LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
June 16, 2016

SCOTT WEAVER

Cabinet Secretary

PETE KASSETAS

Chief / Deputy Cabinet Secretary
Law Enforcement Operations

AMY L. ORLANDO

Chief Legal Counsel / Deputy Cabinet Secretary Statewide Law Enforcement Support Program Administrative Services Division



National Ranking

2014 Uniform Crime Rate (UCR) Data

2015 Data comes out in September of 16

- New Mexico: 3rd most violent state (Behind Alaska and Tennessee):
 - 64% higher than the national average.
 - 54% higher than the southwest U.S. average.
- Albuquerque: 25th most violent of 76 U.S. cities with population >250,000.
 - Albuquerque's violent crime rate is 2.4 times higher than national average.
 - As of TODAY, New Mexico has the highest number of stolen vehicles in the country.



PRIMARY VULNERABILITIES

- 1. Statewide crime rates.
- 2. The increasing reliance on NMSP by local / county law enforcement agencies (influences existing initiatives).
- 3. Forensic case backlog.
- 4. Keeping critical positions filled.

PLAN OF ATTACK:

- 1. Changing business plan on recruiting and training. (Hiring)
- 2. Manage our obligated time towards outside agency influences (non-critical events).
- 3. Increase capacity of the State Forensic Laboratories (personnel, equipment, space).
- 4. Hire and retain key technical staff at a competitive salary.



LAW ENFORCEMENT PROGRAM



ROLE IN NEW MEXICO PUBLIC SAFETY

The NMSP Law
Enforcement
Program is the
backbone of the
organization,
representing 83
percent of DPS's
budget and activity.

NMSP officers serve the State, the citizens, visitors and local communities. Unlike all other NM law enforcement agencies, NMSP:

- Does not have a single, contained community.
- Does not focus performance on a sole, straight-forward function.



SERVICES AND SUPPORT FOR

LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT / RURAL COMMUNITIES

NMSP Uniform Bureau provides primary support and response to calls-for-service:

- Traffic / DWI enforcement.
- Accident investigation.
- Domestic violence.
- · Property crime.
- Other criminal investigations.

NMSP Investigations Bureau provides high level criminal investigative services:

- Violent crime.
- Narcotic-related investigations.
- Public corruption.
- Expert crime scene processing.
- Officer involved shooting investigations.
- Alcohol & tobacco enforcement and investigation.

NMSP Special Operations Bureau provides specialized unit response for local law enforcement agencies:

- Explosive detection, dismantle and disposal.
- Dive Team.
- Aircraft.
- Tactical Team (SWAT) response services:
 - · High-risk warrant service.
 - Hostage rescue.
 - Fugitive apprehension.
 - Active shooter response.

The Commercial Vehicle Enforcement (CVE) provides specialized commercial vehicle enforcement:

- Commercial vehicle crash investigations.
- Crash reconstruction services.
- Backup on calls-for-service in rural communities with limited local law enforcement resources.
- Training of law enforcement and industry on basic commercial motor vehicle safety enforcement.
- DWI enforcement, crash reduction efforts, saturation patrols, and enforcement operations targeted at aggressive driving behaviors.



DPS SPECIALTY TEAMS

CALL-OUTS AND ASSISTANCE TO OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES FY15

Officer involved shooting investigations:

- 6 for NMSP
- 29 for other agencies

Crime Scene Team:

- 83 for NMSP
- 75 for other agencies

Dive Team

- √ 8 missions for NMSP
- √ 5 for other agencies

Crash Reconstruction Unit

- √ 40 for NMSP
- √ 25 for other agencies

Tactical Team

- 42 missions for NMSP
- 52 for other agencies

Bomb Team

- 57 missions for NMSP
- 48 for other agencies

Aircraft Section

- 173 missions for NMSP
- 22 for other agencies

Motorcycle Unit

- ❖ 35 missions for NMSP
- 21 for other agencies

ALL New Mexico State Police SERVICES ARE PROVIDED TO OTHER AGENCIES

FREE OF CHARGE





ROLE IN NEW MEXICO PUBLIC SAFETY

Assisting other law enforcement and criminal justice agencies is a key role for NMSP. However, all services provided by NMSP are at risk as:

Recruitment of officers remains challenging.

Every time an officer leaves there is a domino effect on the State.

NMSP dispatch services, including 911 in some areas, are the last level of defense and protection of officers and the public.

These dispatch services have been at serious risk due to extremely high turnover during the past several years.

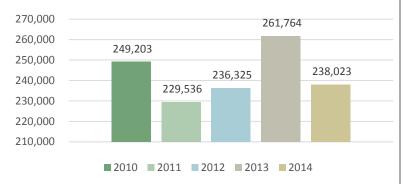


NMSP – Uniform and Commercial Vehicle Enforcement (CVE) Traffic Enforcement

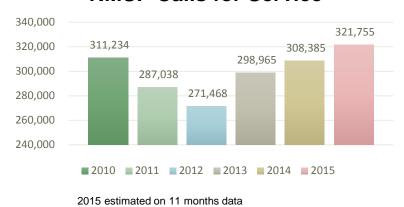
PRIMARY FOCUS – address DWI and quality of life issues in New Mexico through **high visibility patrols** and **proactive police work** – *NMSP is the primary law enforcement force in many areas of NM:*

- Continual analysis to identify new or emerging trends in crime or crash patterns; and,
- Resources directed to high crash and high crime areas based on available data.

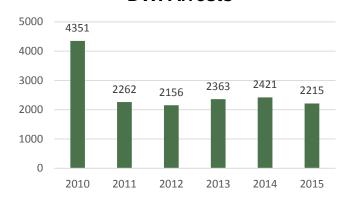
Non-CME Traffic Citations Issued



NMSP Calls for Service



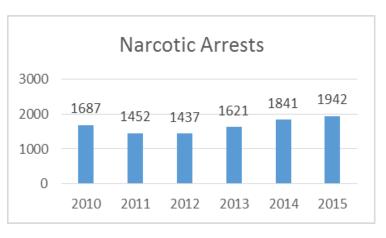
DWI Arrests



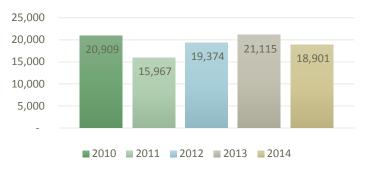


NMSP – Uniform, Criminal Investigation and Emergency Response

Criminal Arrests 15,000 13,247 10,629 10,456 10,616 10,204 10,000 5,000 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015



Criminal Cases Investigated



Commercial Motor Vehicle Citations Issued



Investigations Bureau:

- 940 drug related investigations (conducted in 32 of 33 counties)
- 251 pounds methamphetamine, 57 pounds heroin, 134 pounds cocaine, 1,507 pounds marijuana

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OFFICER STRENGTH UPDATE

The difficult news and the good news:

- Our experience in FY16: fewer officers were hired than anticipated, primarily due to the competitive pay market;
- Retention is improved fewer officers left and the retirement rate was lowest it has been in years
- DPS increased officer strength by 15 officers through 2 traditional recruit schools and 1 lateral officer school (46 officers separated, 61 new officers hired);

| ngth at ning of Resign riod Termin 58 | nated Retireme | for Estimated | Recruit/ Lateral # School Graduates | Reinstate- ments | Officer Strength as of End of Time Period |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|--|---|
| | 40 | | | | 050 |
| 58 13 | 40 | | | | 658 |
| | 3 40 | 13 | 35 | 1 | 668 |
| 68 13 | 3 29 | 7 | 24 | 1 | 673 |
| 73 13 | 30 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 648 |
| 48 14 | 1 21 | 8 | 45 | 0 | 671 |
| 71 13 | 3 21 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 648 |
| 48 14 | 1 14 | 7 | 45 | 0 | 672 |
| 72 13 | 3 23 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 648 |
| | Projecte 1 666 | ed Projected 664 | 4 | | _ |
| _ | 72 13 FY1 64 | 72 13 23 FY16 - FY15 Projecte 641 666 | 72 13 23 11 FY16 - FY17 - FY15 Projected Projected 641 666 664 | 72 13 23 11 0 FY16 - FY17 - Projected Projected Office Of | 72 13 23 11 0 0 FY16 - FY17 - Projected Projected Officer Position |



INVESTMENTS IN KEY PERSONNEL STATE POLICE

DPS Continues to struggle in the recruitment of Officers – 10% vacancy, disappointing recruitment results in FY16.

The Officer Pay Plan has been partially funded over the past three years, and this has contributed to improved officer retention.

DPS has prioritized further investment in the officer pay plan, carving out additional funding to improve our market position and competitiveness:

DPS has invested \$950,000 in addition to the \$7,466,683 in appropriations towards the officer pay plan received over the past three years which also includes FY17.

However, despite the investment of funding over the past three years, NMSP officer pay remains 7th in the market at the starting level and 8th based on average officer pay.



OFFICER PAY PLAN - PHASES I-III FUNDING & IMPACT

| | <u>Patrol Officer</u> | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| <u>Phase</u> | Fiscal Year | <u>Funding</u> | Starting Pay | <u>Rank</u> | | | |
| Pre-Pay Plan | | | \$18.21 | 12th | | | |
| Phase I | FY15 | \$ 2,991,683 | \$19.05 | 11th | | | |
| Phase II | FY16 | \$ 3,225,000 | \$21.35 | 7th | | | |
| Phase III | FY17 | \$ 1,250,000 | \$21.62 | 7th | | | |
| Phase IV If Funded | | \$ 7,100,000 | \$24.70 | 3rd | | | |

^{*}Note: When the original plan was proposed in FY14, 3rd in market = \$22.27/hr.; now it is \$24.70/hr.



PATROL OFFICER FALL 2015 SURVEY WITH NMSP AND ABQ UPDATE AS OF JULY '15.

| PATROL OFFICER | Rank | | Number of Incumbents | Starting Salary | Highest Actual Salary | Rank on Average Pay | Average Salary Inclusive of Longevity Pay* |
|------------------------|------|---|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Albuquerque* | 1 | \$5K sign on bonus | 538 | \$26.44 | \$29.30 | 2 | \$28.61 |
| Carlsbad | 2 | | 31 | \$24.96 | \$30.86 | 1 | \$28.77 |
| Los Alamos | 3 | | 21 | \$24.65 | \$28.34 | 3 | \$27.04 |
| Hobbs | 4 | \$5K/year for 5 years | 75 | \$24.29 | \$30.00 | 5 | \$26.05 |
| Farmington | 5 | \$15K in state lateral sign on bonus | 94 | \$22.27 | \$32.43 | 4 | \$26.20 |
| San Juan | 6 | \$4K for up to 2 years \$5K 2-3 years \$6k 3+ years service | 58 | \$22.13 | \$30.10 | 7 | \$25.23 |
| NMSP | 7 | | 401 | \$21.62 | \$27.16 | 8 | \$24.81 |
| Roswell | 8 | | 71 | \$21.42 | \$26.34 | 12 | \$21.56 |
| Bernalillo County** | 9 | | 248 | \$20.75 | \$26.96 | 6 | \$25.53 |
| Rio Rancho | 10 | | 90 | \$20.30 | \$23.64 | 11 | \$22.00 |
| Santa Fe | 11 | | 92 | \$19.11 | \$30.59 | 9 | \$23.57 |
| Las Cruces | 12 | | 113 | \$17.83 | \$29.62 | 10 | \$22.31 |
| Dona Ana | 13 | | 84 | \$16.76 | \$22.71 | 13 | \$18.63 |
| | | hted Average Sala | ry (non-NN | ISP) | | | \$25.63 |
| | | Difference | | | | | 3.3% |

^{*} APD Officers move from \$26.44 to \$28.00 after 1.5 years from date of graduation, contingent on successful completion of probation by 6/30/16

^{* *} Bernalillo County officers move from \$20.75 to \$25.03 after 1 year of service



INVESTMENTS IN KEY PERSONNEL STATE POLICE

Next NMSP recruit school is scheduled for December 2016. Steps are being taken to improve the graduation rate of the 91st recruit class and still maintain the level of standards the State Police have always strived for:

- NMSP Recruit school length reduced from 23 weeks to 20 weeks.
- The physical fitness aspects of the school are being analyzed.
- Training staffing levels will be examined.
- Outside expertise has been consulted in the areas of physical fitness and defensive tactics to assess program outcomes.
- Staff assigned to the Training Bureau are receiving advanced training and certification in the area of physical fitness and nutrition.
- Training staff have been sent to the following agencies to review the programs
 to ensure NMSP applies best practices: Colorado Highway Patrol, Arkansas
 State Police, Texas DPS, Iowa State Police, Las Vegas Metro PD.
- A pre-entry hiring program similar to APD's Public Service AIDS is being explored.



INVESTMENTS IN KEY PERSONNEL- COMMUNICATIONS (DISPATCH)

Turnover and vacancy rates for dispatchers continue to be unacceptably high and negatively impact operations:

Dispatchers

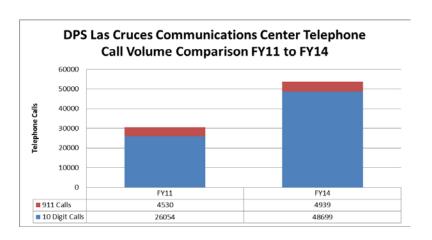
- 26% turnover FY15
- 32% turnover FY16
- 20-25% vacancy rate

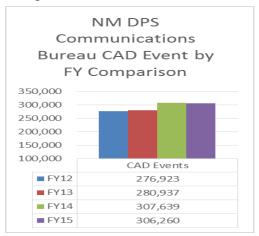


LAW ENFORCEMENT PROGRAM

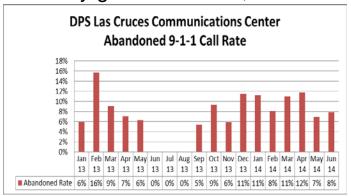
COMMUNICATIONS BUREAU (DISPATCH)

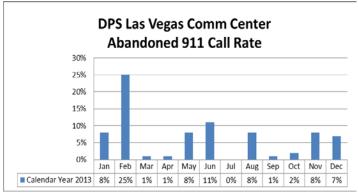
The workload on the communications centers has increased significantly and the resources available to meet the demands are insufficient. Calls for service have increased 9% statewide in the past four years and 27% in key counties. Calls for service are going unanswered or underserved due to staffing shortages.





An abandoned 9-1-1 call is an incoming 9-1-1 call that is not answered. During a call surge a call may go unanswered, but the abandoned call rate should be in the 3% range.







LAW ENFORCEMENT PROGRAM

COMMUNICATIONS BUREAU (DISPATCH)

STAFFING LEVELS ARE INADEQUATE DUE TO HIGH VACANCY RATES AND INSUFFICIENT

FTE.

High vacancy rate for DPS dispatchers directly impacts performance of staff and ability to keep up with workload.

Issues include missed radio transmissions by officers and dispatchers having difficulty navigating radio and telephone calls simultaneously.

Even during brief periods of full staffing, abandoned call rates can be unacceptably high, creating highly stressful environment for dispatchers.

Stressful environment combined with bottom of market pay has resulted in extremely high turnover and vacancy rates.

There are not enough supervisory staff to cover all shifts.

NMDPS starting dispatcher pay is one of lowest in State.

Current vacancy rate is 21% and has reached 25% within past year.



INVESTMENTS IN KEY PERSONNEL- COMMUNICATION (DISPATCH)

The impact on operations and public services made it necessary for DPS to fund pay plans out of the current operating budget.

DPS invested \$425,000 in a dispatcher pay plan for FY17 to move starting pay from the bottom of the market to the middle of the market.

Starting pay was increased 14.4%, and the average increase in pay was 12.5%.

Prior initiatives to improve dispatcher pay include:

- ✓ In FY15 DPS absorbed a 5% increase in dispatcher pay out of the operational budget.
- ✓ In FY13 implemented a \$225.0K dispatcher pay plan out of the operating budget.



INVESTMENTS IN KEY PERSONNEL

| DISPATCHERS | Pre 5/16 Rank | Post 5/16 Rank | Number of Incumbents | Lowest Actual Salary | Highest Actual Salary | Average Salary |
|--|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Bernalillo County | 1 | 1 | 10 | \$23.00 | \$23.00 | \$23.00 |
| Albuquerque | 2 | 2 | 37 | \$18.21 | \$19.98 | \$18.43 |
| Eddy County | 3 | 3 | 5 | \$17.68 | \$29.68 | \$19.48 |
| San Juan County | 4 | 4 | 17 | \$16.11 | \$23.60 | \$18.92 |
| Rio Rancho | 5 | 5 | 26 | \$15.64 | \$20.29 | \$16.42 |
| Dept. of Public Safety** | | 6 | 49 | \$15.53 | \$19.58 | \$18.52 |
| Pecos Valley | 6 | 7 | 12 | \$15.47 | \$19.03 | \$15.92 |
| McKinley County | 7 | 8 | 15 | \$14.21 | \$19.33 | \$14.62 |
| Mesilla Valley | 8 | 9 | 26 | \$14.03 | \$17.62 | \$14.60 |
| Dept. of Public Safety | 9 | | 53 | \$13.58 | \$19.39 | \$16.88 |
| Quay County | 10 | 10 | 3 | \$10.48 | \$11.97 | \$10.84 |
| **As of May 2016 | 1 | Weight | OPS): | \$16.35 | | |
| - | | DPS Dif | | 20.4% | | |
| DPS Difference > May 2016 Structure Adjustment | | | | Adjustment | \$5.3% | |





STATEWIDE LAW ENFORCEMENT AND PROGRAM SUPPORT



The remaining 17% of DPS provides support to all law enforcement/criminal justice agencies in the state as well:



The Law Enforcement Academy trains officers and dispatchers for service in law enforcement agencies and dispatch centers around the State.



The Forensic Laboratory
Bureau provides forensic
casework in four
disciplines.



The Information
Technology Division
provides data
sharing/access to
multiple systems with
criminal history, crime
data, etc.



Program Support manages millions in grants provided the NM sub-recipients in support of local law enforcement, forensic casework, and other law enforcement \ correctional programs.

These services are provided **FREE OF CHARGE**.



INVESTMENTS IN KEY PERSONNEL

Forensic Scientists are extremely difficult to recruit:

- > Forensic Scientists:
 - ➤ 30% vacancy rate FY15
 - ➤ 21% vacancy rate FY16
- Individual positions remain vacant as long as 1.5 years despite ongoing recruitment.

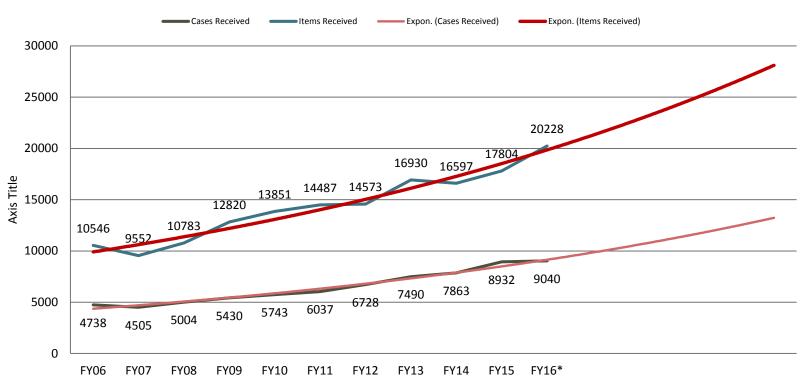




FORENSIC LABORATORY BUREAU

The volume of forensic cases continues to climb year after year, as does the number of items to be tested per case.

Cases/Items Received per Fiscal Year Projected to FY20

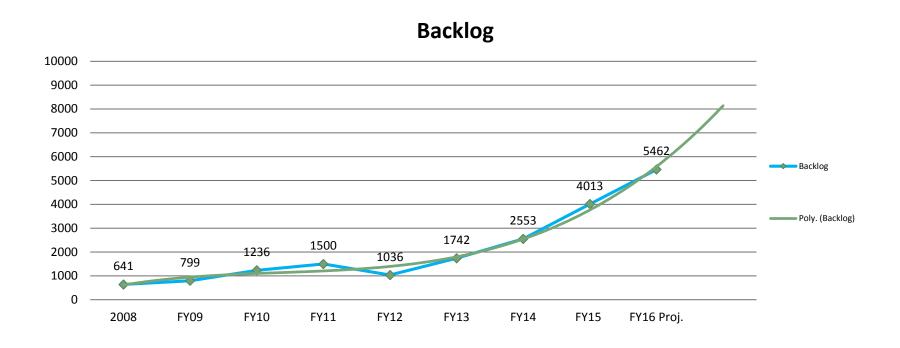




FORENSIC LABORATORY BUREAU

Pending unprocessed cases have gone from 1236 in FY12 to 5462 in FY16, a 427% increase in four years.

In FY15, laboratory analysts spent 82% of total court time traveling, 13% waiting to testify and only 5% in actual testimony.



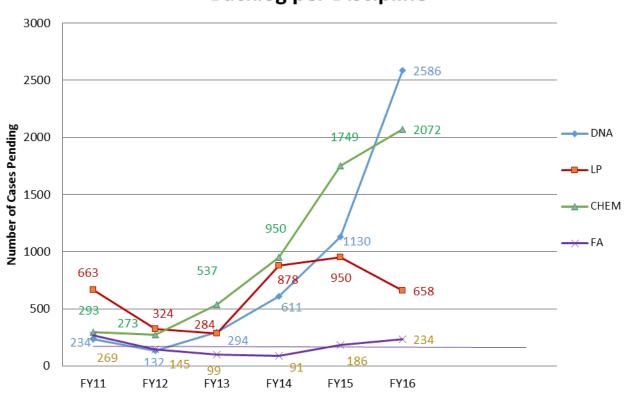


FORENSIC LABORATORY BUREAU

Backlog per Discipline

Forensic Services:

- DNA / Serology
- Latent Prints / Footwear / Tire Track
- Controlled Substance Analysis (Chemistry)
- Firearms / Toolmarks / Serial Number Restoration



NOTE: The DNA backlog does reflect the additional 1,030 untested sexual assault kits.



FORENSIC LABORATORY BUREAU

SPO 2014 Forensic Scientist Survey

DPS Forensic Scientist Pay Comparison To Market

| Rank | State | Number of Incumbents | Actual Average Salary | |
|------|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 1 | lowa | 35 | \$78,966 | |
| 2 | Oregon | 2 | \$76,766 | |
| 3 | Alaska | 95 | \$73,619 | |
| 4 | Virginia | 7 | \$72,290 | |
| 5 | Illinois | 14 | \$71,563 | |
| 6 | Wyoming | 52 | \$68,650 | |
| 7 | Minnesota | 8 | \$66,536 | |
| 8 | North Dakota | 25 | \$65,555 | |
| 9 | Kansas | 61 | \$63,496 | |
| 10 | Indiana | 14 | \$63,424 | |
| 11 | Montana | 5 | \$61,565 | |
| 12 | South Dakota | 78 | \$61,058 | |
| 13 | Tennessee | 88 | \$59,955 | |
| 14 | Colorado | 16 | \$59,916 | |
| 15 | Idaho | 72 | \$58,950 | |
| 16 | Wisconsin | 44 | \$58,641 | |
| 17 | Missouri | 6 | \$56,402 | |
| 18 | Oklahoma | 5 | \$55,536 | |
| 19 | New Mexico | 17 | \$53,740 | |
| 20 | Nebraska | 10 | \$53,657 | |
| 21 | Utah | 58 | \$53,369 | |
| 22 | Kentucky | 37 | \$48,807 | |
| 23 | Alabama | 69 | \$48,652 | |
| 24 | Arkansas | 12 | \$44,765 | |
| 25 | Louisiana | 59 | \$44,431 | |
| 26 | North Carolina | 151 | \$44,056 | |

| RANK | STATE | ACTUAL AVERAGE | DIFFERENCE | |
|---------|-------|----------------|------------|--|
| #1 | IA | \$78,966 | | |
| #19 | NM | \$53,740 | 46.94% | |
| AVERAGE | | \$60,168 | 12.00% | |

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INVESTMENTS IN KEY PERSONNEL



DPS invested \$258,000 in a forensic scientist pay plan in FY17 to provide a 10% increase in pay for all scientists.

This allows DPS to offer a 10% higher starting pay to attract new scientists and hopefully improve retention.

However, DPS is still well below the market in forensic scientist pay – it is highly likely that additional investment in forensic scientist pay will be required to achieve a normalized vacancy rate of 5-8%.



INVESTMENTS IN KEY PERSONNEL

In FY16, the loss of key experienced personnel in other high profile and technical positions impacted agency operations:

- The Chief Financial Officer
- The Chief Information Officer
- LEA Director
- Multiple highly technical IT personnel
- NMSP Communications Director
- Key Grant and Finance technical leads
- Procurement Agents

DPS pay has been historically lower than other state agencies, as well as the private sector. Staff have left DPS to perform the same or highly similar job at other state agencies for significantly higher pay.



DPS SPECIAL AND CAPITAL PROJECTS - UPDATE

CRIMINAL HISTORY CLEARINGHOUSE

- Anticipate to go-live in spring 2017.
- The roll out will be incremental, focusing first on smaller local courts that do not have any access to criminal history data.
- A key feature will be a portal through which criminal history backgrounds can be requested and current arrest data will be automatically loaded.
- DPS will analyze the backgrounds and place the information into the portal to be accessed by the court/criminal justice agency.
- DPS will maintain the portal for the downloaded information from the Consolidated Offender Query (COQ).
 - Query will be from criminal justice agencies databases at: CYFD, AODA, AOC, NM Corrections and NCIC.



DPS SPECIAL AND CAPITAL PROJECTS - UPDATE

UNTESTED SEXUAL ASSAULT KIT BACKLOG

- DPS received \$1.2 million in special funding FY16 / 17.
- 1,500 2,000 kits are expected to be submitted to DPS for testing.
- The project includes hiring DNA Scientists, overtime for current DNA staff, DNA casework supplies and modification of the Santa Fe Laboratory to provide sufficient room for the additional scientists.
- The project is anticipated to take 3+ years to complete.
- The total cost to test is estimated at \$1.8 2.0 million.
- DPS has submitted a grant application to the Department of Justice to fund the remaining need (anticipate a response Summer 2016).
- The grant will also provide funding for local outreach to law enforcement agencies and community leadership.



DPS SPECIAL AND CAPITAL PROJECTS - UPDATE

COMPUTER-AIDED DISPATCH (CAD)

CAD is the system used to dispatch 911 calls out to officers, map the call location in the dispatch center, provide Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL) for officers in the field, and provide National Crime Information Center (NCIC) access within the application. CAD is essential in providing rapid response from LEAs to crime/incident scenes. The current CAD system is ten years old and technologically obsolete.

The new system will provide updated map generation information as well as other new technology advantages, and can be utilized by local law enforcement agencies.

Thus, DPS can provide the this essential service at a fraction of the cost the local agency would incur to implement their own updated system, leaving local resources available for other priorities.

When combined with an updated Records Management System (RMS), agencies, including the NM Department of Transportation, will have the ability to mine high quality data to improve law enforcement operations around the State.



DPS SPECIAL AND CAPITAL PROJECTS - UPDATE

INFRASTRUCTURE

ROSWELL NMSP – \$1.5 Million Office Renovation: project initiated and in planning stage;

ESPANOLA NMSP OFFICE – New Construction: underway and on schedule for completion in **XX**;

CHAMA NMSP DISTRICT OFFICE – New: underway and scheduled for completion in **XX**;

DPS HEADQUARTERS – Scientific Laboratory, Evidence and Records Center Remodel / Expansion A&E Funding (\$500.0K): Architect to be selected in August 2016; and,

TEXICO PORT OF ENTRY (\$2 million): pending funding, anticipated to begin in August.



Thank You!