SENATE BILL 1063
43Rd Legislature- STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRst SESSION 1997
INTRODUCED BY
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AN ACT
RELATING TO LI QUOR LICENSING; PROVI DING FOR LOCAL OPTION Referendum ON DRIVE-UP WINDOWS; CREATING COMPENSATING LICENSES; AMENDING SECTIONS OF THE LIQUOR CONTROL ACT.
be It enacted by the legislature of the state of new mexi co: Section 1. [ NEW MATERIAL] COMPENSATING LICENSES...
A. The governing body of a local option district shall prohibit the sale or delivery of alcoholic beverages through a drive-up window of a licensee beginning January 1 , 1998 if the majority of the registered qualified electors in the Iocal option district voting pursuant to Subsection $G$ of Section 60-7A-1 NMSA 1978 on the question, "Shall a retailer or dispenser be allowed to sell or deliver alcoholic beverages at any time from a drive-up window?" votes against allowing sales or deliveries of alcoholic beverages from a drive-up window.
B. A licensee whose sales or deliveries of alcoholic beverages from his licensed premises are primarily conducted through his drive-up window may apply by July 1, 1997 to the director for a compensating license.
C. A compensating license:
(1) permits the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages in unbroken packages for consumption of premises except if issued to a hotel as provided in this section;
(2) may be reserved in the name of a licensee qualified to receive a compensating license for no longer than thirty-six months following the date that the licensee applies for the compensating license, but the compensating license shall be voided and shall not be issued to any person if no license application has been made identifying the proposed premises for which the compensating license will be used within that thirty. six month period;
(3) may be sold or transferred to a second owner or transferred to a new premises only one time after an application has been made to reserve the compensating license and may be located in any local option district in the state, not withstanding the quota provisions of the Liquor Control Act;
(4) is subject to all administrative processes required by the Liquor Control Act to locate a new license in a Iocal option district; and
(5) if issued or sold to a hotel, may be
converted to a dispenser's license without the package sale privileges, but may not be transferred from the licensed premises for which the conversion was made.
D. The director shall not charge a license fee for a compensating license while it is held in reserve for a licensee. A license fee shall be due and payable by the new licensee when the license is sold or transferred to a new owner or when the licensee opens a licensed premises pursuant to the compensating license.
E. As used in this section:
(1) "compensating license" means a retailer's
license that is reserved for or issued to a licensee by the department to compensate that licensee for the loss he may suffer when required by the governing body of a local option district pursuant to a referendum prohibiting the sale or delivery of alcoholic beverages from a drive-up window to close the licensee's drive-up window; and
(2) "primarily conducted" means that greater than fifty percent of the gross receipts generated by a icensee are generated through sales or deliveries of alcoholic beverages through the licensee's drive-up window.

Section 2. Section 60-6A-15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981,
Chapter 39, Section 32, as amended) is amended to read:
"60-6A-15. LICENSE FEES.-.Every application for the issuance or annual renewal of the following licenses shall be
accompanied by a license fee in the following specified amounts:
A. manufacturer's license as a distiller, except a brandy manufacturer, three thousand dollars (\$3,000);
B. manufacturer's license as a brewer, three thousand dollars (\$3,000);
C. manufacturer's license as a rectifier, one thousand fifty dollars (\$1,050);
D. wholesaler's license to sell all alcoholic beverages for resale only, two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500);
E. wholesaler's license to sell spirituous liquors and wine for resale only, one thousand seven hundred fifty dollars (\$1,750);
F. wholesaler's license to sell spirituous liquors for resale only, one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500);
G. wholesaler's license to sell beer and wine for resale only, one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500);
H. wholesaler's license to sell beer for resale only, one thousand dollars (\$1,000);

1. wholesaler's license to sell wine for resale only, seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750);
J. retailer's license, one thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1, 250);
K. dispenser's license, one thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1, 250);
L. canopy license, one thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250);
M. restaurant license, one thousand dollars (\$1,000);
N. club license, one thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250);
2. wine bottler's license to sell to wholesalers only, five hundred dollars (\$500);
P. public service license, one thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1, 250);
Q. nonresident licenses, for a total billing to New Mexico wholesalers in excess of:
$\$ 3,000,000$ annually . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 3,500$;
1, 000, 000 annually. . . . . . . . . . . 1,750 ;
500,000 annually. . . . . . . . . . . 1,250 ;
200,000 annually........ . . . . . 900 ;
100, 000 annually. . . . . . . . . . . 600; and
50, 000 or less annually . . . . . . . . . . 300 ;
R. wine wholesaler's license, for persons with sales of five thousand gallons of wine per year or less, twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), and for persons with sales in excess of five thousand gallons of wine per year, one hundred dollars (\$100); [ and ]
S. beer bottler's license, two hundred dollars
(\$200); and
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T. compensating license, one thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250).

Section 3. Section 60-7A-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981, Chapter 39, Section 47, as amended) is amended to read:
"60-7A-1. HOURS AND DAYS OF BUSINESS--SUNDAY SALES-- DRIVEUP WI NDOW SALES--CHRISTMAS DAY SALES--SUNDAY SALES FOR CONSUMPTION OFF THE LICENSED PREMISES.-ELECTIONS...
A. Alcoholic beverages shall be sold, served and consumed on licensed premises only during the following hours and days:
(1) on Mondays from 7:00 a.m. until midnight;
(2) on other weekdays from after midnight of the previous day until 2:00 a.m., then from 7:00 a.m. until midnight, except as provided in Subsections $D, E$ and $H$ of this section; and
(3) on Sundays only after midnight of the previous day until 2:00 a.m., except as provided in Subsections $C$ and $F$ of this section; provided, however, nothing in this section shall prohibit the consumption at any time of alcoholic beverages in guest rooms of hotels.
B. Alcoholic beverages shall be sold by a dispenser or a retailer in unbroken packages, for consumption off the licensed premises and not for resale, on Mondays through Saturdays from 7:00 a.m. until 12:00 a. m. on the following day, except as provided in Subsections $D, E$ and $H$ of this section.
C. Subject to the provisions of Subsections $F$ and of this section, a dispenser, restaurant licensee or club may, upon payment of an additional fee of one hundred dollars (\$100), obtain a permit to sell, serve or permit the consumption of alcoholic beverages by the drink on the licensed premises on Sundays from 12:00 noon until midnight and in those years when December 31 falls on $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sunday, from 12:00 noon until 2:00 a.m. }\end{aligned}$ of the following day, except as otherwise provided in Subsection F of this section. The permit shall expire on June 30 of each year and may be renewed from year to year upon application for renewal and payment of the required fee. The permit fee shall not be prorated. Sales made pursuant to this subsection or Subsection 1 of this section shall be called "Sunday sales".
D. Retailers, dispensers, canopy licensees, restaurant licensees, club licensees and governmental licensees or its lessees shall not sell, serve, deliver or allow the consumption of alcoholic beverages on the licensed premises during voting hours on the days of the primary election, general election, elections for of ficers of a muicipality or any other election as prescribed by the rules and regulations of the director.
E. Retailers, dispensers, canopy licensees that were replaced by dispenser's licensees pursuant to Section 60-6B-16 NMSA 1978, restaurant licensees, club licensees and governmental licensees or its lessees shall not sell, serve, deliver or allow
the consumption of alcoholic beverages on the licensed premises from 2:00 a.m. on Christmas day until 7:00 a.m. on the day after Christmas, except as permitted pursuant to Subsection H of this section.
F. At the 1984 general election, the secretary of state shall order placed on the ballot in each local option district the question "Shall Sunday sales of alcoholic beverages by the drink for consumption on the licensed premises of licensees be allowed in this local option district?". If the secretary of state determines a need, he may horize the use of paper ballots for the purpose of the election provided for pursuant to this subsection. Until such election, Sunday sales shall be permitted on the same basis in any local option district as provided under any former act, and the election held at the first general election following the effective date of the Liquor Control Act shall have no effect on whether Sunday sales are permitted in any local option district. If the question is disapproved by a majority of those voting upon the question in the local option district, Sunday sales shall be unlawf ul in that local option district upon certification of the election returns, and the question shall not again be placed on the ballot in that local option district until:
(1) at least one year has passed; and
(2) a petition is filed with the local
governing body bearing the signatures of registered qualified .114951 .1
electors of the local option district equal in number to ten percent of the number of votes cast and counted in the local option district for governor in the last preceding general election in which a governor was elected. The signatures on the petition shall be verified by the clerk of the county in which the local option district is situated.
G. The local governing body of a local option district [in an eligiblecounty] shall:
(1) adopt a resolution within [sixty] ninety days of [Apri] 7, 1989] following Luly 1, 1997 calling for an election to place on the ballot the question "Shall a retailer or di spenser be allowed to sell or deliver alcoholic beverages at any time from a drive-up window?";
(2) arrange for the election to be held [ sixty days after the date the resolution is adopted] in conjunction with the next regular election of the governing body or the next statewide general election following adoption of the resolution; and
(3) ensure that the election is called, conducted, counted and canvassed in the manner provided by I aw for elections within the county.
[As used in this subsection, "eligible county" means any
Eounty that, according to motor vehicle statistics reported to
the state highway and transportation department during the years
1985 and 1986, convicted more than twenty five persons for each
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one thousand licensed drivers of driving while intoxicated offenses.]
H. On and after July 1, 1989, dispensers, canopy Iicensees that were replaced by dispenser's licensees pursuant to Section 60-6B-16 NMSA 1978, restaurant licensees, club Iicensees and governmental licensees or lessees of these Iicensees may sell, serve or allow the consumption of beer and wine with meals on licensed premi ses from noon until 10:00 p.m. on Christmas day, except in a local option district in which, pursuant to petition and election under this subsection, a majority of the voters voting on the question votes against continuing such sales or consumption on Christmas day. An election shall be held on the question of whether to continue to allow the sale, service or consumption of beer and wine with meals on licensed premises from noon until 10:00 p.m. on Christmas day in a local option district, if a petition requesting the governing body of that district to call the election is signed by at least ten percent of the registered voters of the district and is filed with the clerk of the governing body of the district. Upon verification by the clerk that the petition contains the required number of signatures of registered voters, the governing body shall adopt a resolution calling an election on the question of allowing the sale, service or consumption of beer and wine with meals on licensed premises from noon until 10:00 p.m. on Christmas day. The
election shall be held within sixty days after the date the petition is verified, or it may be held in conjunction with a regular election of the governing body if that election occurs within sixty days of such verification. The election shall be called, conducted, counted and canvassed in substantially the same manner as provided for general elections in the county under the Election Code or for special municipal elections in a municipality under the Municipal Election Code. If a majority of the voters voting on the question votes against continuing the sale, service or consumption of beer and wine with meals on I icensed premi ses from noon until 10:00 p.m. on Christmas day, then such sales and consumption shall be prohibited. If a majority of the voters voting on the question votes to allow continued sale, service and consumption of beer and wine with meals on licensed premises from noon until 10:00 p.m. on Christmas day, then such sales and consumption shall be allowed to continue. The question then shall not be submitted again to the voters within two years of the date of the a a election on the question.

1. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection $\begin{gathered}\text { of }\end{gathered}$ this section, any Indian tribe or pueblo whose ands are wholly situated within the state that has, by statute, ordinance or resolution, elected to permit the sale, possession or consumption of alcoholic beverages on I ands within the territorial boundaries of the tribe or pueblo may, by statute,
ordinance or resol ution of the governing body of the Indian tribe or pueblo, permit Sunday sales by the drink on the I icensed premises of licensees on lands within the territorial boundaries of the tribe or pueblo; provided that a certified copy of such enactment is filed with the office of the director and of the secretary of state.
J. Subject to the provisions of Subsection $K$ of this section, a dispenser or retailer, upon payment of an additional fee of one hundred dollars (\$100), may obtain a permit to sell alcoholic beverages in unbroken packages for consumption of the I icensed premises on Sundays from 12:00 noon until midnight, and in those years when December 31 falls on $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sunday, from 12:00 }\end{aligned}$ noon on December 31 until 2:00 a.m. of the following day. The permit shall expire on June 30 of each year and may be renewed fromyear to year upon application for renewal and payment of the required fee. The permit fee shall not be prorated. Sales made pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall be called "Sunday package sales".
K. If a petition requesting the governing body of a Iocal option district to call an election on the question of continuing to allow sales of alcoholic beverages in unbroken packages for consumption of the licensed premises on Sundays is filed with the clerk of the governing body and that petition is signed by at least $t e n$ percent of the number of registered voters of the local option district and the clerk of the
governing body verifies the petition signatures, the governing body shall adopt a resolution calling an election on the question. The election shall be held within sixty days of the date the petition is verified, or it may be held in conjunction with a regular election of the governing body, if the regular election occurs within sixty days of the petition verification. The election shall be called, conducted, counted and canvassed substantially in the manner provided by law for general elections within a county or special municipal elections within a municipality. If a majority of the voters of the local option district voting in the election votes to allow the sale of alcoholic beverages in unbroken packages for consumption of the licensed premises, then those sales shall continue to be allowed. If a majority of the voters of the local option district voting in the election votes not to allow the Sunday package sales, then those Sunday package sales shall be prohibited commencing the first Sunday after the results of the election are certified. Following the election, the question of allowing the Sunday package sales shall not be submitted again to the voters within two years of the date of the last election on the question."

Section 4. EFFECTIVE DATE... The effective date of the provisions of this act is July $1,1997$.

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