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#### SENATE BILL 748

43RD LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 1997

INTRODUCED BY

LEONARD LEE RAWSON

## AN ACT

RELATING TO STATE AGENCIES: CREATING THE STATE LIBRARY AND ARCHIVES DIVISION OF THE OFFICE OF CULTURAL AFFAIRS; CREATING THE STATE LIBRARY AND ARCHIVES COMMISSION; CREATING THE PUBLIC RECORDS COMMITTEE; PROVIDING POWERS AND DUTIES; MERGING THE LIBRARY DIVISION AND THE RECORDS CENTER; PROVIDING FOR TRANSFERS; AMENDING, REPEALING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 9-6-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1980, Chapter 151, Section 54, as amended) is amended to read:

CREATION OF OFFICE. -- The "office of cultural **"9-6-9.** affairs" is created. The office [shall consists] consists of such divisions as are created by law or executive order, including but not limited to:

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A.	the	$ad \textbf{m} i \ n i \ strati \ ve$	servi ces	di vi si on;

- B. the arts division;
- C. the state library and archives division;
- D. the museum division;
- E. the space center division;
- F. the New Mexico farm and ranch heritage museum division;
  - G. the historic preservation division;
  - H. the natural history and science museum division;
    - I. the Hispanic cultural division."

Section 2. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE. -- Sections 2 through 8 of this act may be cited as the "State Library and Archives Division Act".

Section 3. [NEW MATERIAL] PURPOSE. -- The purpose of the State Library and Archives Division Act is to consolidate the library division of the office of cultural affairs and the records center functions into one division of the office of cultural affairs so that the state's records, archives and library services can be provided through one central agency.

Section 4. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS.--As used in the State Library and Archives Division Act:

- A. "commission" means the state library and archives commission;
  - B. "director" means the director of the division;

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- C. "division" means the state library and archives division of the office of cultural affairs; and
- D. "public records" means all books, papers, maps, photographs or other documentary materials, regardless of physical form or characteristics, made or received by any agency in pursuance of law or in connection with the transaction of public business and preserved, or appropriate for preservation, by the agency or its legitimate successor as evidence of the organization, functions, policies, decisions, procedures, operations or other activities of the government or because of the informational and historical value of the material. Library or museum material of the state library, state institutions and state museums, extra copies of documents preserved only for convenience of reference and stocks of publications and processed documents are not included.
- Section 5. [NEW MATERIAL] COMMISSION CREATED--MEMBERS-TERMS--MEETINGS.--
- A. The "state library and archives commission" is created, consisting of seven members as follows:
  - (1) the attorney general or his designee;
- (2) the supreme court law librarian or his designee;
  - (3) the secretary of state or his designee; and
- (4) four public members appointed by the governor to represent library interests and who have knowledge

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of library issues and operations.

- The initial public members shall be the public members serving on the commission on the effective date of the State Library and Archives Division Act, and their initial terms on the commission shall be the same as what would be the remainder of their terms on the state library commission. Thereafter, as each public member's term expires, new public members shall be appointed for terms of five years.
- In making appointments of public members, due C. consideration shall be given to geographic representation of the members.
- Vacancies on the commission shall be filled by the original appointing authority for the remainder of the term of the vacating member.
- Ε. Members who are not employees of the state may be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage Act.
- The commission shall elect annually a chairman, F. vice chairman and such other officers as it deems necessary.
- The designation of an alternate to serve on behalf of an ex-officio member shall be done in writing and filed with the director, subject to the condition that the alternate appointed is the same one appointed under the provisions of Section 14-3-3 NMSA 1978.
  - The commission shall meet not less than four H.

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times a year and may meet as often as necessary to carry out its duties. A majority of the commission constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.

I. The director and deputy director shall serve as staff to the commission.

Section 6. [NEW MATERIAL] COMMISSION--POWERS AND DUTIES. --

## A. The commission shall:

- (1) provide to the state cultural affairs officer a list of qualified applicants for the position of director:
- (2) provide to the director a list of qualified applicants for the position of deputy director of the division;
- (3) establish policies for the operation of the division, subject to the approval of the state cultural affairs officer and to the exemptions set forth in the Public Records Act;
- (4) oversee programs under its authority, including administration of the State Library Act, the Public Records Act and the State Rules Act; and
- (5) prepare an annual report to the governor and the legislature on the activities and plans of the commission and the division.

## B. The commission may:

(1) appoint advisory committees to assist in carrying out its duties; and

(2) adopt rules and regulations to carry out its powers and duties pursuant to the State Library and Archives Division Act.

Section 7. [NEW MATERIAL] DIVISION CREATED--DIRECTOR--DEPUTY DIRECTOR--STAFF.--

- A. The "state library and archives division" is created as a division of the office of cultural affairs.
- B. The division shall be administered by a director appointed by the state cultural affairs officer from a list of qualified applicants provided by the commission. The director shall be a graduate of a library school accredited by the American library association and shall have not less than five years' experience in an administrative capacity. The director shall serve as the state librarian. The director shall serve at the pleasure of the state cultural affairs officer.
- C. The director shall appoint a deputy director from a list of qualified applicants provided by the commission. The deputy director shall have training and experience in archival or records management and have not less than three years' experience in an administrative capacity. The deputy director shall serve as the state records administrator. The deputy director shall serve at the pleasure of the director.
- D. Subject to legislative appropriation and in accordance with the Personnel Act, the director may appoint such other professional and clerical assistants as necessary to carry

out the duties of the division.

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# Section 8. [NEW MATERIAL] DIRECTOR--POWERS AND DUTIES. --

- A. Consistent with the policies adopted by the commission and approved by the state cultural affairs officer, the director shall:
- (1) be responsible for the administration of the division, including organizing the division to most efficiently and effectively serve the interests of the state and the public and the policies of the commission;
- (2) serve as an ex-officio member of all committees and other advisory groups of the division; and
- (3) prepare the annual budget in consultation with the commission and under the direction, control and supervision of the state cultural affairs officer.
- B. The director may accept gifts, grants, donations, bequests and devices and may accept loans of or purchase library, archival, historical and documentary materials in the name of the state in accordance with policies of the commission.

Section 9. A new section of the Office of Cultural Affairs

Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] PUBLIC RECORDS COMMITTEE--EXEMPTIONS FROM AUTHORITY OF STATE CULTURAL AFFAIRS OFFICER.--The powers, duties and responsibilities of the committee relating to the State Rules Act and the Public Records Act are explicitly exempt from the authority of the state cultural affairs officer. The

committee has sole and exclusive authority to determine policies relating to the Public Records Act. Committee decisions regarding public records shall be binding and final and are not reviewable or amendable by the director or the state cultural affairs officer."

Section 10. Section 14-3-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1959, Chapter 245, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"14-3-2. DEFINITIONS. -- As used in the Public Records Act:

A. "commission" means the state <u>library and archives</u> commission [of public records];

- B. "administrator" means the state records administrator:
- C. "public records" means all books, papers, maps, photographs or other documentary materials, regardless of physical form or characteristics, made or received by any agency in pursuance of law or in connection with the transaction of public business and preserved, or appropriate for preservation, by the agency or its legitimate successor as evidence of the organization, functions, policies, decisions, procedures, operations or other activities of the government or because of the informational and historical value of [data contained therein] the material. Library or museum material of the state library, state institutions and state museums, extra copies of documents preserved only for convenience of reference and stocks of publications and processed documents are not included;

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D. "agency" means any state a	agency, department,
bureau, board, commission, institution or	other organization of
the state government, the territorial gov	vernment and the Spanish
and Mexican governments in New Mexico;	

- E. "records center" means the central records depository [which] that is the principal state facility for the storage, disposal, allocation or use of noncurrent records of agencies or materials obtained from other sources;
- F. "microphotography system" means all microphotography equipment, services and supplies; [and]
- G. "microphotography" means the transfer of images onto film and electronic imaging or other information storage techniques that meet the performance guidelines for legal acceptance of public records produced by information system technologies pursuant to regulations adopted by the commission;
  - H. "committee" means the public records committee;
- I. "division" means the state library and archives division of the office of cultural affairs;
  - J. "director" means the director of the division;
- K. "records custodian" means the statutory head of the agency using or maintaining public records or his designee;
- L. "records liaison officer" means the person in an agency who is responsible for authorizing the transfer, withdrawal or destruction of public records and who acts on

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"records retention and disposition schedule" means the inventory of a public records series that provides a brief description of public records and lists the minimum period the records series must be kept and the conditions that must be met before the records series can be destroyed, if at all;

N. "records series" means file units or documents arranged according to a filing system or kept together because they relate to a particular subject or function; result from the same activity; document a specific kind of transaction; take a particular physical form; or have some other relationship arising out of their creation, receipt or use, such as restrictions on access and use; and

0. "records" means information preserved by any technique, in any medium now known or later developed, that can be recognized by ordinary human sensory capabilities either directly or with the aid of technology."

Section 11. Section 14-3-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1959. Chapter 245, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"14-3-3. [STATE COMMISSION OF] PUBLIC RECORDS COMMITTEE --CREATION. - -

A "[state commission of] public records committee" is established consisting of:

- (1) the secretary of state;
- the secretary of general services; **(2)**

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- (3) the [state law] librarian of the supreme court law library;
- (4) the director of the museum [of New Mexico] division of the office of cultural affairs;
  - (5) the state auditor;
  - (6) the attorney general; and
- (7) a recognized, professionally trained historian in the field of New Mexico history, resident in New Mexico, appointed by the governor for a term of six years. Each member of the [commission] committee may designate an alternate to serve in his stead.
- B. The [commission] committee shall elect one of its members to be chairman and another to be secretary. The members of the [commission] committee shall serve without compensation other than actual expenses of attending meetings of the [commission] committee or while in performance of their official duties in connection with the business of the [commission] committee.
- C. The [commission] committee shall hold not less than four meetings during each calendar year and may hold special meetings as may be necessary to transact business of the [commission] committee. All meetings shall be called by the chairman or when requested in writing by any two members of the [commission] committee. Four members of the [commission] committee shall constitute a quorum.

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Section 12. Section 14-3-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1959, Chapter 245, Section 4) is amended to read:

"14-3-4. DUTIES AND POWERS OF [COMMISSION] COMMITTEE--SOLE

AUTHORITY. -- [It shall be the duty of the commission to:

A. employ as state records administrator a competent, experienced person professionally trained as an archivist and records manager who shall serve at the pleasure of the commission. He need not be a resident of New Mexico at the time of his employment. His salary shall be fixed by the commission:

B. approve the biennial budget covering costs of the operations set forth in this act, as prepared by the administrator for presentation to the state legislature; ] The committee shall:

[C.] A. decide, by majority vote, any disagreements between the administrator and [any state officer] a records custodian regarding the disposition of records; [within the custody of said officer, such decisions to have the effect of law;

D. consider the recommendations of the administrator for the destruction of specifically reported records, and by unanimous vote either order or forbid such destruction;

E. approve in writing, or reject, the written terms

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and conditions of each proposed loan of documentary material to
the records center, as agreed upon by the lender and the
administrator:

B. adopt or reject records retention and disposition schedules recommended by the administrator:

[F.] <u>C.</u> adopt and publish rules and regulations to carry out the purposes of the Public Records Act; <u>and</u>

[G.] D. request any agency to designate a records liaison officer to cooperate with, assist and advise the administrator in the performance of his duties and to provide such other assistance and data as will enable the [commission] committee and administrator properly to carry out the purposes of the Public Records Act [and

H. prepare an annual report to the governor on the operations conducted under the terms of this act during the previous year, including a complete fiscal report on costs and effected savings, and cause same to be published]."

Section 13. A new section of the Public Records Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] COMMITTEE--EXEMPTIONS FROM AUTHORITY OR
STATE CULTURAL AFFAIRS OFFICER. -- The powers, duties and
responsibilities of the committee relating to the Public Records
Act are explicitly exempt from the authority of the commission
and the state cultural affairs officer. The committee has sole
and exclusive authority to determine policies relating to the

Public Records Act. Committee decisions regarding public records shall be binding and final and are not reviewable or amendable by the director, the commission or the state cultural affairs officer."

Section 14. Section 14-3-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1959, Chapter 245, Section 5) is amended to read:

"14-3-5. GIFTS, DONATIONS AND LOANS. --

A. The [commission] committee may receive from private sources financial or other donations to assist in building, enlarging, maintaining or equipping a records center or for the acquisition by purchase of documentary material, in accordance with plans made and agreed upon by the [commission] committee and the administrator. [Funds thus received shall be administered by the commission separately from funds supplied by the state for the execution of this act, but shall be audited by the state. Such funds shall not be subject to reversion to the general fund if unexpended at the close of the fiscal year.]

Although all material acquired by expenditure of [such] donated funds and all [such] donated material shall become the unqualified and unrestricted property of the state, permanent public acknowledgment of the names of the donors may in each case be made in an appropriate manner.

<u>B.</u> The [commission] committee may receive either as donations or loans from private sources, other state agencies, counties, municipalities, the federal government and other

states or countries documentary materials of any physical form or characteristics [which] that are deemed to be of value to the state and the general public for historical reference or research purposes. Acceptance of both donations and loans shall be [at the discretion of the commission upon advice] in accordance with policies of the [administrator] committee.

Accepted donations shall become, without qualification or restriction, the property of the state [of New Mexico]. Loans shall be accepted only after a written agreement covering all terms and conditions of each loan [shall have] has been signed by the lender and the [administrator and approved by the commission] director."

Section 15. Section 14-3-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1959, Chapter 245, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:

## "14-3-6. ADMI NI STRATOR--DUTI ES. --

A. The administrator is the official custodian and trustee for the state of all public records and archives of whatever kind [which] that are transferred to him from any public office of the state or from any other source. He shall have overall administrative responsibility for carrying out the purposes of the Public Records Act [and may employ necessary personnel, purchase equipment and provide facilities as may be required in the execution of the powers conferred and duties imposed upon him]. He shall keep the [commission] committee advised throughout the year of operations conducted and future

operations projected, and shall report annually to the [commission] committee which records have been destroyed, transferred or otherwise processed during the year.

B. The administrator shall establish a records management program for the application of efficient and economical management methods to the creation, utilization, maintenance, retention, preservation and disposal of [official] public records.

<u>C.</u> [It shall be the duty of] The administrator [in cooperation with and with the approval of the general services department, to] shall establish standards, procedures and techniques for effective management of public records; [to] make continuing surveys of paperwork operations; and [to] recommend improvements in current records management practices, including the use of space, equipment and supplies employed in creating, maintaining and servicing records.

<u>D.</u> [It shall be the duty of the head of] Each [state] agency [to] shall cooperate with the administrator in conducting surveys and [to establish and maintain] in establishing and maintaining an active, continuing program for the economical and efficient management of the agency's records.

<u>E.</u> The administrator shall [establish] develop records [disposal] retention and disposition schedules for the orderly retirement of records [and adopt regulations necessary for the carrying out of the Public Records Act]. Records

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[disposal] retention and disposition schedules shall be filed [with the librarian of the supreme court library] in accordance with the State Rules Act and shall not become effective until thirty days after the date of filing. Records so scheduled may be transferred to the records center at regular intervals, in accordance with the regulations of the [administrator] committee. "

Section 16. Section 14-3-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1959, Chapter 245, Section 7) is amended to read:

"14-3-7. INSPECTION AND SURVEY OF PUBLIC RECORDS. -- The administrator [is authorized to] may inspect or survey the public records of any agency and [to] make surveys of records management and records [disposal] retention and disposition practices in the various agencies, and he shall be given the full cooperation of [officials and employees] records custodians of the agencies in such inspections and surveys. Records, the use of which is restricted by or pursuant to law or for reasons of security or the public interest, may be inspected or surveyed by the administrator, subject to the same restrictions imposed upon employees of the agency holding the <u>public</u> records."

Section 14-3-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1959, Section 17. Chapter 245, Section 8) is amended to read:

"14-3-8. RECORDS CENTER. - -

[A] The "records center" is [established in Santa Fe under the supervision and control of the administrator

created in the division. The records center shall be located at the state capital. The administrator shall direct the operations of the records center pursuant to policies and procedures adopted by the committee.

B. The records center [in accordance with the regulations established by the administrator and the commission, shall be] is the facility for the receipt, storage or disposition of all inactive and infrequently used records of present or former state agencies or former territorial agencies [which at or after the effective date of this act] that may be in custody of any [state] agency or instrumentality and [which] that are not required by law to be kept elsewhere or [which] that are not ordered destroyed by the [commission] committee.

C. Records [required to be] that are confidential by law and [which] that are stored in the records center shall be available promptly when called for by the originating agency, but shall not be made available for public inspection except as provided by law. All other records retained by the records center shall be open to the inspection of the general public, subject to reasonable rules and regulations [prescribed by the administrator] adopted pursuant to the Public Records Act.

Facilities for the use of these records in research by the public shall be provided in the records center."

Section 18. Section 14-3-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1959, Chapter 245, Section 9) is amended to read:

## "14-3-9. DISPOSITION OF PUBLIC RECORDS. --

A. Upon completion of an inspection or survey of the public records of any agency by the administrator, or at the request of the [commission] committee or the [head of any agency] records custodian, the administrator, attorney general and the [agency official in charge of the records of that agency] records custodian shall together make a determination as to whether:

- (1) the <u>public</u> records shall be retained in the custody of the agency;
- (2) the  $\underline{\text{public}}$  records shall be transferred to the records center; or
- [(3) a recommendation for destruction of the records shall be made to the commission.]
- (3) the public records shall be destroyed pursuant to the records retention and disposition schedule.
- <u>B.</u> If it is determined that the <u>public</u> records are to be retained in the custody of the agency, no further action shall be taken.
- <u>C.</u> If it is determined that the records are to be transferred to the records center, they shall be <u>transferred</u> within a reasonable time [so transferred]. A list of the <u>transferred public</u> records [so transferred] shall be retained in the files of the agency from which the <u>public</u> records were transferred.

[Public records in the custody of the administrator may be transferred or destroyed only upon order of the commission.]"

Section 19. Section 14-3-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1959, Chapter 245, Section 10) is amended to read:

"14-3-10. DISAGREEMENT AS TO VALUE OF RECORDS.--In the event the attorney general and the administrator determine that any records in the custody of a [public officer] records custodian, including the administrator, are of no legal, administrative or historical value, but the [public officer having custody of the records or from whose office the records originated] records custodian fails to agree with such determination or refuses to dispose of the records, the attorney general and the administrator may request the [state commission of public records] committee to make its determination as to whether the records should be disposed of in the interests of conservation of space, economy or safety."

Section 20. Section 14-3-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1959, Chapter 245, Section 11, as amended) is amended to read:

"14-3-11. DESTRUCTION OF RECORDS. --

A. [If it is determined by] On recommendation of the administrator, attorney general and [agency head that destruction of records will be recommended, the administrator shall have prepared a list of records, together with a brief description of their nature, and shall place upon the agenda of the next meeting of the commission the matter of destruction of

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the] records custodian, the committee shall adopt record retention and disposition schedules for the agency, and the records of the agency shall be destroyed in accordance with the adopted retention and disposition schedule. The records may be stored in the <u>records</u> center awaiting [decision of the commission.

The commission's decision with reference to destruction of the records] destruction.

B. Any records proposed for destruction other than in accordance with an approved records retention and disposition schedule shall be reported by the administrator to the committee for review. If the committee determines that a record shall be destroyed, that decision shall be entered [on its] into the committee's minutes, together with [the date of its order to destroy the records and a general description of the records [which it orders] to be destroyed. [A copy of the commission's order shall be filed with the librarian of the supreme court library.

C. No public records shall be destroyed if the law or the committee prohibits their destruction. "

Section 14-3-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1959, Section 21. Chapter 245, Section 12) is amended to read:

"14-3-12. TRANSFER OF RECORDS UPON TERMINATION OF [STATE] AGENCI ES. - -

A. All public records of [any] an agency, upon the . 114259. 1

termination of the existence and functions of that agency, shall be checked by the administrator and the attorney general and either transferred to the custody of another agency having a use for the records or to the custody of the administrator at the records center in accordance with the procedure of the Public Records Act.

<u>B.</u> When an agency is terminated or reduced by the transfer of its powers and duties to another agency or to other agencies, its appropriate public records shall pass with the powers and duties so transferred."

Section 22. Section 14-3-15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1959, Chapter 245, Section 15, as amended) is amended to read:

"14-3-15. REPRODUCTION ON FILM-EVIDENCE--REVIEW,
INVENTORY AND APPROVAL OF SYSTEMS. --

A. Any public officer of the state or of any district or political subdivision may cause any public records, papers or documents kept by him to be photographed, microphotographed or reproduced on film.

- B. The [state records] administrator shall review any proposed [state] agency microphotography system and shall advise and consult with the agency. The administrator has the authority to approve or disapprove the system of any [state] agency.
- C. The microphotography system used pursuant to this section shall comply with the minimum standards approved by the

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[New Mexico commission of public records] committee. The microphotography system used to reproduce such records on film shall be one [which] that accurately reproduces the original in all details.

- The administrator shall establish and maintain an inventory of all microfilm equipment owned or leased by [state] The administrator [is authorized to] may arrange the agenci es. transfer of microphotography equipment from [a state] an agency [which] that does not use it, and [which] that has released it, to [a state] an agency needing [such] the equipment for a current microphotography system.
- Photographs, mi crophotographs or photographi c Ε. film made pursuant to this section shall be deemed to be original records for all purposes, including introduction in evidence in all courts and administrative agencies. transcript, exemplification or certified copy, for all purposes, shall be deemed to be a transcript, exemplification or certified copy of the original.
- Whenever such photographs, microphotographs or F. reproductions on film are properly certified and are placed in conveniently accessible files and provisions are made for preserving, examining and using them, any public officer may cause the original records from which the photographs or microphotographs have been made, or any part thereof, to be disposed of according to methods prescribed by Sections [71-6-9

through 71-6-11 NMSA 1953] 14-3-9 through 14-3-11 NMSA 1978. Copies shall be certified by their custodian as true copies of the originals before the originals are destroyed or lost, and the certified copies shall have the same effect as the originals. Copies of public records transferred from the office of origin to the administrator, when certified by the administrator or his [deputy] designee, shall have the same legal effect as if certified by the original custodian of the records.

G. For the purposes of this section, "[state] agency" [shall include] includes the district courts."

Section 23. Section 14-3-15.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1986, Chapter 81, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read:

"14-3-15.1 RECORDS OF [STATE] AGENCIES--PUBLIC RECORDS--COPY FEES--COMPUTER DATABASES--CRIMINAL PENALTY.--

A. Except as otherwise provided by federal or state law, information contained in information systems databases shall be a public record and shall be subject to disclosure in printed or typed format by the [state] agency that has inserted that information into the database, in accordance with the Public Records Act, upon the payment of a reasonable fee for the service.

B. The administrator shall recommend to the [commission] committee the procedures, schedules and technical standards for the retention of computer databases.

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- C. The [state] agency that has inserted data in a database may authorize a copy to be made of a computer tape or other medium containing a computerized database of a public record for any person if the person agrees:
- not to make unauthorized copies of the database;
- (2) not to use the database for any political or commercial purpose unless the purpose and use is approved in writing by the [state] agency that created the database;
- (3) not to use the database for solicitation or advertisement when the database contains the name, address or telephone number of any person unless such use is otherwise specifically authorized by law;
- (4) not to allow access to the database by any other person unless the use is approved in writing by the [state] agency that created the database; and
- (5) to pay a royalty or other consideration to the state as may be agreed upon by the [state] agency that created the database.
- D. If more than one [state] agency is responsible for the information inserted in the database, the agencies shall enter into an agreement designating a lead agency. If the agencies cannot agree as to the designation of a lead [state] agency, the [commission] committee shall designate one of the [state] agencies as the lead agency to carry out the

responsibilities set forth in this section.

- E. Subject to any confidentiality provisions of law, [any state] an agency may permit another [state] agency access to all or any portion of a computerized database created by [a state] the agency.
- F. If information contained in a database is searched, manipulated or retrieved or a copy of the database is made for any private or nonpublic use, a fee shall be charged by the [state] agency permitting access or use of the database.
- G. Except as authorized by law or rule of the [commission] committee, any person who reveals to any unauthorized person information contained in a computer database or who uses or permits the unauthorized use or access of any computer database is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction the court shall sentence that person to jail for a definite term not to exceed one year or to payment of a fine not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or both. That person shall not be employed by the state for a period of five years after the date of conviction."

Section 24. Section 14-3-15.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1995, Chapter 27, Section 1) is amended to read:

"14-3-15.2. ELECTRONIC AUTHENTICATION--SUBSTITUTION FOR SIGNATURE.--Whenever there is a requirement for a signature on any document, electronic authentication that meets the standards promulgated by the [eommission] committee may be substituted."

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Section 25. Section 14-3-19 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1968, Chapter 14, Section 1) is amended to read:

"14-3-19. STORAGE EQUIPMENT, SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS--MI CROFILM SERVICES AND SUPPLIES--PURCHASE [BY STATE RECORDS **COMMISSION**] FOR RESALE. --

A. The "records center revolving fund" is created in the state treasury. The fund consists of all receipts from the sale of equipment, supplies, materials and services provided for in Subsection C of this section and interest earned on investment of the fund. Money in the fund shall not revert at the end of any fiscal year.

B. Money in the fund is appropriated to the division to carry out the provisions of this section. Expenditures from the fund shall be made upon vouchers submitted to the department of finance and administration by the director or his authorized representative and by warrants signed by the secretary of finance and administration.

<u>C.</u> The [state records commission] division may purchase for resale such storage boxes, forms, microfilm supplies necessary to the providing of microfilm services and other supplies and materials as [in its judgment are] necessary to facilitate [the various aspects of its programs. The [commission] division may sell such items and services at [a] cost plus a five percent [All receipts from such sales shall go into the handling charge. special revolving fund established by Laws 1961, Chapter 111, which

is hereby continued. In addition to any moneys in the special revolving fund, there is hereby appropriated the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500).]"

Section 26. Section 14-3-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 154, Section 1) is amended to read:

## "14-3-21. STATE PUBLICATIONS--RULES--REPORTS--UNIFORMITY. --

A. The [state records] administrator shall develop and recommend to the [state commission of public records] committee uniform standards of style and format for the following:

[A.-] (1) manuals of procedure prepared and published by [state] agencies for the guidance of public officers and employees engaged in operations required for the efficient operation of state and local government, including [but not limited to] acquiring space, budgeting, accounting, purchasing, contracting, vouchering, printing, appointment and dismissal of employees and record maintenance;

[B.] (2) manuals of procedures prepared and published by [state] agencies for the guidance of their own employees and for their own operations;

[C.] (3) official rules and regulations and reprints of laws published by [state] agencies, excluding session laws published by the secretary of state; and

[D.] (4) official reports of [state] agencies required by law, excluding the budget document presented to the legislature.

B. The [state commission of public records] committee, after consultation with the affected agencies [and with the approval of the governor], shall adopt and promulgate uniform standards of style and format for the [above] publications set forth in this section and a schedule of distribution for each class of publication, which shall be binding upon all [state] agencies. "Agencies" means, for the purposes of this section, all state departments, bureaus, commissions, committees, institutions and boards, except those agencies of the legislative and judicial branches and those educational institutions listed in Article 12, Section 11 of the [New Mexico] constitution of New Mexico."

Section 27. Section 14-3-22 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 209, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"14-3-22. PUBLIC POLICY ON CERTAIN PUBLICATIONS--[STATE COMMISSION OF PUBLIC RECORDS] COMMITTEE DUTIES.--

A. It is the intent of the legislature and the public policy of this state to reduce unnecessary expense to the taxpayers of this state in connection with publications of [state] agencies designed primarily for the purpose of reporting to or the informing of the governor, the legislature, other [state] agencies or the political subdivisions of this state.

B. The [state commission of public records] committee shall develop and adopt regulations [which] that shall be binding upon all [state] agencies. The regulations shall provide for uniform standards for those publications set forth in Subsection A

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of this section and shall include [but be not limited to]:

- (1) a standard size format to accommodate paper of the most economical type available;
- (2) prohibiting the use of expensive covers, binders and fasteners:
- (3) prohibiting the use of photographs, art work and design, unless absolutely necessary for clarification of the report;
- (4) limiting the use of color stock paper, where [such] color stock would be more expensive than the use of white paper; and
- (5) requiring offset or mimeograph or other means of duplication when it cannot be demonstrated that printing of such publication would be equal to or less than the cost of offset, mimeograph or other means of duplication.
- c. The [state commission of public records] committee shall maintain constant and continuing supervision of such publications by [state] agencies and shall report persistent violations of the regulations made pursuant to this [act] section to the [secretary of general services] attorney general."

Section 28. Section 14-3-23 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 154, Section 3) is amended to read:

"14-3-23. MANUALS OF PROCEDURE--PREPARATION--REVIEW

--PUBLICATION.--Each [state] agency [which] that has an official duty to establish methods and procedures involved in the internal

limited to acquiring space, budgeting, accounting, purchasing, contracting, vouchering, printing, appointment and dismissal of employees and record-keeping, shall prepare, within the means provided by current operating budgets, manuals of procedure for the guidance of public officers and employees engaged in such work.

[Such manual or] The manuals shall be reviewed and ordered published by the [state records] administrator [and] in accordance with uniform standards of style and format promulgated by the [state commission of public records] committee."

Section 29. Section 14-4-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 275, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"14-4-3. FORMAT OF RULES--FILING--DISTRIBUTION.--Each agency promulgating [any] a rule shall place the rule in the format and style required by rule of the [records center] public records committee and shall deliver one original paper copy and one electronic copy to the records center. The records center shall note thereon the date and hour of filing. The records center shall maintain the original copy as a permanent record open to public inspection during office hours and shall have the rule published in a timely manner in the New Mexico register and compiled into the New Mexico Administrative Code. At the time of filing, an agency may submit to the records center an additional paper copy to be returned to the agency, for annotation with the date and hour of filing [to be returned to the agency]."

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Section 30. Section 14-4-7.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 38, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

#### "14-4-7.1. NEW MEXICO REGISTER. --

The state records administrator shall provide for publication of a New Mexico register at least twice a month. New Mexico register shall be published in such a way as to minimize To accomplish this, the state records the cost to the state. administrator is authorized to provide for charges for subscriptions and for publication of notice and other items, including advertising, in the register.

- The New Mexico register shall be the official publication for all notices of rule makings and filings of adopted rules, including emergency rules, by agencies.  $\left[\frac{1}{1}\right]$  The register shall include the full text of any adopted rules, including emergency rules. Proposed rules may be published in full or in part at the discretion of the issuing agency.  $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ **Upon** request of an issuing agency, the state records administrator may determine that publication in the register of the full text of an adopted rule would be unduly cumbersome, expensive or otherwise inexpedient and may publish instead a synopsis of the adopted rule and a statement that a copy of the rule is available from the issuing agency.
- C. The New Mexico register shall be available by subscription and single copy purchase to any person, including agencies of the executive, judicial and legislative branches of

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state government and its political subdivisions, at a reasonable charge approved by the state records administrator. The administrator may authorize distribution of a certain number of copies of the register without charge to agencies or political subdivisions as deemed economically feasible and appropriate.

- D. The New Mexico register may include a summary or the text of any governor's executive order; a summary, listing or the text of any attorney general's opinion; a calendar listing the date, time and place of all or selected agency rule-making hearings; a list of gubernatorial appointments of state officials and board and commission members; or other material related to administrative law and practice.
- E. The state [records administrator] library and archives commission shall adopt and promulgate rules necessary for the implementation and administration of this section."
- Section 31. A new Section 18-2-3.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
- "18-2-3.1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE. -- Sections 18-2-3.1 through 18-2-18 NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "State Library Act"."
- Section 32. Section 18-2-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1961, Chapter 126, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:
- "18-2-4. DUTIES OF THE STATE LIBRARIAN. -- The state librarian shall:
  - [A. administer the state library;]
  - A. have overall administrative responsiblity for

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carrying out the provisions of the State Library Act;

- B. administer grants-in-aid and encourage local library service and generally promote an effective statewide library system;
  - C. make studies and surveys of public library needs;
- D. supply advice and information to existing libraries and aid in the establishment of new libraries;
- E. obtain each year, from all libraries in the state, reports showing the conditions, growth and development together with such other facts and statistics regarding them as [is] are of public interest;
- F. cooperate with other educational services and governmental agencies of the state and with library agencies of other states and with national library agencies;
- G. cooperate with the administrative services division of the office of cultural affairs in preparing the budget for the state library;
  - H. administer the library extension service;
- [I. make rules and regulations necessary to administer the division and as provided by law and to perform other duties as provided by law; and
- J.] I. establish and administer a library depository and distribution system for state documents and publications; and
- J. promote public education about available library
  services and facilitate public access to and use of public library

services."

Section 33. Section 18-2-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1941, Chapter 129, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"18-2-5. STATE LIBRARY ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY.--The <u>state</u> library <u>and archives</u> division of the office of cultural affairs is designated a state library administrative agency and is empowered to accept gifts or grants of any nature from federal, state, county, local or private agencies for the purpose of carrying on its work. Any grant of money so received shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the <u>state</u> library <u>and archives</u> division and shall be used only for the purpose for which it is given or granted."

Section 34. Section 18-2-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1941, Chapter 129, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:

"18-2-7. CONSTRUCTION OF PROVISIONS OF ACT.--The provisions of [this] the State Library Act shall not divest any state, county, municipal or other governing board or agency of its control and supervision of any library under its jurisdiction except as the provisions of [this] that act apply to the control and management of the state library. Specifically, nothing [herein] in that act is intended to alter or amend the provisions of [Sections 4-10-1 through 4-10-20 New Mexico Statutes Annotated, 1953 Compilation] Chapter 18, Article 1 NMSA 1978."

Section 35. Section 18-2-7.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, Chapter 140, Section 3) is amended to read:

"18-2-7.1. DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM-LIMITATION.--The state library depository shall not engage in the direct distribution of state publications to the general public except in those cases where the state library and archives division does so in the course of operating as a library or a state extension service."

Section 36. Section 18-2-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1947, Chapter 91, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read:

"18-2-18. LIST OF CERTIFICATED LIBRARIANS.--The <u>state</u>
library <u>and archives</u> division of the office of cultural affairs
shall issue annually a list of all persons holding [<del>librarians'</del>]
librarian's certificates."

Section 37. TEMPORARY PROVISION--TRANSFERS OF FUNCTIONS,
PERSONNEL, MONEY, APPROPRIATIONS, PROPERTY, REFERENCES AND
OBLIGATIONS.--

A. On the effective date of this act, functions, personnel, appropriations, money, records, furniture, equipment, supplies and other property of the library division of the office of cultural affairs are transferred to the state library and archives division of the office of cultural affairs. All contracts and other agreements of the library division are binding on the state library and archives division.

B. On the effective date of this act, functions, personnel, appropriations, money, records, furniture, equipment, supplies and other property of the records center are transferred to the state library and archives division of the office of

cultural affairs. All contracts and other agreements of the records center are transferred to the state library and archives division.

C. References in the law to the state commission of public records shall be construed as references to the public records committee. References in the law to the New Mexico state library commission shall be construed as references to the state library and archives commission. References in the law to the library division shall be construed as references to the state library and archives division. References in the law to the records center shall be construed as references to the records center of the state library and archives division of the office of cultural affairs.

Section 38. REPEAL. -- Sections 18-2-1 through 18-2-3 and 18-2-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1941, Chapter 129, Section 1, Laws 1977, Chapter 246, Sections 9 and 10 and Laws 1941, Chapter 129, Section 4, as amended) are repealed.

Section 39. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 1997.

- 37 -