applicant, and from each principal, primary management official and key employee of each applicant, all of the following information:
  - (a) full name, other names used (oral or written), Social Security Number(s), birth date, place of birth, citizenship, gender and all languages spoken or written;
  - (b) currently, and for the previous ten (10)

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years, business and employment positions held, ownership interests in those businesses, business and residence addresses and driver's license numbers; provided, that any applicant who is a principal, primary management official, key employee, Management Contractor, manufacturer or supplier of gaming devices, and/or a person providing gaming services, must provide such information currently, and from the age of eighteen (18);

- (c) the names and current addresses of at least three (3) personal references, including one(1) personal reference who was acquainted with the applicant during each period of residence listed in Paragraph B. 5. (b) of this section;
- (d) current business and residence telephone numbers;
- (e) a description of any existing and previous business relationships with a Tribe, including ownership interests in those businesses, and a description of any potential or actual conflict of interests between such businesses and a Tribe;
- (f) a description of any existing and previous business relationships in the gaming industry,

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including, but not limited to, ownership
interests in those businesses;

- (g) the name and address of any licensing or regulatory agency with which the applicant has filed an application for a license or permit related to gaming, whether or not such license or permit was granted;
- (h) for each felony for which there is an ongoing prosecution or a conviction, the charge, the date of the charge, the name and address of the court involved and the disposition, if any;
- (i) for each misdemeanor for which there is an ongoing prosecution or conviction (excluding minor traffic violations), the charge, the date of the charge, the name and address of the court involved, and the disposition, if any;
- (j) for each criminal charge (excluding minor traffic charges), whether or not there is a conviction, if such criminal charge is not otherwise listed pursuant to Paragraph B. 5. (h) or B. 5. (i) of this Section, the criminal charge, the date of the charge, the name and address of the court involved and the

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disposition, if any;

- (k) the name and address of any licensing or regulatory agency with which the person has filed an application for an occupational license or permit, as an applicant, principal, primary management official or key employee, and whether or not such license or permit was granted;
- (1) a current photograph;
- (m) fingerprints, which shall be taken by officers of the tribal police department. Pursuant to a Memorandum of Understanding between the Tribe and the National Indian Gaming Commission ("Commission"), tribal police officers shall forward the fingerprint cards directly to the Commission;
- (n) the fee required by the Tribal Gaming Agency;and
- (o) any other information the Tribal Gaming Agency deems relevant.
- C. Background Investigations.
  - Upon receipt of a completed application and required fee for licensing, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall conduct or cause to be conducted a background investigation to ensure that the

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applicant is qualified for licensing.

- 2. Background checks of applicants will be performed pursuant to the following procedures:
  - (a) The Tribal Gaming Agency will provide applications to potential applicants upon request and shall collect and maintain the applications.
  - (b) Pursuant to a Memorandum of Understanding between the Tribe and the Commission, tribal police officers will collect fingerprints from all applicants and forward the fingerprint cards directly to the Commission. The Commission will obtain a criminal history record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation on each applicant and forward such information to the Tribal Gaming Agency.
  - (c) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall investigate the information provided in the applications. This investigation shall include:
    - (1) contacting persons or entities identified in the application and verifying by written or oral communication that the information contained in the application is accurate;
    - (2) interviewing a sufficient number of

knowledgeable people, such as former employers, partners, business associates, and others referred to in the application, to provide a basis for the Tribal Gaming Agency to make a determination concerning whether the applicant meets applicable eligibility requirements;

- (3) reviewing relevant financial records of the applicant for the three (3) years preceding the application; and
- (4) contacting any state, federal or other government agency that is referred to in the application.
- (d) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall document any information it obtains that calls into question whether the applicant would meet the eligibility requirements under the Ordinance. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall then document in detail the disposition of these problem areas, indicating the follow-up investigations performed on the problem areas and the result of such investigations.
- (e) The Tribal Gaming Agency will review the results of the investigation. This review

will include a determination as to the scope of the investigation and whether sufficient information was obtained and verified. If such information is found not sufficient, the Tribal Gaming Agency will perform additional investigations.

- (f) Once the investigation is complete, the Tribal Gaming Agency will decide whether the applicant meets the eligibility criteria under the Ordinance.
- 3. In conducting a background investigation, the
  Tribal Gaming Agency and its agents shall keep
  confidential the identity of each person
  interviewed in the course of the investigation.
- 4. Within twenty (20) days of the receipt of a completed application for licensing, and upon request of an applicant, the Tribal Gaming Agency may issue a temporary license to the applicant, unless the background investigation undertaken discloses that the applicant has a criminal history, or unless other grounds sufficient to disqualify the applicant are apparent on the face of the application. The temporary license shall become void and be of no effect upon either:
  - (a) the issuance of the license;

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- (b) the issuance of a notice of denial; or
- (c) ninety (90) days after the temporary license is issued, whichever occurs first.
- The Tribal Gaming Agency shall review a person's 5. prior activities, criminal record, if any, and reputation, habits and associations to make a finding concerning the eligibility or suitability of an applicant, or a principal, key employee or primary management official of an applicant, for employment or involvement in a gaming enterprise. After such consultation, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall either issue a license or deny the application. If the Tribal Gaming Agency determines that employment or involvement of the applicant poses a threat to the public interest or to the effective regulation of Class III Gaming or creates or enhances dangers of unsuitable, unfair or illegal practices, methods or activities in the conduct of Class III Gaming, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall deny the application.
- 6. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall retain the right to conduct additional background investigations of any person required to be licensed at any time while the license is valid.
- D. Procedure for Forwarding Applications and Reports.

Procedures for forwarding applications and investigative reports to the Commission and State Gaming Representative.

- 1. When a key employee or primary management official begins work at a gaming enterprise authorized by this Compact, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall forward to the Commission and the State Gaming Representative a completed application for employment.
- 2. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall forward the report referred to in Paragraph D. 4. of this section to the Commission and the State Gaming Representative within sixty (60) days after an employee begins work, or within sixty (60) days of the approval of this Compact by the Secretary of the Interior.
- A key employee or primary management official who does not have a license shall not be employed after ninety (90) days.
- 4. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall prepare and forward to the Commission and the State Gaming Representative a report on each background investigation ("Investigative Report"). An Investigative Report shall include all of the following:
  - (a) steps taken in conducting the background investigation;

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- (b) results obtained;
- (c) conclusions reached; and
- (d) the basis for those conclusions.
- 5. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall submit with the Investigative Report a copy of the eligibility determination made under Paragraph C. 5. of this section.
- 6. If a license is not issued to an applicant, the
  Tribal Gaming Agency shall notify the Commission
  and the State Gaming Representative.
- 7. With respect to principals, key employees and primary management officials, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall retain applications for employment and Investigative Reports (if any) for no less than three (3) years from the date of termination of employment.
- E. Granting a Gaming License.
  - 1. If within thirty (30) days after it receives an Investigative Report, neither the Commission nor the State Gaming Representative has notified the Tribal Gaming Agency that it has an objection to the issuance of a license pursuant to a license application filed by a principal, key employee or primary management official, the Tribal Gaming Agency may issue a license to such applicant.

- 2. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall respond to any request for additional information from the Commission or the State Gaming Representative concerning a principal, key employee or primary management official who is the subject of an Investigative Report. Such a request shall suspend the thirty-day (30-day) period under Paragraph E. 1. of this section until the Commission or the State Gaming Representative receives the additional information.
- 3. If, within the thirty-day (30-day) period described above, the Commission or the State Gaming Representative provides the Tribal Gaming Agency with a statement itemizing objections to the issuance of a license to a principal, key employee or primary management official for whom the Tribal Gaming Agency has provided an application and Investigative Report, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall reconsider the application, taking into account the objections itemized by the Commission and/or the State Gaming Representative, and make a final decision whether to issue a license to such applicant.
- F. Management Contract.
  - 1. If the Tribe chooses to enter into a Management

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Contract, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall require that all principals, primary management officials and key employees of the Management Contractor be licensed.

- 2. The Tribe may enter into a Management Contract only if the Management Contract:
  - (a) provides that all Class III Gaming covered by the Management Contract will be conducted in accordance with the IGRA, the Ordinance and this Compact;
  - (b) enumerates the responsibilities of each of the parties for each identifiable function, including:
    - (1) maintaining and improving the Gaming Facility;
    - (2) providing operating capital;
    - (3) establishing operating days and hours;
    - (4) hiring, firing, training and promoting employees;
    - (5) maintaining the gaming enterprise's books and records;
    - (6) preparing the gaming enterprise's financial statements and reports;
    - (7) paying for the services of the independent auditor engaged pursuant to

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### 25 C. F. R. § 571. 12;

- (8) hiring and supervising security
   personnel;
- (9) providing fire protection services;
- (10) setting an advertising budget and placing advertising;
- (11) paying bills and expenses;
- (12) establishing and administering employment practices;
- (13) obtaining and maintaining insurance coverage, including coverage of public liability and property loss or damage;
- (14) complying with all applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
- (15) paying the cost of public safety services; and
- (16) if applicable, supplying the Commission with all information necessary for the Commission to comply with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969.
- (c) provides for the establishment and maintenance of satisfactory accounting systems and procedures that shall, at a minimum:
  - (1) include an adequate system of internal

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controls;

- (2) permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (3) be susceptible to audit;
- (4) permit the calculation and payment of the Management Contractor's fee; and
- (5) provide for the allocation of operating expenses or overhead expenses among the Tribe, the Management Contractor and any other user of a shared Gaming Facility and services;
- (d) requires the Management Contractor to provide the Tribe, not less frequently than monthly, verifiable financial reports or all information necessary to prepare such reports;
- (e) requires the Management Contractor to provide immediate access to the Gaming Facility, including its books and records, by appropriate officials of the Tribe, who shall have:
  - (1) the right to verify the daily gross revenues and income from the gaming enterprise; and
  - $(2) \quad access \ to \ any \ other \ gaming-related$

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information the Tribe deems appropriate;

- (f) provides for a minimum guaranteed monthly payment to the Tribe in a sum certain that has preference over the retirement of development and construction costs;
- (g) provides an agreed upon maximum dollar amount for the recoupment of development and construction costs;
- (h) provides for a term not to exceed the period allowed by the IGRA;
- (i) details the method of compensating and reimbursing the Management Contractor. If a Management Contract provides for a percentage fee, such fee shall be either:
  - (1) not more than thirty percent (30%) of the net revenues of the gaming enterprise if the Chairman of the Commission determines that such percentage is reasonable considering the circumstances; or
  - (2) not more than forty percent (40%) of the net revenues if the Chairman of the Commission is satisfied that the capital investment required and income projections for the gaming enterprise require the additional fee;

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- (j) provides the grounds and mechanisms for modifying or terminating the Management Contract;
- (k) contains a mechanism to resolve disputes between:
  - (1) the Management Contractor and customers, consistent with the procedures in the Ordinance;
  - (2) the Management Contractor and the Tribe;
  - (3) the Management Contractor and the gaming enterprise employees;
- indicates whether and to what extent contract assignments and subcontracting are permissible;
- (m) indicates whether and to what extent changes in the ownership interest in the Management Contract require advance approval by the Tribe; and
- (n) states that the Management Contract shall not be effective unless and until it is approved by the Chairman of the Commission, date of signature of the parties notwithstanding.
- 3. The Tribe shall not enter into any Management

  Contract if the Tribal Gaming Agency determines

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that the Management Contractor or any principal, primary management official or key employee of the Management Contractor is not licensed or is ineligible to be licensed.

Confidentiality of Records. Any and all background investigative reports on employees or contractors, supporting documents acquired or generated in connection therewith, and any other investigative reports or documents acquired or generated in the course of investigations performed by the Tribe or the Tribal Gaming Agency, that are provided to the State Gaming Representative or any other agency or official of the State by the Tribal Gaming Agency or the Tribe pursuant to the provisions of this Compact, shall not be deemed public records of the State and shall not be disclosed to any member of the public without the prior express written authorization of an authorized representative of the Tribe; provided, that nothing herein shall preclude any State agency or official from providing information to a federal agency or official having responsibility relative to Indian Gaming or from compliance with any valid order of a court having jurisdiction.

SECTION 6. Providers of Class III Gaming Equipment or Devices or Supplies.

A. Within thirty (30) days after the effective date of this Compact, if it has not already done so, the Tribal Gaming Agency will adopt standards for any and all Class III Gaming . 116065.1

equipment, devices or supplies to be purchased, leased or otherwise acquired by the Tribe after the effective date of this Compact for use in any Gaming Facility, which standards shall be at least as strict as the comparable standards applicable to Class III Gaming equipment, devices or supplies within the State of Nevada. Any and all Class III Gaming equipment, devices or supplies acquired by the Tribe after the date of this Compact shall meet or exceed the standards thereby adopted, and any and all Class III Gaming equipment, devices or supplies used by the Tribe in its Gaming Facilities as of the effective date of this Compact shall be upgraded or replaced, if necessary, so as to comply with such standards, by no later than one (1) year after the effective date of this Compact.

- B. Prior to entering into any future lease or purchase agreement for Class III Gaming equipment, devices or supplies, the Tribe shall obtain sufficient information and identification from the proposed seller or lessor and all persons holding any direct or indirect financial interest in the lessor or the lease/purchase agreement to permit the Tribe to license those persons in accordance with Section 5, hereof.
- C. The seller, lessor, manufacturer or distributor shall provide, assemble and install all Class III Gaming equipment, devices or supplies in a manner approved and licensed by the Tribe.

SECTION 7. Dispute Resolution.

- A. In the event either party believes that the other party has failed to comply with or has otherwise breached any provision of this Compact, such party may invoke the following procedure:
  - 1. The party asserting noncompliance shall serve written notice on the other party. The notice shall identify the specific Compact provision believed to have been violated and shall specify the factual and legal basis for the alleged noncompliance. The notice shall specifically identify the date, time and nature of the alleged noncompliance. Representatives of the State and Tribe shall thereafter meet within thirty (30) days in an effort to resolve the dispute.
  - is not resolved to the satisfaction of such party within ninety (90) days after service of the notice set forth in Paragraph (A)(1) of this section, the complaining party may serve upon the other party a notice to cease conduct of the particular game(s) or activities alleged by the complaining party to be in noncompliance. Upon receipt of such notice, the responding party may elect to stop the game(s) or activities specified in the notice or invoke arbitration and continue the game(s) or activities

pending the results of arbitration. The responding party shall act upon one of the foregoing options within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from the complaining party.

3. Arbitration under this authority shall be conducted under the Commercial Arbitration Rules of the

- under the Commercial Arbitration Rules of the
  American Arbitration Association, except that the
  arbitrators shall be attorneys who are licensed
  members in good standing of the State Bar of New
  Mexico or of the bar of another state. The State
  will select one arbitrator, the Tribe a second
  arbitrator, and the two so chosen shall select a
  third arbitrator. If the third arbitrator is not
  chosen in this manner within ten (10) days after
  the second arbitrator is selected, the third
  arbitrator will be chosen in accordance with the
  rules of the American Arbitration Association.
- All parties shall bear their own costs of arbitration and attorney fees.
- 5. The results of arbitration shall be enforceable by an action for injunctive or mandatory injunctive relief against the State and the Tribe in any court of competent jurisdiction. For purposes of any such action, the State and the Tribe acknowledge that any action or failure to act on the part of

any agent or employee of the State or the Tribe, contrary to a decision of the arbitrators in an arbitration proceeding conducted under the provisions of this section, occurring after such decision, shall be wholly unauthorized and ultra vires acts, not protected by the sovereign immunity of the State or the Tribe.

B. Nothing in Subsection 7(A) shall be construed to waive, limit or restrict any remedy that is otherwise available to either party to enforce or resolve disputes concerning the provisions of this Compact. Nothing in this Compact shall be deemed a waiver of the Tribe's sovereign immunity. Nothing in this Compact shall be deemed a waiver of the State's sovereign immunity.

SECTION 8. Protection of Patrons.

A. Liability to Patrons. To ensure the personal safety and protection of patrons and other invitees of a Tribe's Gaming Facility operated under the provisions of this Compact, the Tribe shall at all times maintain in effect a policy of public liability insurance, insuring the Tribe, its agents and employees against any claims, demands or liability that may arise as a result of personal injury to any person (other than an employee of the gaming establishment) occurring anywhere on the premises of any gaming establishment operated by the Tribe under the provisions of this Compact, or as a result of any act

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or omission of any agent or employee of such gaming establishment while in the course of his or her employment, which policy shall provide personal injury coverage of no less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per injured person and ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) per occurrence.

The Tribe agrees that in the event of any claim made against it or its gaming enterprise, or any agent or employee thereof, arising out of any personal injury as described above, neither the Tribe nor its insurer will assert any defense of immunity from suit as to such claim for compensatory damages up to the amount of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per injured person, and ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) per occurrence, in any action filed in a court of competent jurisdiction to be tried to the court; provided, however, that this agreement not to assert such defense shall be strictly limited as provided herein, and shall not apply to any claim for punitive damages, or to any claim for which a jury trial is demanded, or to any claim for any loss or damage other than that arising from actual bodily injury or death, or to any claim for damages in excess of the amount set forth herein. Nothing herein shall be construed as stating or implying that the Tribe has waived or agreed not to assert its immunity from suit for any other purpose or in any other circumstance other than the limited purposes and circumstances expressly set forth herein, and nothing herein shall be construed as an admission of liability as to any claim

for damages or as an agreement or indication of willingness to pay any amount as damages absent a judicial determination of fault, and the Tribe or its insurer, or both, shall in every instance have the right to defend any such claim fully on the merits.

The Tribe shall provide to the State Gaming Representative annually a certificate of insurance showing that its gaming enterprise and its agents and employees engaged therein are insured to the extent and in the circumstances required by this section, or that it is self-insured to such extent and in such circumstances. If the State Gaming Representative so requests in writing, the certificate of insurance may be furnished directly to the State Gaming Representative from the insurance carrier or the insuring agency for the insured Tribe.

B. Public Health and Safety. The Tribe shall establish for its Gaming Facility health, safety and construction standards that are at least as stringent as the current editions of the National Electrical Code, the Uniform Building Code, the Uniform Mechanical Code, the Uniform Fire Code and the Uniform Plumbing Code, and any and all gaming facilities or additions thereto constructed by the Tribe hereafter shall be constructed and all facilities shall be maintained so as to comply with such standards. Inspections will be conducted with respect to these standards at least annually. If the State Gaming Representative requests sufficiently in advance of an annual inspection, the

State Gaming Representative may be present during such inspection. The Tribe agrees to correct any deficiencies noted in such inspections within a reasonable period of time. The Tribal Gaming Agency will provide copies of such inspection reports to the State Gaming Representative, if requested to do so in writing.

SECTION 9. Effective Date. This Compact shall be effective immediately upon the occurrence of the last of the following:

- A. execution by the Tribe's Governor after approval of the Tribal Council;
  - B. execution by the Governor of the State;
  - C. approval by the Secretary of the Interior; and
  - D. publication in the Federal Register.

The Governor is authorized to execute compacts with an individual Tribe that has also entered into revenue-sharing agreements and has passed resolutions described herein, in substantially the same form as set forth herein. Upon signature by the Governor and the Tribe, the Compact shall be transmitted to the Secretary of the Interior for approval.

SECTION 10. Criminal Jurisdiction.

The Tribe and the State acknowledge that under the provisions of § 23 of the IGRA, especially that portion codified at 18 U.S.C. § 1166(d), jurisdiction to prosecute violations of State gambling laws made applicable by that section to Indian country is vested exclusively within the United States, unless

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the Tribe and the State agree in a compact entered into the IGRA to transfer such jurisdiction to the State. The Tribe and the State hereby agree that, in the event of any violation of any State gambling law within the Indian Lands by any person who is not a member of the Tribe, the State shall have and may exercise jurisdiction, concurrent with that of the United States, to prosecute such person, under its laws and in its courts; provided, however, that this concurrent jurisdiction shall (1) not take effect unless and until the State, the Tribe and the Office of the United States Attorney for the District of New Mexico shall have entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with respect to the manner in which State, federal and tribal law enforcement agencies shall cooperate in the detection of violations, apprehension and detention of any suspected violator and the investigation and prosecution of any charges brought by the State pursuant to this section and (2) continue so long as the Memorandum of Understanding remains in effect.

SECTION 11. Binding Effect and Duration.

A. This Compact shall be binding upon the State and Tribe for a term of fifteen (15) years from the date it becomes effective and will automatically renew for an additional five-year (5-year) period.

B. Before the date that is one (1) year prior to the expiration of the fifteen-year (15-year) initial term, and/or before the date that is one year prior to the expiration of the .116065.1

five-year (5-year) renewal period, either party may serve written notice on the other of its desire to renegotiate this Compact.

- C. In the event that either party gives written notice to the other of its desire to renegotiate this Compact pursuant to Subsection (B) of this section, the Tribe may, pursuant to the procedures of the IGRA, request the State to enter into negotiations for a new compact governing the conduct of Class III Gaming. If the parties are unable to conclude a successor compact, this Compact shall remain in full force and effect in accordance with its terms pending exhaustion of the administrative and judicial remedies set forth in the IGRA and any other applicable federal law.
- D. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at any time while this Compact remains in effect, either party may, by written notice to the other party, request reopening of negotiations with respect to any provision of this Compact, or with respect to any issue not addressed in the Compact, specifying such provision or issue in such notice. No such request shall be unreasonably refused, but neither party shall be required to agree to any change in the Compact, and no agreement to supplement or amend this Compact in any respect shall have any validity until the same shall have been approved in writing by the Tribe, the State and the Secretary of the Interior and notice of such approval published in the Federal Register.

E. The Tribe may operate Class III Gaming only while this Compact or any renegotiated compact is in effect.

SECTION 12. Severability.

In the event that any section or provision of this Compact is held invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, it is the intent of the parties that the remaining sections or provisions of this Compact, and any amendments thereto, shall continue in full force and effect.

SECTION 13. Notice to Parties.

Unless otherwise indicated, all notices, payments, requests, reports, information or demand that any party hereto may desire or may be required to give to the other party hereto, shall be in writing and shall be personally delivered or sent by first-class mail sent to the other party at the address provided in writing by the other party. Every notice, payment, request, report, information or demand so given shall be deemed effective upon receipt or, if mailed, upon receipt or the expiration of the third day following the day of mailing, whichever occurs first, except that any notice of change of address shall be effective only upon receipt by the party to whom said notice is addressed.

SECTION 14. Entire Agreement.

This Compact is the entire agreement between the parties and supersedes all prior agreements, whether written or oral, with respect to the subject matter hereof. Neither this Compact . 116065.1

nor any provision herein may be changed, waived, discharged or terminated orally, but only by an instrument, in writing, signed by the Tribe and the State and approved by the Secretary of the Interior.

SECTION 15. Filing of Compact with State Records Center.

Upon the effective date of this Compact, a copy shall be filed by the Governor with the New Mexico Records Center. Any subsequent amendment or modification of this Compact shall be filed with the New Mexico Records Center.

SECTION 16. Counterparts.

This Compact may be executed by the parties in any number of separate counterparts with the same effect as if the signatures were upon the same instrument. All such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same document."

Section 2. [NEW MATERIAL] REVENUE SHARING OF TRIBAL

GAMING REVENUE. -- The governor is authorized to execute a revenue-sharing agreement in the form substantially set forth in this section with any New Mexico Indian nation, tribe or pueblo that has also entered into an Indian gaming compact as provided by law. Execution of an Indian gaming compact is conditioned upon execution of a revenue-sharing agreement. The consideration for the Indian entity entering into the revenue-sharing agreement is the condition of the agreement providing limited exclusivity of gaming activities to the tribal entity. The revenue-sharing agreement shall be in substantially the

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following form and is effective when executed by the governor on behalf of the state and the appropriate official of the Indian entity:

### "REVENUE- SHARING AGREEMENT

- Summary and consideration. The Tribe shall agree to contribute certain of its Class III Gaming revenues, as described below.
- 2. Revenue to State. The parties agree that, after the effective date hereof, the Tribe shall make semi-annual payments to the General Fund of the State ("State General Fund").
  - 3. Calculation of Revenue to State.

A. The parties agree that, as used herein, "net win" is defined as the total amount wagered at each Gaming Facility on Class III Gaming, which is protected by the limitations in Paragraph 5, below, and elsewhere herein, minus the total amount paid as prizes (including noncash prizes) and winning wagers at said games, and minus all tribal regulatory fees and expenses, supported by reasonable, adequate documentation, not to exceed Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000) per year and minus federal and State regulatory fees and expenses, and taxes.

- B. The total revenue the Tribe will pay to the State in the aggregate pursuant to Paragraph 3, above, shall be determined as follows:
  - (1) three percent (3%) of the first four million dollars (\$4,000,000) of net win at each Gaming

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Facility derived annually from Class III Gaming, which is protected by the limitations herein;

- (2) five percent (5%) of the next six million dollars (\$6,000,000) of net win at each Gaming Facility derived annually from Class III Gaming, which is protected by the limitations herein; and/or
- (3) eight percent (8%) of the net win over ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) at each gaming facility derived annually from Class III Gaming, which is protected by the limitations provided herein.
- C. For purposes of these payments, all calculations of amounts due shall be based upon a calendar year beginning January 1 and ending December 31, unless the parties agree on a different fiscal year. The semiannual payments due to the State pursuant to these terms shall be paid no later than twenty-five (25) days after December 31 and June 30 of each year (or commensurate dates if the fiscal year agreed upon is different from the calendar year). Any payments due and owing from the Tribe in the year the Compact is approved, or the final year the Compact is in force, shall reflect the net win, but only for the portion of the year the Compact is in effect.
- 4. Limitations. The Tribe's obligation to make the payments provided for in Paragraphs 2 and 3 of this section shall apply and continue only so long as there is a binding Indian Gaming Compact in effect between the Tribe and the State, .116065.1

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which Compact provides for the play of Class III Gaming, but shall terminate in the event of any of the following conditions:

A. If the State passes, amends, or repeals any law, or takes any other action, which would directly or indirectly attempt to restrict, or has the effect of restricting, the scope of Indian gaming.

If the State permits any expansion of nontribal Class III Gaming in the State. Notwithstanding this general prohibition against permitted expansion of gaming activities, the State may permit: (1) the enactment of a State lottery, (2) any fraternal, veterans or other nonprofit membership organization to operate such electronic gaming devices lawfully, but only for the benefit of such organization's members, (3) limited fundraising activities conducted by nonprofit tax exempt organizations pursuant to Section 30-19-6 NMSA 1978, and (4) any horse ractracks to operate electronic gaming devices on days on which live or simulcast horse racing occurs. "Simul cast horse racing" means live broadcasting of horse races occurring at horseracing tracks elsewhere within New Mexico. However, for any day on which electronic gaming devices are permitted to be operated under this provision at any horse racetracks located within one hundred fifty (150) miles of a Gaming Facility owned by the Tribe, one-half (1/2) of the net win derived from electronic gaming devices at such Gaming Facility for such day would be exempt from any revenue-sharing obligation under the

provisions of this Agreement (except if electronic gaming devices are operated at such horse racetracks for more than twelve (12) hours on any such day, all of the Tribe's revenues from electronic gaming devices on such day shall be exempt from any revenue-sharing obligation under the provisions of this Agreement); and provided further that there will be no exemption from State taxes imposed on the operation of electronic gaming devices for those devices operated at horse racetracks.

### 5. Effect of Variance.

A. In the event the acts or omissions of the State cause the Tribe's obligation to make payments under Paragraph 3 of this section to terminate under the provisions of Paragraph 4 of this section, such cessation of obligation to pay will not adversely affect the validity of the Compact, but the maximum amount that the Tribe agrees to reimburse the State for actual documented regulatory costs under the Compact shall automatically increase to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per year.

B. In the event a Tribe's revenue-sharing payment to the State is less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per year, the maximum amount that the Tribe agrees to reimburse the State for actual documented regulatory costs under the Compact shall automatically increase to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per year less the amount of the revenue-sharing payment.

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- 6. Third-Party Beneficiaries. This Agreement is not intended to create any third-party beneficiaries and is entered into solely for the benefit of the Tribe and the State."
- Section 3. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE. -- Sections 3 through 26 of this act may be cited as the "Video Gambling Act".
- Section 4. [NEW MATERIAL] AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE. -- The purpose of the Video Gambling Act is to make lawful and regulate the conduct and operation of certain electronic video games of chance by certain nonprofit organizations and racetracks.
- Section 5. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS. -- As used in the Video Gambling Act:
- "director" means the director of the alcohol and gaming division of the regulation and licensing department;
- В. "distributor" means a person who sells, offers for sale or furnishes to another person a video gambling machine;
- C. "division" means the alcohol and gaming division of the regulation and licensing department;
- "fraternal organization" means any organization within the state that is not organized for pecuniary profit, is a branch, lodge or chapter of a national or state organization, exists for the common business, brotherhood or other interests of its members and has existed in New Mexico for at least three years immediately prior to making application for a license pursuant to the Video Gambling Act, but "fraternal organization" does not include college and high school fraternities or

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- "gross receipts" means the total amount of money Ε. or the value of other consideration received from selling, renting, leasing or distributing a video gambling machine, but in an exchange in which the money or other consideration received does not represent the value of the property exchanged, "gross receipts" means the reasonable value of the property exchanged as determined by the director;
- "licensee" means the holder of any license issued pursuant to the Video Gambling Act;
- "liquor establishment" means a person licensed pursuant to Section 60-6A-3 NMSA 1978 to dispense alcoholic beverages, has permanent seating capacity for no fewer than thirty patrons on the premises licensed pursuant to that section and serves beer, wine and spirituous liquors;
- H. "manufacturer" means a person that assembles, from parts or raw materials, a video gambling machine;
- Ι. "net drop" means the amount wagered on a video gambling machine less the amounts paid as winnings on the machi ne:
- J. "operate" means to possess or maintain any video gambling machine for the purpose of allowing a person to play it;
  - "person" means an individual or other entity; K.
- L. "play" means to activate a video gambling machine . 116065. 1

and to manipulate or work it for the purpose of trying to win money, prizes or other consideration;

M. "racetrack" means a facility or person licensed

M. "racetrack" means a facility or person licensed by the state racing commission to conduct horse racing within this state:

- N. "veterans' organization" means any organization within this state or any branch, lodge or chapter of a national or state organization within this state that is organized not for pecuniary profit, the membership of which consists entirely of individuals who were members of the armed services of the United States, and which has been in existence in New Mexico for at least three years immediately prior to its making application for a license under the Video Gambling Act; and
- 0. "video gambling machine" means an electronic device, except amusement-type video game machines not operated by a licensee that are commonly used for amusement only and only pay out tickets or credits that may only be exchanged for merchandise of insignificant value, that:
- upon payment of any consideration simulates
   the play of any game of chance;
- (2) utilizes a video display and microprocessors; and
- (3) by chance or through some combination of chance and skill dispenses or the player may otherwise receive cash, coins, tokens, free gambling or credits that can be .116065.1

redeemed for cash, coins, tokens, prizes or other consideration.

Section 6. [NEW MATERIAL] PROHIBITION AGAINST
UNAUTHORIZED ACTS RELATING TO VIDEO GAMBLING. -- Except as
provided pursuant to a valid Indian gaming compact between the
state and an Indian nation, tribe or pueblo in effect and except
as provided pursuant to Section 30-19-6 NMSA 1978, no person
shall manufacture, import, sell, lease, rent, distribute,
operate, participate in the operation of or conduct an activity
using a video gambling machine without having first obtained an
appropriate license issued by the division pursuant to the Video
Gambling Act.

Section 7. [NEW MATERIAL] LICENSING--GENERAL PROVISIONS.--

- A. A license may be issued only in accordance with the provisions of the Video Gambling Act.
- B. An applicant for a license or a licensee shall produce records or evidence and give all information requested by the director. An applicant or licensee shall not interfere or attempt to interfere with any investigation by the director.
- C. The director shall investigate the qualifications of an applicant for a license and shall investigate the conditions existing in the community in which the premises for which a license is sought is located before the license is issued so that a license is not issued to a person or for a location if the issuance is prohibited by law or contrary to the .116065.1

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public health or safety.

- D. No license shall be issued to a person that:
  - (1) has been convicted of a felony; or
- (2) has as a majority shareholder, director or officer a person who has been convicted of a felony.
- E. A licensee shall not employ in a position having authority to conduct or supervise video gambling for the licensee a person that has been convicted of a felony.
- F. An applicant that is a proprietor shall file with an application two complete sets of his fingerprints. An applicant that is a general partnership shall file with an application two complete sets of fingerprints of all general partners.
- G. If the applicant is a limited partnership, it shall file two complete sets of fingerprints for each general partner and for each limited partner contributing ten percent or more of the total value of contributions made to the limited partnership or entitled to ten percent or more of the profits earned or other compensation by way of income paid by the limited partnership.
- H. If the applicant is a limited liability company, it shall file two complete sets of fingerprints for each manager or member with management responsibilities.
- I. If the applicant is a corporation, it shall file two complete sets of fingerprints for a stockholder holding ten . 116065.1

percent or more of the outstanding stock, principal officer, director and the agent responsible for the operation of the licensed business.

- J. Fingerprints taken pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be taken under the supervision of and certified to by an officer of the New Mexico state police, a county sheriff or a municipal chief of police.
- K. The director may exchange identification records and information with law enforcement agencies for official use. Any identification records received from the United States department of justice, including identification records based on fingerprints, shall be used only for licensing purposes and to achieve compliance with the provisions of the Video Gambling Act. The department shall not disseminate information obtained pursuant to the provisions of this subsection except to law enforcement agencies for official use only.
- L. An application for the issuance of a license or annual renewal of a license shall be accompanied by a fee in the following amounts:
- (1) for manufacturer licensees, the initial license fee shall be fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) and the annual renewal fee shall be one thousand dollars (\$1,000); and
- (2) for racetrack licensees, video gambling machine licensees, a liquor establishment licensee and distributor licensees, the initial license fee and the annual .116065.1

renewal fee shall be one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

M The director shall prescribe the requirements for and contents of each application, consistent with the provisions of the Video Gambling Act.

- N. Licenses issued pursuant to the Video Gambling Act shall expire on June 30 of each year and may be renewed upon proper application and payment of the required application fee. If a license expires, the licensee shall cease all activities subject to licensure until the license is renewed.
- 0. A licensee has no vested property right in a license. It is the property of the state. Licenses issued pursuant to the provisions of the Video Gambling Act are not subject to sale, lease, devise, transfer, assignment, execution, attachment, a security transaction, liens or receivership.

Section 8. [NEW MATERIAL] VIDEO GAMBLING MACHINE LICENSE. --

- A. A license may be issued to a fraternal organization or veterans' organization to own or operate, or both, video gambling machines for which permits have been issued by the director.
- B. A video gambling machine licensee may install and operate video gambling machines only at the location stated in its application and approved by the director.
- C. No person other than an active member of a veterans' organization or a fraternal organization that is a .116065.1

video gambling machine licensee and bona fide guests of that member may play video gambling machines operated by the video gambling machine licensee.

- D. A video gambling machine licensee shall report information required by division regulations to the division every three months. Forms for reporting shall be prescribed and furnished by the director.
- E. A video gambling machine licensee shall not purchase, lease or otherwise acquire a video gambling machine except from a distributor licensee.
- F. No more than one video gambling machine for every twenty members of a video gambling machine licensee, not to exceed twenty-five machines per organization, shall be permitted by the director or operated by the licensee.

# Section 9. [NEW MATERIAL] RACETRACK LICENSE. --

- A. A license may be issued to a racetrack to own or operate, or both, video gambling machines for which permits have been issued by the director.
- B. A racetrack licensee may install and operate video gambling machines only at the location stated in its application and approved by the director.
- C. A racetrack licensee shall not operate or allow a person to play a video gambling machine at the racetrack except in accordance with the following provisions:
- $\hbox{ (1)} \quad a \ \ vi \ deo \ gambling \ machine \ shall \ not \ be$  . 116065. 1

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operated or played except on days that the racetrack is holding a live formal race meet or simulcasting New Mexico horse race meets authorized by the state racing commission and only during the periods of time authorized by the commission but not to exceed twelve consecutive hours on a day;

- **(2)** members of the public patronizing the racetrack, except minors, may play video gambling machines operated by the racetrack licensee; and
- only racetrack employees may operate video gambling machines at the racetrack.
- A racetrack licensee shall report information required by division regulations to the division every three Forms for reporting shall be prescribed and furnished by the director.
- A racetrack licensee shall not purchase, lease or Ε. otherwise acquire a video gambling machine except from a distributor licensee.

Section 10. [NEW MATERIAL] LIQUOR ESTABLISHMENT LI CENSE. - -

- A license may be issued to a liquor establishment to own or operate, or both, video gambling machines for which permits have been issued by the director.
- A liquor establishment licensee shall only operate В. or allow a person to play a video gambling machine on premises identified in the license issued to him pursuant to the Liquor . 116065. 1

Control Act during the hours in which alcoholic beverages may be served.

- C. A liquor establishment licensee shall report information required by division regulations to the division every three months. Forms for reporting shall be prescribed and furnished by the director.
- D. A liquor establishment licensee shall not purchase, lease or otherwise acquire a video gambling machine except from a distributor licensee.
- E. No more than five video gambling machines shall be issued permits by the director to be located on the premises of a liquor establishment licensee or operated by the liquor establishment licensee.

# Section 11. [NEW MATERIAL] MANUFACTURER LICENSE. --

- A. A license may be issued to a person desiring to manufacture video gambling machines in this state.
- B. A person shall not manufacture video gambling machines in this state without a license issued to the manufacturer by the director.
- C. Each licensed manufacturer shall report information required by division regulations to the division every three months. Forms for reporting shall be prescribed and furnished by the director.
- D. A licensed manufacturer shall not sell a video gambling machine to or solicit the purchase of a video gambling . 116065.1

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machine by a person other than a licensed distributor.

E. A licensed manufacturer shall not operate, receive for resale or participate either directly or indirectly in the operation or resale of a video gambling machine.

# Section 12. [NEW MATERIAL] DISTRIBUTOR LICENSE. --

- A. A license may be issued to a person desiring to distribute video gambling machines in this state.
- B. A person shall not distribute video gambling machines in this state without a license issued by the director.
- C. A licensed distributor shall not distribute a video gambling machine except to racetrack, liquor establishment or video gambling licensees.
- D. A licensed distributor shall report information required by division regulations to the division every three months. Forms for reporting shall be prescribed and furnished by the director.
- E. A licensed distributor shall not operate or participate either directly or indirectly in the operation of any video gambling machine.

## Section 13. [NEW MATERIAL] RULES AND REGULATIONS. --

A. The director may adopt reasonable rules and regulations necessary to implement the Video Gambling Act. Except for emergency regulations adopted pursuant to the provisions of Subsection B of this section, no rule or regulation affecting any person outside the division shall be .116065.1

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adopted, amended or repealed without a public hearing on the proposed action before the director or a hearing officer designated by him. The public hearing shall be held in Santa Fe. Notice of the subject matter of the proposed action, the date, time and place of the public hearing, the manner in which an interested person may present his views and the method by which copies of the proposed regulation, amendment or repeal may be obtained shall be published once at least thirty days prior to the hearing date in a newspaper of general circulation. All regulations shall be filed in accordance with the State Rules Act.

В. If the director determines that an emergency exists that requires immediate action to implement or enforce the provisions of the Video Gambling Act, he may adopt, amend or repeal a regulation without notice and hearing and the emergency action shall become effective immediately upon its filing under the State Rules Act. The emergency adoption, amendment or repeal of a regulation shall not continue in effect longer than forty-five days unless within that time the director commences proceedings to take the action by issuing the notice required in Subsection A of this section. If the director commences proceedings by issuing notice, the emergency adoption, amendment or repeal of a regulation shall remain in effect until a permanent action takes effect or until the procedures are otherwise completed.

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- C. Regulations adopted by the director may provide for the following:
- (1) any reasonable reporting requirements in addition to those set forth in the Video Gambling Act;
- (2) required provisions in purchase or leasing contracts relating to video gambling machines;
- (3) appropriate security measures providing for the safety of participants in the conduct of video gambling;
- (4) the contents of and process for applications for licenses or permits pursuant to the Video Gambling Act;
- (5) electronic fund transfers from licensees of taxes owed to the state as provided herein, and trust accounts for the collection and maintenance of those funds; and
- (6) other rules and regulations that are consistent with the provisions of the Video Gambling Act and provide for the integrity, honesty and security of the conduct of video gambling activities by a licensee.
- D. The division shall adopt by regulation mechanical and electronic standards for video gambling machines ensuring the integrity, honesty and security of the machines. The standards shall not be more lenient than those applied to similar machines in lawful use within the United States by any other jurisdiction regulating the conduct of video gambling.
- Section 14. [NEW MATERIAL] CONTRACT WITH NEW MEXICO

  LOTTERY AUTHORITY. -- The division shall enter into a contract

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with the New Mexico lottery authority to conduct the monitoring of video gambling machines, including receiving and transmitting information required by the Video Gambling Act to the division by the authority. The contract shall allow the authority to electronically disable any video gambling machine that is not operated in compliance with the Video Gambling Act upon request from the division. The contract is not subject to the provisions of the Procurement Code, and may provide for the compensation agreed to by the division and the authority.

Section 15. [NEW MATERIAL] PERMITS REQUIRED FOR VIDEO GAMBLING MACHINES. --

A. A licensee that intends to operate a video gambling machine shall file an application with the division for a permit for each video gambling machine purchased, leased or otherwise acquired by the licensee within twenty days of purchasing, leasing or otherwise acquiring the machine. The application shall be on forms prescribed and furnished by the director. The division shall not issue a permit for any machine that has not been tested in accordance with the provisions of the Video Gambling Act or does not comply with standards adopted by the division by regulation.

- B. An application for a permit shall be accompanied by a permit fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) per machine.
- C. The division shall issue a permit number for a machine based upon compliance with all applicable provisions of .116065.1

the Video Gambling Act and upon filing a properly completed application along with the required permit fee for the machine, but the director may refuse to issue a permit for a specific machine if he believes that the machine is inaccurate, unreliable or will not be operated in accordance with the provisions of the Video Gambling Act or regulations adopted pursuant to that act.

- D. A video gambling machine shall not be operated and a person shall not play a video gambling machine unless the licensee has a current permit to operate the machine.
- E. An application for a permit shall provide information required by regulations adopted by the director.
- F. A licensee shall place a video gambling machine into operation within ten days of issuance of the permit for that machine. If the machine is not placed into operation within ten days, the permit shall be canceled by the director.

Section 16. [NEW MATERIAL] VIDEO GAMBLING MACHINE TESTING
AND INSPECTION. --

- A. A permit shall not be issued for a video gambling machine unless it is first tested and certified for accuracy and reliability by an independent testing laboratory approved by the director. The costs of the testing shall be paid by the licensee that proposes to operate the machine.
- B. No video gambling machine may be operated if it, or the software used to control its electronic functions, has .116065.1

been modified in any way without having been tested after the modification and certified for accuracy and reliability by an independent testing laboratory approved by the director.

C. A video gambling machine and the premises at which it is being operated or played shall be open to inspection at all times by the director, his authorized employees or any law enforcement officer. Whenever the director or any law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that any video gambling machine was obtained from an unlicensed manufacturer or distributor, is being operated by an unlicensed person, is being operated without a permit or otherwise fails to meet the requirements of the Video Gambling Act or regulations adopted pursuant to that act, he shall remove and impound the video gambling machine for the purpose of testing and detention and shall retain possession of the machine until otherwise ordered by a district court.

Section 17. [NEW MATERIAL] CONDUCT OF VIDEO MACHINE
GAMBLING. --

- A. A licensee shall not allow access to a video gambling machine for the purpose of play by a person who has not reached his twenty-first birthday.
- B. Except for video gambling machines located on the premises of a racetrack licensee or a liquor establishment licensee, a licensee shall not allow access to a video gambling machine for the purpose of play by a person who is not a bona . 116065.1

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fide member of the licensee or a bona fide guest of the member.

- A video gambling machine for which a permit has been issued by the division may be located and operated on a liquor premises licensed pursuant to the Liquor Control Act if the person holding the liquor license is also a video gambling machine licensee or a liquor establishment licensee.
- If a video gambling machine fails to meet specifications and requirements of the Video Gambling Act or a regulation adopted pursuant to that act after a permit is issued, the licensee shall remove the machine from public access immediately and not operate it until it has been adjusted to meet all requirements.
- All tables displaying prizes or awards shall be prominently displayed on a video gambling machine operated by a A licensee may establish house rules regulating the licensee. operation or conduct of video gambling machines if the rules do not conflict with provisions of the Video Gambling Act or a regulation adopted pursuant to that act.
- A licensee operating a video gambling machine shall display on each machine, or in a conspicuously visible place, the telephone number of the division that can be called to report device malfunctions or complaints.
- Section 18. [NEW MATERIAL] VIDEO GAMBLING MACHINE REQUIREMENTS -- MONITORING. --
- Prior to operation, a licensee, at his own . 116065. 1

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expense, shall connect each video gambling machine to existing telecommunications lines and systems and ensure that the video gambling machine is capable of providing the following information to the division or its contractor through a data report or detailed tape:

- (1) the time of day in hours and minutes in which the video gambling machine is in operation;
  - (2) the location of the video gambling machine;
- (3) the number of the pool of tickets or deal and the size of the pool;
- (4) the serial and permit numbers of the video gambling machine;
- (5) the cumulative amount of money inserted into the video gambling machine at any given time;
- (6) the amount of money contained in the video gambling machine at a given time;
- (7) the amount of money, credits or other consideration paid to players by the video gambling machine at any given time;
- (8) the version number of the software running on the gambling machine; and
- (9) other information required by regulations adopted by the director.
- B. A video gambling machine shall contain a printer that is capable of printing a performance synopsis of the .116065.1

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gambling played and that creates an exact and identical copy of all items printed that is retained inside the video gambling A video gambling machine shall have electronic and The printer inside the video gambling mechanical meters. machine shall be capable of printing the information on the meters.

- C. The main logic board and the printed circuit board of a video gambling machine containing gambling erasable program read-only memories shall be isolated in a locked area of the The memories shall be sealed to the video gambling machine. board by the manufacturer using a process approved by the The sealing shall be of a type that permits field examination of the memories and effective resealing after exami nati on.
- A video gambling machine shall have a nonremovable D. serial number plate that provides at least the following information:
- **(1)** the permit number issued by the division; and
- the manufacturer's name, date of manufacture (2)and manufacturer's serial number.
- E. Access to a video gambling machine shall be controlled through locks.
- A video gambling machine shall have surge protection and battery backup systems and shall pass a static . 116065. 1

discharge test of at least forty thousand volts.

- G. A video gambling machine shall allow for random play and winning.
- H. Each video gambling machine shall be capable of being deactivated by an electronic signal generated by the division or its contractor.

Section 19. [NEW MATERIAL] TESTING, AUDITING AND SEIZURE
OF VIDEO GAMBLING MACHINES. --

A. The director may by written directive require a licensee, at the licensee's expense, to have a video gambling machine manufactured, distributed, owned, leased or operated by that licensee tested for reliability and accuracy by an independent laboratory approved or designated by the director. No video gambling machine may be operated or distributed by a licensee until it has been tested and the director is satisfied that the video gambling machine is accurate and reliable based upon the results of the test.

- B. The director or his designated agents or contractors may, without advance notice to the licensee, audit or test the operation of a video gambling machine to ensure reliability and accuracy. A licensee shall allow access to its video gambling machines and its premises by the director or his designated agents or contractors immediately upon request.
- C. The director or his designated agents or contractors may audit all records of a licensee, whether or not .116065.1

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they are in the licensee's possession, to ensure compliance with the provisions of the Video Gambling Act or regulations adopted pursuant to the provisions of that act. A licensee requested to produce records relating to its video gambling machine activities by the director, his designated agents or contractors, shall do so immediately upon request.

D. The director may seize or seal a video gambling machine, and he may order a licensee to cease operating a video gambling machine, without prior notice if the director believes that the licensee is violating any provision of the Video Gambling Act or a regulation adopted pursuant to the provisions He also may take the foregoing actions if a machine is not accurate or reliable or has been changed or modified in any manner not approved by the director.

Section 20. [NEW MATERIAL] DENIAL, SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF LICENSE. --

The director may refuse to issue or renew a license or suspend or revoke a license, and he may fine a licensee in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per incident, or both, upon a finding that the applicant or licensee or any member, officer, director, employee or agent of the applicant or licensee has:

- violated any provision of the Video Gambling Act or a regulation adopted pursuant to that act;
- provided false or misleading information to **(2)** . 116065. 1

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the director;

- (3) been convicted of a felony or any gamblingrelated offense:
- (4) modified or changed any video gambling machine so as to endanger or compromise its accuracy, security or reliability;
- (5) engaged in dishonest or deceptive practices with respect to its video gambling machine activities; or
- (6) conducted its video gambling activities in a manner that may be considered a public nuisance.
- B. When the director contemplates taking an action against an applicant or licensee to refuse to issue or renew or to revoke or suspend a license or impose a fine, he shall serve written notice upon the applicant or licensee containing the following:
- (1) a statement that the director has sufficient evidence that, if not rebutted or explained, will justify the director in taking the contemplated action;
- $\mbox{(2)} \quad \mbox{a statement indicating the general nature of}$  the evidence; and
- (3) a statement advising the applicant or licensee that unless the applicant or licensee within twenty days after service of the notice delivers a written request for hearing to the director, the director will take the contemplated action.

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- C. If the applicant or licensee does not deliver a request for hearing within the time required by Paragraph (3) of Subsection B of this section, the director may take the action contemplated in the notice, and that action is final and not subject to judicial review.
- D. If the applicant or licensee delivers a request for hearing within the time required by Paragraph (3) of Subsection B of this section, the director shall, within twenty days of receipt of the request, notify the applicant or licensee of the time and place of hearing and the name of the person who shall conduct the hearing for the director. The hearing shall be held not more than sixty and not less than fifteen days from the date of service of the notice of hearing.
- Ε. Hearings held pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be:
  - (1) in Santa Fe:
- (2)conducted by the director or by a hearing officer appointed by the director; and
  - (3) open to the public.
- A licensee or applicant entitled to and requesting a hearing has the right to be represented by counsel, to present all relevant evidence, to examine all opposing witnesses, and to have subpoenas issued by the director to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents.
- The director or hearing officer may impose G. . 116065. 1

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appropriate evidentiary sanctions against a party who fails to provide discovery or to comply with a subpoena.

- The director or hearing officer shall cause a complete record to be made of all evidence received during the course of a hearing.
- Ι. After a hearing has been completed, the director shall render his decision as soon as is practicable.
- J. An applicant or licensee that is aggrieved by an adverse decision of the director may obtain a review of the decision in the district court of Santa Fe county by filing with the court a petition for review within twenty days after the date of service of the decision. Failure to file a petition for review in the manner and within the time stated shall operate as a waiver of the right to judicial review and shall result in the decision of the director becoming final.
- K. Upon the review of a decision of the director, the court shall affirm the decision of the director unless it finds that the substantial rights of the petitioner have been prejudiced because the decision was in violation of constitutional provisions; in excess of the statutory authority or jurisdiction of the director, or made upon unlawful procedure; affected by other error of law; unsupported by substantial evidence based upon a review of the entire record submitted; or arbitrary or capricious.
- A party to the review proceeding in the district L. . 116065. 1

court may appeal to the supreme court from the decision of the district court.

Section 21. [NEW MATERIAL] SHIPMENT OF VIDEO GAMBLING MACHINES. -- Shipments of video gambling machines into this state shall comply with all requirements of the Video Gambling Act and all applicable federal laws.

Section 22. [NEW MATERIAL] RECORDS REQUIRED AND RECORD RETENTION. --

A. In addition to other records required to be generated or kept pursuant to the Video Gambling Act, each licensee operating video gambling machines shall maintain complete operation records, including audit tapes, and shall make them available for inspection by the director, authorized employees of the division or any law enforcement officer upon request. Those records shall include:

- (1) all permit and licensing documents issued by the division;
- (2) a complete record of all winnings paid out by each video gambling machine, including the date, time and amount of the winnings paid out;
- (3) a record of gross receipts from operation of each video gambling machine by date; and
- (4) records required by regulations adopted pursuant to the Video Gambling Act.
- $$\rm B.~~A~li\,censee~shall~maintain~records~required~by~the}$  . 116065. 1

Video Gambling Act, or a regulation adopted pursuant to that act, within this state for a minimum of three years.

C. An applicant for a license or a licensee, as a condition of issuance or continuation of licensure, shall grant the director, or his designee, access to all tax returns maintained by the United States internal revenue service or the taxation and revenue department that have been filed on behalf of any person having an ownership or other financial interest in the applicant or the video gambling activities of the licensee or having a function in relation to the video gambling activities of the licensee. The director shall consider those records when determining qualifications for initial and continuing licensure or other actions pursuant to the Video Gambling Act.

Section 23. [NEW MATERIAL] TAX IMPOSED--PURSE
ALLOCATION.--

A. An excise tax known as the "gambling tax" is imposed upon the privilege of manufacturing, distributing or operating a video gambling machine in this state or receiving revenue from the operation of a video gambling machine within this state. The amount of the gambling tax is, for:

- (1) manufacturer licensees, ten percent of the gross receipts from each sale or other transfer of a video gambling machine manufactured within this state;
- (2) distributor licensees, ten percent of gross . 116065. 1

receipts from the distribution of a video gambling machine within this state;

- (3) video gambling machine licensees, fifteen percent of the net drop derived from the operation of a video gambling machine; and
- (4) racetrack and liquor establishment licensees, the following amounts:
- (a) for the 1997 calendar year, fifteen percent of the net drop derived from the operation of a video gambling machine;
- (b) for the calendar year beginning January
  1, 1998 and ending December 31, 1998, twenty percent of the net
  drop derived from the operation of a video gambling machine; and
- (c) for the calendar year beginning January
  1, 1999 and ending December 31, 1999 and each year thereafter,
  twenty-five percent of the net drop derived from the operation
  of a video gambling machine.
- B. The gambling tax shall be paid to the division on or before the twenty-fifth day of the month following the month in which the taxable event occurs.
- C. Revenue received by the division from the imposition of the gambling tax shall be deposited into the general fund.
- D. In addition to the taxes set forth herein, each racetrack licensee shall allocate not less than the following .116065.1

amounts to purses in accordance with regulations adopted by the state racing commission:

- (1) for the 1997 calendar year, fifteen percent of the net drop derived from the operation of a video gambling machine;
- (2) for the calendar year beginning January 1,1998 and ending December 31, 1998, twenty percent of the netdrop derived from the operation of a video gambling machine; and
- (3) for the calendar year beginning January 1, 1999 and ending December 31, 1999 and each year thereafter, twenty-five percent of the net drop derived from the operation of a video gambling machine.

Section 24. [NEW MATERIAL] CRIMINAL PENALTIES. -- A person who violates a provision of the Video Gambling Act or a regulation adopted pursuant to that act is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978. A person convicted pursuant to this section is prohibited from owning, operating or participating in the proceeds from the operation of a video gambling machine for a period of five years after the date of the conviction.

Section 25. [NEW MATERIAL] ENFORCEMENT.--The special investigations division of the department of public safety, and any other law enforcement agency entering into a joint powers agreement with the department of public safety, has the

authority to enforce the provisions of the Video Gambling Act by investigating all violations and by issuing administrative citations or by initiating criminal prosecutions, or both.

Section 26. [NEW MATERIAL] FUND CREATED--APPROPRIATION. -There is created in the state treasury the "video gambling
fund". All money in the fund and all interest attributable to
it is appropriated to the division for the purpose of carrying
out the provisions of the Video Gambling Act. All license fees
paid by licensees pursuant to the provisions of the Video
Gambling Act or regulations adopted pursuant to that act shall
be credited to the fund. Money in the fund at the end of a
fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund.

Section 27. SEVERABILITY. -- If any part or application of the Video Gambling Act is held invalid, the remainder or its application to other situations or persons shall not be affected.

Section 28. Section 13-1-98 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 65, Section 71, as amended) is amended to read:

"13-1-98. EXEMPTIONS FROM THE PROCUREMENT CODE. -- The provisions of the Procurement Code shall not apply to:

A. procurement of items of tangible personal property or services by a state agency or a local public body from a state agency, a local public body, the New Mexico lottery authority or an external procurement unit except as otherwise provided in Sections 13-1-135 through 13-1-137 NMSA 1978;

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- B. procurement of tangible personal property or services for the governor's mansion and grounds;
- C. printing and duplicating contracts involving materials [which] that are required to be filed in connection with proceedings before administrative agencies or state or federal courts;
- D. purchases of publicly provided or publicly regulated gas, electricity, water, sewer and refuse collection services;
- E. purchases of books and periodicals from the publishers or copyright holders thereof;
- F. travel or shipping by common carrier or by private conveyance or to meals and lodging;
- G. purchase of livestock at auction rings or to the procurement of animals to be used for research and experimentation or exhibit;
- H. contracts with businesses for public school transportation services;
- I. procurement of tangible personal property or services, as defined by Sections 13-1-87 and 13-1-93 NMSA 1978, by the corrections industries division of the corrections department pursuant to regulations adopted by the corrections [industries] commission, which shall be reviewed by the purchasing division of the general services department prior to adoption;

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- J. minor purchases consisting of magazine subscriptions, conference registration fees and other similar purchases where prepayments are required;
- K. municipalities having adopted home rule charters and having enacted their own purchasing ordinances;
- L. the issuance, sale and delivery of public securities pursuant to the applicable authorizing statute, with the exception of bond attorneys and general financial consultants:
- M contracts entered into by a local public body with a private independent contractor for the operation, or provision and operation, of a jail pursuant to Sections 33-3-26 and 33-3-27 NMSA 1978;
- N. contracts for maintenance of grounds and facilities at highway rest stops and other employment opportunities, excluding those intended for the direct care and support of persons with handicaps, entered into by state agencies with private, nonprofit, independent contractors who provide services to persons with handicaps;
- 0. contracts and expenditures for services to be paid or compensated by money or other property transferred to New Mexico law enforcement agencies by the United States department of justice drug enforcement administration;
- P. contracts for retirement and other benefits pursuant to Sections 22-11-47 through 22-11-52 NMSA 1978; and .116065.1

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- Q. contracts with professional entertainers."

  Section 29. Section 30-19-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1963,
  Chapter 303, Section 19-1, as amended) is amended to read:
- "30-19-1. DEFINITIONS RELATING TO GAMBLING.--As used in Chapter 30, Article 19 NMSA 1978:
- A. "antique gambling device" means a gambling device twenty-five years of age or older and substantially in original condition that is not used for gambling or commercial gambling or located in a gambling place;
- B. "bet" means a bargain in which the parties agree that, dependent upon chance, even though accompanied by some skill, one stands to win or lose anything of value specified in the agreement. A bet does not include:
- (1) bona fide business transactions that are valid under the law of contracts, including [without limitation]:
- (a) contracts for the purchase or sale, at a future date, of securities or other commodities; and
- (b) agreements to compensate for loss caused by the happening of the chance, including [without limitation] contracts for indemnity or guaranty and life or health and accident insurance;
- (2) offers of purses, prizes or premiums to the actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the determination of skill, speed, strength or endurance or to the .116065.1

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bona fide owners of animals or vehicles entered in such contest;

- (3) a lottery as defined in this section; or
- (4) betting otherwise permitted by law;
- C. "lottery" means an enterprise other than the New Mexico state lottery established and operated pursuant to the New Mexico Lottery Act wherein, for a consideration, the participants are given an opportunity to win a prize, the award of which is determined by chance, even though accompanied by some skill. As used in this subsection, "consideration" means anything of pecuniary value required to be paid to the promoter in order to participate in such enterprise;
- D. "gambling device" means a contrivance other than an antique gambling device that, for a consideration, affords the player an opportunity to obtain anything of value, the award of which is determined by chance, even though accompanied by some skill and whether or not the prize is automatically paid by the device, but "gambling device" does not include a video gambling machine for which a permit has been issued pursuant to the Video Gambling Act; and
- E. "gambling place" means any building or tent, any vehicle, whether self-propelled or not, or any room within any of them, one of whose principal uses is:
  - (1) making and settling of bets;
- (2) receiving, holding, recording or forwarding bets or offers to bet;

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- **(3)** conducting lotteries; or
- playing gambling devices." **(4)**

Section 30. Section 30-19-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1963, Chapter 303, Section 19-6, as amended) is amended to read:

"30-19-6. [PERMISSIVE LOTTERY] AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES--FAIRS -- THEATERS -- TAX - EXEMPT ORGANIZATIONS. --

Nothing in [Article 19] Chapter 30, Article 19 NMSA 1978 [shall be construed to apply to any] prohibits a sale or drawing of [any] <u>a</u> prize at [any] <u>a</u> fair held in this state for the benefit of [any] <u>a</u> church, public library or religious society [situate or being] located in this state, or for charitable purposes when all the proceeds of [such] the fair [shall be] are expended in this state for the benefit of [such] the church, public library, religious society or charitable A [lottery shall be operated] sale or drawing purposes. conducted pursuant to this subsection is for the benefit of the organization or charitable purpose only [when] if the entire proceeds [of the lottery] from the sale or drawing go to the organization or charitable purpose and no part of [such] the proceeds go to [any] an individual member or employee [thereof] of the organization.

B. Nothing in [Article 19] Chapter 30, Article 19 NMSA 1978 [shall be held to prohibit any] prohibits a bona fide motion picture [theatre] theater from offering prizes of cash or merchandise for advertising purposes, in connection with [such] . 116065. 1

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the business of the theater or for the purpose of stimulating business, whether or not [any] consideration other than a monetary consideration in excess of the regular price of admission is [exacted] charged for participation in drawings for pri zes.

C. Nothing in [Article 19] Chapter 30, Article 19 NMSA 1978 [shall be held to apply to any] prohibits a bona fide county fair, including [fairs] a fair for more than one county, [which shall have] that has been held annually at the same location for at least two years [and which shall offer] from offering prizes of livestock or poultry in connection with [such] the fair [when] if the proceeds of [such] the drawings [shall be] are used for the benefit of [said] the fair.

D. Nothing in Article 19, Chapter 30 NMSA 1978 shall be construed to apply to any lottery operated by an organization exempt from the state income tax pursuant to Subsection C of Section 7-2-4 NMSA 1978 and not subject to the provisions of Subsection A of this section; provided that:

- (1) no more than two lotteries shall be operated in any year by such an organization;
- (2) all the gross proceeds less the reasonable cost of prizes of any lottery operated by such an organization shall be expended in the state for the benefit of the organization or public purposes; and
- (3) no part of the proceeds of any lottery shall . 116065. 1

go to any individual member or employee of any organization

except as payment for the purchase of prizes at no more than the

reasonable retail price.

- D. Nothing in Chapter 30, Article 19 NMSA 1978

  prohibits an organization that is exempt from state income tax

  pursuant to Section 7-2-4 NMSA 1978 and in good standing as a

  not for profit corporation as shown by the records of the state

  corporation commission from conducting electronic gambling,

  bingo games, raffles, lotteries or table games, including poker,

  craps, blackjack, roulette and the like, at a fundraising event

  if:
- (1) the fundraising event is conducted no more than four times in a calendar year by the qualifying organization;
- (2) the only persons authorized to participate in the operation or management of the fundraising event are:
- (a) bona fide members of the qualifying organization who are not paid for their services in the operation or management of the event; or
- (b) persons who provide goods or services

  for the fundraising event for a flat fee or an hourly fee

  pursuant to a written contract with the qualifying organization;
- (3) no person receives any part of the proceeds of the fundraising event except:
- (a) as payment for prizes purchased at no . 116065.1

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more than the reasonable retail prices for the prizes; or
(b) pursuant to a contract described in
Subparagraph (b) of Paragraph (2) of this subsection:
(4) the net proceeds of the fundraising event
are expended in the state for the benefit of the qualifying
organization or purposes for which it was formed;
(5) gross revenue, expenses, prizes paid and the
date, time and location of the fundraising event are reported to
the alcohol and gaming division of the regulation and licensing
department within thirty days after the event;
(6) the qualifying organization conducting the
fundraising event maintains records for a period of one year
after the date of the event that accurately show the gross
revenue generated by the event, details of the expenses of
conducting the event and details of how the gross revenue is
used, and the qualifying organization makes the records
available for review by the director of the alcohol and gaming
division of the regulation and licensing department or the
attorney general, or both, at their request;
(7) no more than five electronic gambling
devices are operated during the fundraising event;
(8) no person younger than the age of twenty-one
is allowed to participate in the operation or management of the
fundraising event or to play any game at the event; and

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(9) the fundraising event is conducted pursuant

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to regulations and a permit issued by the alcohol and gaming division of the regulation and licensing department.

E. As used in Subsection D of this section "electronic gambling device" means a gambling device consisting of an electronic device that simulates the play of any game of chance, uses microprocessors and that, by chance or through some combination of chance and skill, the device dispenses or the player may otherwise receive cash, coins, tokens for free games or credits that can be redeemed for cash, coins or tokens; "electronic gambling" means the play of an electronic gambling device. Electronic gambling conducted pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be conducted in accordance with regulations adopted by the regulation and licensing department. Those regulations may provide for minimum standards for security, restrictions of amounts wagered, limits on amounts paid by electronic gambling devices, recordkeeping by the operator and sponsor of the gaming event and monitoring, electronic or otherwise, of the electronic gambling conducted.

F. The provisions of the Bingo and Raffle Act and the New Mexico Lottery Act do not apply to the activities described in Subsection D of this section.

G. Activities authorized by this section may be conducted on licensed premises, as that term is defined in Section 60-3A-3 NMSA 1978."

Section 31. EMERGENCY. -- It is necessary for the public . 116065. 1

peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.

- 89 -