HOUSE	BILL	409
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44TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 1999

INTRODUCED BY

W. Ken Martinez

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FOR THE COURTS. CORRECTIONS AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO GRAND JURIES; CHANGING PROCEDURES FOR GRAND JURY PROCEEDINGS; PROVIDING THE TARGET OF A GRAND JURY PROCEEDING WITH NOTICE OF HIS TARGET STATUS; AMENDING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 31-6-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 276, Section 3) is amended to read:

"31-6-3. CHALLENGE TO GRAND JURY.--Any person held to answer for an offense by grand jury indictment, upon arraignment to the charge therein, by motion to quash the indictment stating with particularity the ground therefor, may challenge the validity of the grand jury. A failure to file such motion is a waiver of the challenge. Grounds that may be presented by such motion are limited to the following:

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- A. the grand jury was not selected in accordance with law:
- B. a member of the grand jury returning the indictment was ineligible to serve as a juror; [or]
- C. a member of the grand jury returning the indictment was not qualified to serve due to a conflict of interest, bias, partiality or inability to follow the law; or
- [C.] <u>D.</u> a member of the grand jury returning the indictment was a <u>potential</u> witness [against the person indicted] in the grand jury proceedings."
- Section 2. Section 31-6-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 276, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:
- "31-6-4. TIME AND PLACE FOR HEARING--PRIVACY OF
 HEARINGS--WITNESSES PERMITTED TO HAVE ATTORNEY PRESENT.--
- A. A grand jury shall conduct its hearing during the usual business hours of the court which convened it. Hearings and deliberations may be conducted at any place ordered by the convening judge and provided by the court. Inspections or grand jury views of places under inquiry may be made when directed by the foreman wherever deemed necessary within the county, but no oral testimony or other evidence may be received except during formal private sessions.
- B. All deliberations will be conducted in a private room outside the hearing or presence of any person other than the grand jury members. All taking of testimony . 125060.1

will be in private with no persons present other than the grand jury, the persons required or entitled to assist the grand jury and the attorney, if any, of the target [witness].

C. Persons required or entitled to be present at the taking of testimony before the grand jury may include the district attorney and the attorney general and their staffs, interpreters, court reporters, security officers, the witness and an attorney for the target [witness]; provided that such security personnel may be present only with special leave of the district court and are neither potential witnesses nor otherwise interested parties in the matter being presented to the grand jury. If a target [witness] has his attorney present, the attorney may [be present only while the target witness is testifying and may advise the witness but may not speak so that he can be heard by the grand jurors or otherwise participate in the proceedings] participate in the proceedings by assisting the target's testimony and assisting other witnesses who testify on behalf of the target."

Section 3. Section 31-6-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 276, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

"31-6-7. ASSISTANCE FOR GRAND JURY.--The district court shall assign court reporters, bailiffs, interpreters, clerks or other persons as required to aid the grand jury in carrying out its duties. The attorney general, when requested by the district court, shall assist the grand jury. The district

attorney shall attend the grand jury, examine witnesses and prepare indictments, reports and other undertakings of the grand jury. The prosecuting attorney and all grand jurors shall conduct [himself] themselves in a fair and impartial manner at all times [when assisting] during the grand jury proceedings."

Section 4. Section 31-6-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 276, Section 11, as amended) is amended to read:

"31-6-11. EVI DENCE BEFORE GRAND JURY. --

A. Evidence before the grand jury upon which it may find an indictment is that which is lawful, competent and relevant, including the oral testimony of witnesses under oath and any documentary or other physical evidence exhibited to the jurors. The sufficiency [or competency] of the evidence upon which an indictment is returned shall not be subject to review absent a showing of bad faith on the part of the prosecuting attorney assisting the grand jury.

B. It is the duty of the grand jury to weigh all the evidence submitted to it, and when it has reason to believe that other lawful, competent and relevant evidence is available that may explain away or] disprove or reduce a charge or accusation or that would make an indictment unjustified, then it should order the evidence produced. [The target shall be notified of his target status and be given an opportunity to testify, if he desires to do so, unless the

prosecutor determines that notification may result in flight,
endanger other persons, obstruct justice or the prosecutor is
unable with reasonable diligence to notify said person. A
showing of reasonable diligence in notifying the target by the
prosecutor is not required unless and until the target
establishes actual and substantial prejudice as a result of an
alleged failure by the prosecutor to exercise reasonable
diligence in notifying the target of his target status before
the grand jury. The prosecuting attorney assisting the grand
jury shall present evidence that directly negates the guilt of
the target where he is aware of such evidence.] The district
attorney assisting the grand jury, when he is aware of the
existence of other lawful, competent or relevant evidence,
shall present that evidence to the grand jury.

C. A district attorney shall use reasonable

diligence to notify a person in writing that the person is the

target of a grand jury investigation. Unless the district

attorney determines that providing notification may result in

flight by the target, result in obstruction of justice or pose

a danger to another person, the target of a grand jury

investigation shall be notified in writing of the following

information:

(1) that he is the target of an investigation;

(2) the nature of the crime being

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(3) the target's right to testify by way of questioning conducted by the target's counsel no earlier than ten days after service of the target notice, unless the target agrees to testify sooner;

(4) the target's right to choose to remain silent;

(5) the statutory requirement that the grand jury be presented with all lawful, competent and relevant evidence; and

(6) the target's right to present

instructions regarding applicable lesser offenses to the grand
jury."

Section 5. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 1999.

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FORTY- FOURTH LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION, 1999 4

February 22, 1999

Mr. Speaker:

Your JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, to whom has been referred

HOUSE BILL 409

has had it under consideration and reports same with recommendation that it **DO PASS**.

Respectfully submitted,

R. David Pederson, Chairman

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2		FIRST SESS	ION, 1999			
	/HB 409				Page	8
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10	The roll c	all vote was <u>7</u> For <u>4</u> Ag	gainst			
11	Yes:	7				
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	Excused:	Luna				
13	Absent:	None				
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FORTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION, 1999

HB 409/a

March 14, 1999

Mr. President:

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Your JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, to whom has been referred

HOUSE BILL 409

has had it under consideration and reports same with recommendation that it **DO PASS**, amended as follows:

- On page 5, strike line 25 in its entirety. 1.
- 2. On page 6, strike lines 1 through 6 in their entirety.
- Renumber succeeding paragraphs. 3.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael S. Sanchez, Chairman

underscored material = new [bracketed_material] = delete

FORTY- FOURTH LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION. 1999

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13	Yes:	3			
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15	Excused:	Aragon, Davis, Lopez			
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