| 1 | SENATE BILL 1125 |
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| 2 | 43rd LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 1997 |
| 3 | INTRODUCED BY |
| 4 | FERNANDO R. MACIAS |
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| 8 | FOR THE COURTS, CORRECTIONS AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMITTEE |
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| 10 | AN ACT |
| 11 | RELATING TO CRIMINAL SENTENCING; ENACTING THE RACIAL JUSTICE |
| 12 | ACT; PROHIBITING THE IMPOSITION OF CAPITAL PUNISHMENT ON THE |
| 13 | BASIS OF A DEFENDANT'S RACE OR ETHNICITY; MAKING AN |
| 14 | APPROPRIATION. |
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| 16 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: |
| 17 | Section 1. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] SHORT TITLESections 1 |
| 18 | through 8 of this act may be cited as the "Racial Justice Act". |
| 19 | Section 2. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] PROHIBITION AGAINST CAPITAL |
| 20 | PUNISHMENT ON THE BASIS OF A DEFENDANT'S RACE OR ETHNICITY A |
| 21 | defendant shall not be put to death under color of state or |
| 22 | federal law as the result of a sentence imposed on the basis of |
| 23 | the defendant's race or ethnicity. |
| 24 | Section 3. [<u>NEW MATERIAL]</u> ESTABLISHMENT OF INFERENCEAn |
| 25 | inference that a defendant was sentenced to death on the basis |
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of the defendant's race or ethnicity is established if relevant evidence is presented to demonstrate that, at the time the defendant was sentenced to death, race or ethnicity was a statistically significant factor in other capital felony cases in the jurisdiction.

Section 4. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] RELEVANT EVIDENCE. -- Relevant evidence necessary to establish an inference that a defendant was sentenced to death on the basis of the defendant's race or ethnicity may include evidence that death sentences in other cases in the jurisdiction were:

A. sought on a statistically significant greater frequency against defendants of a certain race or ethnicity as compared to defendants of another race or ethnicity; or

B. imposed on a statistically significant greater frequency against defendants of a certain race or ethnicity as compared to defendants of another race or ethnicity.

Section 5. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] DETERMINATION OF VALIDITY OF THE EVIDENCE--REVIEW OF DETERMINATION.--

A. When evidence is presented to establish an inference that a defendant was sentenced to death on the basis of the defendant's race or ethnicity, the district court shall determine the validity of the evidence and whether it establishes the inference. Among other evidence it may consider, the district court shall analyze evidence of statutory aggravating circumstances present in other capital felony cases

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in the jurisdiction and compare the final disposition of other capital felony cases in the jurisdiction involving defendants of different races or ethnic backgrounds with the instant capital felony case.

B. At the request of the prosecuting attorney or defense counsel, the district court's determination regarding the validity of evidence offered to establish an inference that a defendant was sentenced to death based upon the defendant's race or ethnicity is subject to de novo review by the supreme court.

Section 6. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] REBUTTAL OF INFERENCE. --

A. When an inference is established that a defendant was sentenced to death based upon his race or ethnicity, the sentence of death shall not be carried out unless the state successfully rebuts the inference by a preponderance of the evidence.

B. The state cannot rely upon a mere assertion that it did not intend to discriminate on the basis of race or ethnicity when imposing a sentence of death on a defendant.

Section 7. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] CAPITAL FELONY CASES--DATA--SERVICES--COSTS.--Data collected by public officials regarding factors relevant to the imposition of a sentence of death in capital felony cases shall be available to the public. A defendant in a capital felony case who is indigent shall be provided with legal representation and access to all facilities

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and services necessary to present a defense. The cost of
 providing an indigent person with the services necessary to
 present a defense shall be compensated from the state general
 fund.

Section 8. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] AFFECT ON OTHER CAPITAL FELONY
CASES. -- The Racial Justice Act shall not be interpreted to
affect the validity of a sentence of death imposed on a
defendant in a capital felony case when the sentence was not
based upon the defendant's race or ethnicity.

Section 9. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 1997.

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<u> Underscored mterial = new</u> [bracketed mterial] = delete . 117449. 1