1	HOUSE BILL 36					
2	44TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 1999					
3	INTRODUCED BY					
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10	AN ACT					
11	RELATING TO TELECOMMUNICATIONS; CREATING CRIMES; ENACTING THE					
12	CRAMMING AND SLAMMING ACT; PRESCRIBING POWERS AND DUTIES OF					
13	THE PUBLIC REGULATION COMMISSION; PROHIBITING CERTAIN					
14	PRACTICES; PROVIDING FOR REVOCATION OF A CERTIFICATE OF					
15	AUTHORITY OR CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY					
16	FOR CERTAIN ACTS; MAKING CERTAIN ACTIONS SUBJECT TO THE UNFAIR					
17	PRACTICES ACT; PRESCRIBING CRIMINAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE					
18	PENALTIES; AMENDING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.					
19						
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:					
21	Section 1. A new section of the Criminal Code is enacted					
22	to read:					
23	"[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] TELECOMMUNICATIONS FRAUDUNAUTHORIZED					
24	CHANGE IN TELECOMMUNICATIONS PROVIDER UNAUTHORIZED CHARGES ON					
25	TELEPHONE BILL					
	. 125644. 1					

<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete

1	Λ As used in this section:					
	A. As used in this section:					
2	(1) "billing aggregator" means a person that					
3	bills customers for telecommunications services or					
4	telecommunications and nontelecommunications services that are					
5	provided by others;					
6	(2) "customer" means the person whose name					
7	appears on the telephone bill or the person who is responsible					
8	for payment of the telephone bill;					
9	(3) "telecommunications provider" means a					
10	telephone company, transmission company, telecommunications					
11	common carrier, telecommunications company, cellular or other					
12	wireless telecommunications service company, cable television					
13	service or telecommunications reseller; and					
14	(4) "telecommunications service" means the					
15	transmission of signs, signals, writings, images, sounds,					
16	messages, data or other information of any nature by wire,					
17	radio, lightwaves or other electromagnetic means.					
18	B. It is unlawful for a telecommunications					
19	provider or billing aggregator to:					
20	(1) intentionally charge a customer for					
21	telecommunications services or other services that were not					
22	authorized by the customer; or					
23	(2) intentionally change a customer's					
24	telecommunications provider or bill a customer for a change in					
25	telecommunications provider without prior authorization for					
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<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed mterial] = delete 1 the change from the customer.

2 **C**. A telecommunications provider or billing aggregator shall be held responsible for the actions of its 3 4 employees, affiliates, agents and contractors. 5 D. A telecommunications provider or billing aggregator that violates the provisions of Subsection B of 6 7 this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction 8 shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand 9 dollars (\$1,000) for each unauthorized charge or change in 10 telecommunications provider." [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE. -- Sections 2 11 Section 2. 12 through 11 of this act may be cited as the "Cramming and 13 Slamming Act". 14 Section 3. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] DEFINITIONS. -- As used in the Cramming and Slamming Act: 15 "commission" means the public regulation 16 A. commi ssi on; 17 18 "cramming" means intentionally charging a **B**. 19 customer for telecommunications services that were not 20 authorized by the customer; C. "customer" means the person whose name appears 21 22 on the telephone bill or the person who is responsible for 23 payment of the telephone bill; "local exchange service" means the transmission 24 D. 25 of two-way interactive voice communications within a local .125644.1- 3 -

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exchange area described in maps, tariffs or rate schedules filed with the commission where local exchange rates apply;

E. "slamming" means intentionally changing a customer's telecommunications provider or billing a customer for a change in telecommunications provider without prior authorization for the change from the customer;

F. "telecommunications provider" means a telephone company, transmission company, telecommunications common carrier, telecommunications company, cellular or other wireless telecommunications service company, cable television service or telecommunications reseller;

G. "telecommunications service" means the transmission of signs, signals, writings, images, sounds, messages, data or other information of any nature by wire, radio, lightwaves or other electromagnetic means or goods and services related to the transmission of information that are provided by the telecommunications provider, but a good or service that does not meet the definition of "telecommunications service" does not become a telecommunications service merely because it is bundled with a telecommunications service for marketing or billing purposes; and

H. "unauthorized charge" means a charge for a telecommunications service that a customer did not order, but does not include a charge for the use of an authorized

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telecommunications service.

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Section 4. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] TELECOMMUNICATIONS PROVIDERS--LIABILITY--COMMISSION ENFORCEMENT--REMEDIES NOT EXCLUSIVE.--

A. A telecommunications provider may be held liable for the actions of its employees, affiliates, agents and contractors.

B. The commission shall enforce the provisions of the Cramming and Slamming Act against a telecommunications provider regulated in whole or in part by the commission or against a telecommunications provider over whom the commission is given regulatory authority by state or federal law.

C. Nothing in the Cramming and Slamming Act affects any other remedies available in law.

Section 5. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] CHANGE IN SERVICE OR PROVIDER--TELEPHONE BILLS.--

A. A charge for telecommunications service or a change in telecommunications provider shall be conspicuously indicated on the customer's telephone bill in clear, unambiguous language and easily legible type. New telecommunications services or a new telecommunications provider shall be clearly indicated as "new" on the telephone bill. Charges for local exchange service shall be itemized separately from charges for other telecommunications services.

B. Charges for goods or services that are not a telecommunications service shall not be included on a

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<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed mterial] = delete customer's telephone bill. Inclusion of those charges on a customer's telephone bill is cramming.

C. If a customer disputes a charge or change in telecommunications provider, the billing telecommunications provider shall require verification from the initiating telecommunications provider that the charge or change in telecommunications provider was authorized by the customer before attempting to collect for the charge or change. The billing telecommunications provider shall not prorate a customer's payment to include a disputed charge or change until it has been verified.

D. A local exchange service provider shall not disconnect or threaten to disconnect a customer's local exchange service because the customer refuses to pay for cramming or slamming.

Section 6. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] SALES TO BE IN CLEAR LANGUAGE--FALSE OR MISLEADING INFORMATION--VERIFICATION--UNAUTHORIZED CHARGE OR CHANGE--WRITTEN NOTIFICATION.--

A. As used in this section, "seller" means a telecommunications provider or other person that sells telecommunications services.

B. The telecommunications provider shall approve all sales scripts and written materials used by sellers.

C. A seller that attempts to persuade a customer to purchase telecommunications services or change his .125644.1

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2 reasonably ensure that he is talking to the customer and not someone who cannot authorize a telecommunications service or 3 4 change in telecommunications provider. 5 6 (1) 7 which he works: 8 (2)9 10 11 purchase; and 12 (3) 13 14 D. 15 16 **bracketed mterial**] = delete 17 underscored material = new 18 19 Ε. 20 21 22 23 24 25 to the customer within seventy-two hours.

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at a minimum, clearly and unambiguously: identify himself and the company for identify the telecommunications provider that he is asking the customer to use or the telecommunications service he is asking the customer to explain the material terms and price of the purchase or change in telecommunications provider. A seller shall not use false or misleading information or tactics that would be considered by a prudent person to be pressure tactics to convince the customer to purchase a telecommunications service or change a telecommunications provider.

telecommunications provider shall make adequate inquiry to

The seller shall also,

When a seller contacts a customer by telephone solicitation to sell a telecommunications service or change in telecommunications provider, the seller shall provide for third-party verification that clearly and unambiguously restates the agreed-upon material terms and price of the purchase or change. A copy of the agreement shall be mailed

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1 F. When selling through a written medium, the 2 seller shall ensure that the entire written agreement the 3 customer signs is in an easily readable format and font and explains the material terms and price of the 4 5 telecommunications service to be provided. The written agreement cannot differ substantively from the oral sales 6 7 discussion with the customer. A copy of the signed agreement 8 shall be provided to the customer at the time the customer 9 signs the agreement.

G. If the provisions of this section are not complied with, the telecommunications provider is deemed to have billed for an unauthorized charge or unauthorized change in telecommunications provider.

Section 7. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] UNAUTHORIZED CHARGES--DELETION FROM BILL OR PAYMENT--HOLD HARMLESS--FAILURE TO PAY CONSTITUTES CRAMMING.--

A. When notified by a customer of a claimed unauthorized charge on his telephone bill, the telecommunications provider that submitted the charge has three business days to investigate the claim and make a determination. If the charge is found to have been authorized and is correct, the telecommunications provider may sustain the charge. If the charge is found to have been unauthorized, the telecommunications provider shall:

(1) if the customer did not pay the

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unauthorized charge, notify the billing telecommunications provider to delete the charge from the customer's telephone bill and hold the customer harmless for any costs associated with the unauthorized charge;

if the customer paid the unauthorized (2) charge, hold the customer harmless for any costs associated 6 7 with the unauthorized charge and either return the amount paid 8 or credit the customer's telephone bill as the customer 9 chooses: and

10 pay to the billing telecommunications (3) 11 provider the administrative costs of changing the customer's 12 telephone bill.

B. Failure to promptly delete an unauthorized charge or pay the costs of an unauthorized charge constitutes cramming.

[NEW MATERIAL] UNAUTHORIZED CHANGE IN Section 8. PROVIDER--AUTOMATIC SWITCHBACK AND PAYMENT--HOLD HARMLESS--FAILURE TO PAY CONSTITUTES SLAMMING. --

When notified by a customer of a claimed A. unauthorized change in telecommunications provider, the telecommunications provider that benefited from the change has three business days to investigate the claim and make a determination. If the change is found to have been authorized and is correct, the telecommunications provider may sustain any charges for telecommunications services used by the . 125644. 1

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1 customer, and it shall switch the customer back to his 2 previously selected telecommunications provider. If the change is found to have been unauthorized, the 3 telecommunications provider shall: 4 (1)switch the customer back to the 5 previously selected telecommunications provider; 6 7 (2)hold the customer harmless for any switching fees or other costs, the value of any lost premiums 8 9 to which the customer would have been entitled and, if the customer paid the unauthorized telecommunications provider for 10 11 telecommunications services, either return the amount paid or 12 credit the customer's telephone bill as the customer chooses; 13 (3)pay to the authorized telecommunications 14 provider the cost of billed charges and hold that telecommunications provider harmless for the cost of switching 15 16 fees, administrative costs or other costs incurred because of 17 the unauthorized change, if the customer did not pay for 18 charges billed by the unauthorized telecommunications 19 provider; and 20 (4) pay to the billing telecommunications 21 provider the administrative costs of changing and reinstating 22 the customer's telecommunications provider. 23 B. Failure to promptly switch a customer back to 24 his authorized telecommunications provider or to pay the costs 25 of an unauthorized change of telecommunications provider

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<mark>underscored material = new</mark> [bracketed mterial] = delete **1** constitutes slamming.

[NEW MATERIAL] SWEEPSTAKES AND CONTEST ENTRY 2 Section 9. FORMS--USE CONSTITUTES CRAMMING OR SLAMMING. --A 3 4 telecommunications provider shall not use a sweepstakes, 5 contest or drawing entry form as authorization to change or add telecommunications services to a customer's telephone bill 6 7 or change a customer's telecommunications provider. Use of 8 such form constitutes cramming or slamming, as applicable. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] CRAMMING OR SLAMMING 9 Section 10. 10 PROHIBITED -- COMPLAINTS FILED WITH COMMISSION -- ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES. - -11 12 A. Cramming or slamming is prohibited. 13 B. A customer or a telecommunications provider may 14 file a complaint with the commission alleging cramming or 15 slamming by a telecommunications provider. 16 Complaints shall be in a form prescribed by the С. 17 commission. The commission shall provide by rule for the 18 filing, investigation and hearing of complaints filed in 19 accordance with the provisions of the Cramming and Slamming 20 The rules shall provide for adequate notice to the Act. 21 complainants and the telecommunications provider and shall 22 provide both an opportunity to be heard. The commission may 23 combine complaints filed against the same telecommunications 24 provider.

D. If the commission finds after investigation and . 125644.1

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1 hearing that a telecommunications provider engaged in cramming 2 or slamming, it may: 3 (1) assess an administrative penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each occurrence of 4 5 cramming or slamming; or suspend or revoke the telecommunications 6 (2)7 provider's certificate of authority or certificate of public 8 convenience and necessity for a deliberate and pervasive 9 pattern of cramming or slamming. 10 A person aggrieved by an order of the Ε. 11 commission may appeal the order to the district court as 12 provided in Section 39-3-1.1 NMSA 1978. 13 F. The administrative penalty provided for in this 14 section is in addition to any other penalties that may be 15 imposed pursuant to any other state law. 16 [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] DEFENSE. -- It is a defense for Section 11. 17 the telecommunications provider to show through the use of 18 tape recordings, signed agreements, third-party verification 19 that meets federal requirements or other means that the 20 customer knowingly authorized the purchase of 21 telecommunications services or the change in 22 telecommunications provider. 23 Section 12. Section 57-12-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, 24 Chapter 268, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read: 25 "57-12-2. DEFINITIONS. -- As used in the Unfair Practices . 125644. 1

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Act:

A. "person" includes, where applicable, natural persons, corporations, trusts, partnerships, associations, cooperative associations, clubs, companies, firms, joint ventures or syndicates;

B. "seller-initiated telephone sale" means a sale, lease or rental of goods or services in which the seller or his representative solicits the sale by telephoning the prospective purchaser and in which the sale is consummated entirely by telephone or mail, but does not include a transaction:

(1) in which a person solicits a sale from a prospective purchaser who has previously made an authorized purchase from the seller's business; or

(2) in which the purchaser is accorded the right of rescission by the provisions of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. 1635 or regulations issued pursuant thereto;

C. "trade" or "commerce" includes the advertising, offering for sale, sale or distribution of any services and any property and any other article, commodity or thing of value, including any trade or commerce directly or indirectly affecting the people of this state;

D. "unfair or deceptive trade practice" means any false or misleading oral or written statement, visual

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<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed mterial] = delete 1 description or other representation of any kind knowingly made 2 in connection with the sale, lease, rental or loan of goods or services or in the extension of credit or in the collection of 3 4 debts by any person in the regular course of his trade or 5 commerce, which may, tends to or does deceive or mislead any person and includes but is not limited to: 6

7 (1) representing goods or services as those 8 of another when the goods or services are not the goods or 9 services of another;

causing confusion or misunderstanding as 10 (2)to the source, sponsorship, approval or certification of goods 12 or services:

13 causing confusion or misunderstanding as (3) 14 to affiliation, connection or association with or certification by another; 15

(4) using deceptive representations or designations of geographic origin in connection with goods or services:

representing that goods or services have (5) sponsorship, approval, characteristics, ingredients, uses, benefits or quantities that they do not have or that a person has a sponsorship, approval, status, affiliation or connection that he does not have:

representing that goods are original or (6) new if they are deteriorated, altered, reconditioned,

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1 reclaimed, used or secondhand;

2 representing that goods or services are (7) of a particular standard, quality or grade or that goods are 3 of a particular style or model if they are of another; 4 (8) disparaging the goods, services or 5 business of another by false or misleading representations; 6 7 (9) offering goods or services with intent not to supply them in the quantity requested by the 8 9 prospective buyer to the extent of the stock available, unless the purchaser is purchasing for resale; 10 11 (10)offering goods or services with intent 12 not to supply reasonable expectable public demand; 13 making false or misleading statements of (11)14 fact concerning the price of goods or services, the prices of competitors or one's own price at a past or future time or the 15 16 reasons for, existence of or amounts of price reduction; 17 (12)making false or misleading statements of 18 fact for the purpose of obtaining appointments for the 19 demonstration, exhibition or other sales presentation of goods 20 or services: 21 (13)packaging goods for sale in a container 22 that bears a trademark or trade name identified with goods 23 formerly packaged in the container, without authorization, 24 unless the container is labeled or marked to disclaim a 25 connection between the contents and the trademark or trade . 125644. 1 - 15 -

<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete

1 name: 2 (14)using exaggeration, innuendo or ambiguity as to a material fact or failing to state a material 3 4 fact if doing so deceives or tends to deceive; 5 stating that a transaction involves (15)rights, remedies or obligations that it does not involve; 6 7 (16)stating that services, replacements or repairs are needed if they are not needed; [or] 8 9 (17)failure to deliver the quality or quantity of goods or services contracted for; [and] 10 11 misrepresenting the terms, conditions or (18) 12 price of an offer to change a person's telecommunications 13 provider or change or add telecommunications service; or 14 (19) making false or misleading statements or otherwise misrepresenting or deceiving a person in order to 15 16 have the person change his telecommunications provider or 17 agree to a change or addition to telecommunications service; 18 and 19 Ε. "unconscionable trade practice" means any act 20 or practice in connection with the sale, lease, rental or 21 loan, or in connection with the offering for sale, lease, 22 rental or loan, of any goods or services or in the extension 23 of credit or in the collection of debts which to a person's 24 detriment:

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(1) takes advantage of the lack of knowledge,

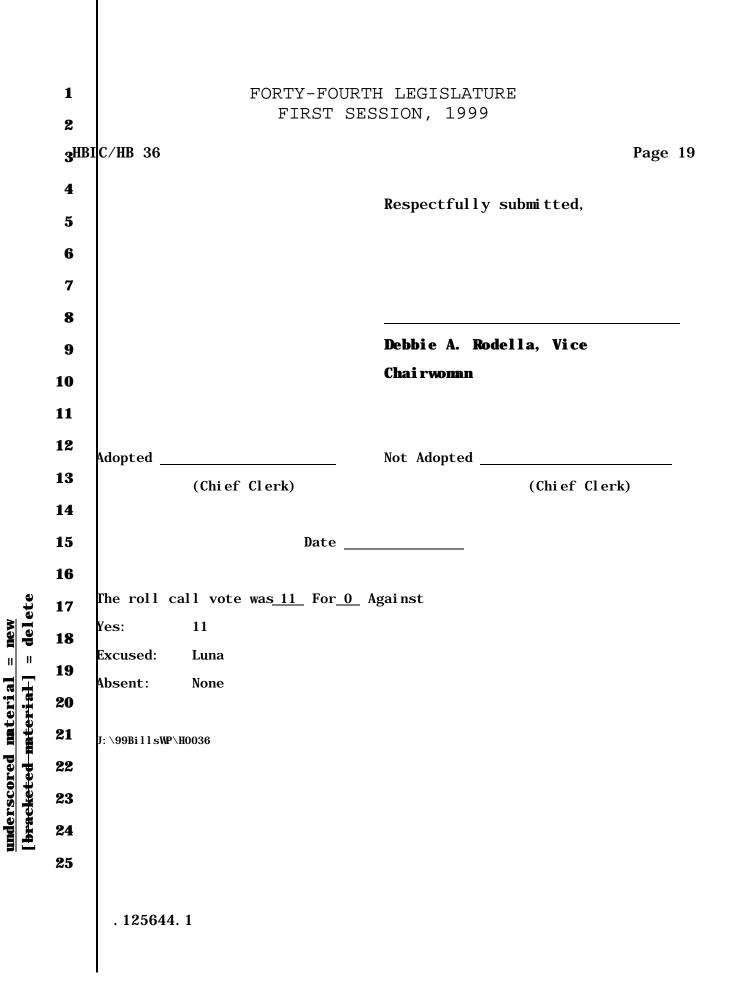
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		1	ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly
		2	unfair degree; [or]
		3	(2) results in a gross disparity between the
		4	value received by a person and the price paid; <u>or</u>
		5	(3) results in an unauthorized change in the
		6	<u>person's telephone provider or an unauthorized change or</u>
		7	addition to telecommunications service."
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1	FORTY-FOURTH LEGI SLATURE					
2	FIRST SESSION, 1999					
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6	February 9, 1999					
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8	Mr. Speaker:					
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10	Your BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY COMMITTEE, to whom has					
11	been referred					
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13	HOUSE BILLS 36 AND 404					
14	has had it under consideration and reports same with					
15 16	recommendation that it DO NOT PASS , but that					
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17	HOUSE BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE					
10	FOR HOUSE BILLS 36 AND 404					
20	DO PASS, and thence referred to the JUDICIARY					
20 21	COMMITTEE.					
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HOUSE BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILLS 36 & 404 A4TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 1995 FREATING TO TELECOMMUNICATIONS; PROHIBITING CRAMMING AND SLAMMING; ABSOLVING CUSTOMERS OF CERTAIN LIABILITIES; PROVIDING POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE PUBLIC REGULATION COMMISSION; PROVIDING FOR SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF CERTIFICATES OF AUTHORITY OR CERTIFICATES OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY; LIMITING CAUSES OF ACTION; PROVIDING PENALTIES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: Section 1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE, Sections 1 through 9 of this act may be cited as the "Cramming and Slamming Act". Section 2. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS, As used in the Cramming and Slamming Act: A. "billing aggregator" means a person that bills customers for goods or services provided by others and that uses a local exchange company as a billing agent; B. "commission" means the public regulation			
A4TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 1999 AN ACT RELATING TO TELECOMMUNICATIONS; PROHIBITING CRAMMING AND SLAMMING; ABSOLVING CUSTOMERS OF CERTAIN LIABILITIES; PROVIDING POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE PUBLIC REGULATION COMMISSION; PROVIDING FOR SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF CERTIFICATES OF AUTHORITY OR CERTIFICATES OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY; LIMITING CAUSES OF ACTION; PROVIDING PENALTIES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: Section 1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE Sections 1 through 9 of this act may be cited as the "Cramming and Slamming Act". Section 2. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS As used in the forming and Slamming Act: A. "billing aggregator" means a person that bills customers for goods or services provided by others and that uses a local exchange company as a billing agent; B. "commission" means the public regulation			
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C. "cramming" means:

(1) originating a charge to a customer for telecommunications services that were not authorized by the customer;

(2) originating a charge to a customer forgoods or services that are not telecommunications services; or

 (3) using a sweepstakes, contest or drawing entry form as authorization to change or add telecommunications services to a customer's telephone bill;

D. "customer" means the person whose name appears on the telephone bill or the person responsible for payment of the telephone bill;

E. "local exchange company" means a provider that provides local exchange services;

F. "local exchange services" means the transmission of two-way interactive communications within a local exchange area described in maps, tariffs or rate schedules filed with the commission where local exchange rates apply;

G. "provider" means a telephone company, transmission company, telecommunications common carrier, telecommunications company, cellular or other wireless telecommunications service company, cable television service, telecommunications reseller, billing aggregator or other person that bills directly or has a billing contract with a local exchange company;

H. "slamming" means:

(1) originating a change in a customer'sprovider without the customer's authorization; or

(2) using a sweepstakes, contest or drawing entry form as authorization to change a customer's provider;
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I. "telecommunications service" means the transmission of signs, signals, writings, images, sounds, messages, data or other information of any nature by wire, radio, lightwaves or other electromagnetic means or goods and services related to the transmission of information that are provided by the provider; provided that a good or service that does not meet the definition of "telecommunications service" does not become a telecommunications service merely because it is bundled with a telecommunications service for marketing or billing purposes.

Section 3. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] COMMISSION POWERS AND DUTIES.--

A. The commission has jurisdiction over a billing aggregator to the extent of the billing aggregator's participation in billing for telecommunications services or other goods or services through a customer's telephone bill. Billing aggregators are subject to the provisions of the Cramming and Slamming Act.

B. The commission shall enforce the provisions of the Cramming and Slamming Act against anyone regulated in whole or in part by the commission or over whom the commission is given regulatory authority by state or federal law.

C. The commission may hold a provider liable for the actions of its employees, officers, affiliates and agents. Section 4. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] RULES TO IMPLEMENT ACT.--The commission shall promulgate:

A. rules on what constitutes authorization of a

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B. rules and standards on responsibilities of parties in cramming and slamming;

C. rules to establish an expedited consideration process for resolution of complaints filed with the commission, including the filing and investigation of complaints; and

D. other rules needed to implement the provisions of the Cramming and Slamming Act.

Section 5. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] COMPLAINTS FILED WITH COMMISSION--RULES--ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES.--

A. The following acts are prohibited:

(1) cramming or slamming; and

(2) disconnecting or threatening to disconnect a customer's local exchange service because the customer refuses to pay charges resulting from cramming or slamming and the local exchange company has been notified of the cramming or slamming.

B. A customer or provider may file a complaint with the commission alleging cramming or slamming. A customer may file a complaint alleging disconnection or threats of disconnection to local exchange service. The commission may combine complaints.

C. If the commission finds after investigation and hearing that a provider engaged in cramming or slamming or

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disconnected or threatened to disconnect a customer's local
 exchange service, it may:

(1) assess an administrative penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each occurrence of cramming or slamming or for each disconnection or threat to disconnect; or

6 (2) after other sanctions have failed,
7 suspend or revoke the provider's certificate of authority or
8 certificate of public convenience and necessity for a
9 deliberate pattern of cramming or slamming or disconnection or
10 threat of disconnection.

D. A person aggrieved by an order of the commission pursuant to this section may appeal to the district court as provided in Section 39-3-1.1 NMSA 1978.

E. The administrative penalty provided for in this section is in addition to any other penalties that may be imposed pursuant to any other state law or any other remedies available to consumers.

Section 6. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] CRAMMING OR SLAMMING--CUSTOMER ABSOLUTION.--

A. A customer who is crammed or slammed is absolved of liability for charges resulting from the cramming or slamming during the first ninety days after the cramming or slamming appeared on the customer's telephone bill. Nothing in this subsection affects the local exchange company or other billing agent from collecting credited amounts from the provider that crammed or slammed.

B. The customer may contact his local exchange

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company, his authorized provider or the unauthorized provider to report a cramming or slamming. The contacted provider shall notify the local exchange company promptly about the customer's allegation of cramming or slamming.

C. The commission shall promulgate rules that govern procedures for how disputed charges or changes are investigated and paid to the proper provider.

Section 7. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] CHANGE IN SERVICE OR PROVIDER--TELEPHONE BILLS.--

A. A new charge for telecommunications service or a change in telecommunications provider shall be conspicuously indicated on the customer's telephone bill in clear, unambiguous language and easily legible type. Charges for local exchange service shall be itemized separately from charges for other telecommunications services.

B. The local exchange company that serves as the billing agent shall not allocate a customer's payment to a disputed charge or change until the charge or change has been verified.

Section 8. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] SALES TO BE IN CLEAR LANGUAGE--FALSE OR MISLEADING INFORMATION--VERIFICATION--UNAUTHORIZED CHARGE OR CHANGE--WRITTEN NOTIFICATION.--

A. As used in this section, "seller" means a provider or other person that sells telecommunications services.

B. The provider shall approve all sales scripts and written materials used by its sellers, including contract sellers.

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C. A seller that attempts to persuade a customer to purchase telecommunications services or change his provider shall make adequate inquiry to reasonably ensure that he is talking to the customer. The seller shall also, at a minimum, clearly and unambiguously:

(1) identify himself and the company for which he works;

(2) identify the provider that he is asking the customer to use or the telecommunications service he is asking the customer to purchase; and

(3) explain the material terms and price of the purchase or change in provider.

D. A seller shall not use false or misleading information or tactics that would be considered by a prudent person to be pressure tactics to convince the customer to purchase a telecommunications service or change a provider.

E. The commission shall prescribe by rule the requirements for clearly and unambiguously selling and verifying the sale of telecommunications services or providers.

Section 9. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] CRAMMING OR SLAMMING--DAMAGE TO CREDIT--PENALTY--CIVIL ACTION BARRED.--

A. A person shall not injure or threaten to injure a customer's credit because the customer refuses to pay charges resulting from cramming or slamming. A person who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a fourth degree felony and shall be sentenced as follows:

(1) for threatening to injure a customer's

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2 occurrence; and

(2) for injuring a customer's credit by providing a false, misleading or negative report about the customer to a credit reporting agency, a fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per occurrence.

B. A person is barred from bringing a civil action against a customer to collect for charges resulting from cramming or slamming.

Section 10. TEMPORARY PROVISION--RULES.--It is the intent of the legislature that the public regulation commission begin its rulemaking process in time to have rules required by Section 4 of the Cramming and Slamming Act adopted and promulgated by July 1, 1999.

Section 11. APPLICABILITY.--This act applies to telecommunications services provided to customers on or after July 1, 1999.

Section 12. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of Sections 1 through 9 of this act is July 1, 1999.

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	4	FORTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE
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	9	Mr. President:
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	11	Your JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, to whom has been referred
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	16	has had it under consideration and reports same with
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