

TABLE 1: FOUR QUADRANTS OF CLINICAL INTEGRATION BASED ON PATIENT NEEDS

LOW ← BEHAVIORAL HEALTH RISK/COMPLEXITY → HIGH	QUADRANT II	QUADRANT IV
	Patients with high behavioral health and low physical health needs Served in primary care and specialty mental health settings (Example: patients with bipolar disorder and chronic pain) Note: when mental health needs are stable, often mental health care can be transitioned back to primary care.	Patients with high behavioral health and high physical health needs Served in primary care and specialty mental health settings (Example: patients with schizophrenia and metabolic syndrome or hepatitis C)
	QUADRANT I	QUADRANT III
	Patients with low behavioral health and low physical health needs Served in primary care setting (Example: patients with moderate alcohol abuse and fibromyalgia)	Patients with low behavioral health and high physical health needs Served in primary care setting (Example: patients with moderate depression and uncontrolled diabetes)
	LOW ← ————— PHYSICAL HEALTH RISK/COMPLEXITY ————— → HIGH	

Source: Adapted from Mauer 2006.