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54TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2019

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DISCUSSION DRAFT

AN ACT

RELATING TO LAW ENFORCEMENT; ENACTING THE RESERVE POLICE OFFICER ACT; AUTHORIZING GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES TO COMMISSION RESERVE POLICE OFFICERS TO ASSIST POLICE OFFICERS; DEFINING POWERS AND DUTIES OF RESERVE POLICE OFFICERS; ESTABLISHING QUALIFICATIONS OF RESERVE POLICE OFFICERS; PROVIDING FOR LICENSURE OF RESERVE POLICE OFFICERS; REQUIRING TRAINING; AMENDING SECTIONS OF THE PEACE OFFICERS', NEW MEXICO MOUNTED PATROL MEMBERS' AND RESERVE POLICE OFFICERS' SURVIVORS SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS ACT, THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ACT, THE TORT CLAIMS ACT AND THE MOTOR VEHICLE CODE TO INCLUDE RESERVE POLICE OFFICERS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE.--Sections 1 through 8 of this act may be cited as the "Reserve Police .210889.3

Officer Act".

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SECTION 2. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Reserve Police Officer Act:

- "board" means the New Mexico law enforcement academy board;
- "director" means the director of the New Mexico law enforcement academy; and
- "reserve police officer" means a person who is licensed as a reserve police officer by the board to assist police officers or who is a member of the New Mexico mounted patrol or the New Mexico rangers.
- SECTION 3. [NEW MATERIAL] AUTHORIZATION TO COMMISSION RESERVE POLICE OFFICERS. -- A governmental entity as defined in the Tort Claims Act is authorized to commission reserve police officers.
- [NEW MATERIAL] RESERVE POLICE OFFICER--SCOPE SECTION 4. OF AUTHORITY.--
- A. A reserve police officer commissioned by a governmental entity as defined in the Tort Claims Act and assigned to the prevention and detection of crime and the general enforcement of the laws of this state shall have the powers of a police officer when working with supervision from a full-time salaried on-duty certified police officer.
- The powers and authority of a reserve police officer extend only for the scope and duration of the reserve .210889.3

1	police officer's specific assignment.
2	SECTION 5. [NEW MATERIAL] QUALIFICATIONS OF RESERVE
3	POLICE OFFICERSLICENSUREREPORTSROSTER
4	A. An applicant for licensure as a reserve police
5	officer shall provide evidence satisfactory to the board that
6	the applicant:
7	(l) is a citizen of the United States;
8	(2) has reached the age of majority;
9	(3) holds a high school diploma or the
10	equivalent;
11	(4) holds a valid New Mexico driver's license;
12	(5) has not been convicted of or pled guilty
13	to or entered a plea of nolo contendere to:
14	(a) any felony charge; or
15	(b) any violation of any federal or
16	state law or local ordinance relating to aggravated assault,
17	theft, driving while intoxicated, controlled substances or
18	other crime involving moral turpitude within the three-year
19	period immediately preceding the application;
20	(6) has not been released or discharged under
21	dishonorable conditions from any of the armed forces of the
22	United States;
23	(7) after examination by a licensed physician,
24	is free of any physical condition that might adversely affect
25	performance as a reserve police officer;
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- after examination by a certified (8) psychologist, is free of any emotional or mental condition that might adversely affect performance as a reserve police officer;
 - is of good moral character; (9)
- (10) has been awarded a certificate of completion attesting to the applicant's completion of a reserve police officer training program approved by the board; and
- (11) has met any other requirements for licensure prescribed by the board pursuant to regulations adopted by the board.
- The board shall establish different levels of licensure of reserve police officers, with clearly defined duties at each level. One level shall require not more than five hundred total hours of training and provide that the reserve police officer is qualified to work independently without completing the training required for certified police officers.
- C. A reserve police officer shall not be required to meet all of the physical fitness and agility requirements required for certification as a law enforcement officer; provided that a reserve police officer completes the fitness tests at fifty percent of what would be required for certification as a law enforcement officer at the time the reserve police officer is licensed.
- The director shall waive the law enforcement D. .210889.3

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training required by the Reserve Police Officer Act for an applicant who:

- furnishes evidence of satisfactory (1) completion of law enforcement training that, in the director's opinion, is substantially equivalent to the board's law enforcement training for reserve police officers; or
 - is a retired certified police officer.
- A person commissioned as a reserve police officer prior to July 1, 2019 may be exempted from the law enforcement training required by the Reserve Police Officer Act at the director's discretion.
- A person granted a waiver of law enforcement training required by the Reserve Police Officer Act shall meet all other requirements for licensure set forth in the Reserve Police Officer Act.
- To maintain licensure, reserve police officers shall complete fewer hours of in-service law enforcement training courses prescribed by the board every two years than is required for certified police officers. The first in-service training course shall commence no later than twelve months after graduation from the initial law enforcement training program.
- No later than March 1 of every year, a reserve Η. police officer, or the governmental entity as defined in the Tort Claims Act that commissioned the reserve police officer, .210889.3

shall provide to the director proof of completion of in-service training for the previous year.

- I. Every governmental entity as defined in the Tort Claims Act that has commissioned reserve police officers shall submit quarterly reports to the director on the status of each commissioned reserve police officer. The reporting forms and submission dates shall be prescribed by the director.
- J. The director shall maintain a roster of all reserve police officers.

SECTION 6. [NEW MATERIAL] TRAINING.--

- A. The board shall develop and adopt a law enforcement training program for reserve police officers tailored to each level of licensure.
- B. The board shall develop in-service law enforcement training courses for reserve police officers.
- C. Training shall be conducted by board-qualified instructors.
- D. Domestic abuse incident training and training for ensuring child safety upon the arrest of a parent or guardian shall be included in the curriculum of the law enforcement training program for reserve police officers.
- E. The director shall provide annual notice to all reserve police officers regarding in-service training requirements.
- SECTION 7. [NEW MATERIAL] REFUSAL, SUSPENSION OR .210889.3

REVOCATION OF LICENSE. --

- A. After consultation with the commissioning governmental entity as defined in the Tort Claims Act, the board may refuse to issue or may suspend or revoke a reserve police officer's license when the board determines that a person has:
- (1) failed to satisfy the qualifications for licensure set forth in the Reserve Police Officer Act;
- (2) committed acts that constitute dishonesty or fraud;
- (3) been convicted of, pled guilty to or entered a plea of no contest to:
 - (a) any felony charge; or
- (b) any violation of federal or state law or a local ordinance relating to aggravated assault, theft, driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, controlled substances or any law or ordinance involving moral turpitude; or
- (4) knowingly made any false statement in the person's application for licensure.
- B. Failure to complete required in-service training may be grounds for suspension of a reserve police officer's license.
- C. A reserve police officer's license may be reinstated by the board when the reserve police officer, or the .210889.3

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governmental entity as defined in the Tort Claims Act that commissioned the reserve police officer, provides the board with evidence of satisfactory completion of required in-service training.

- D. The board shall promulgate rules and administrative procedures for the suspension or revocation of a reserve police officer's license that include:
- (1) notice and an opportunity for the affected reserve police officer to be heard; and
- (2) procedures for review of the board's decision.
- SECTION 8. [NEW MATERIAL] SPECIAL DEPUTY COMMISSIONS.-Nothing in the Reserve Police Officer Act shall restrict a
 sheriff's power to issue special deputy commissions.
- SECTION 9. Section 29-4A-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1995, Chapter 59, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:
- "29-4A-3. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Peace Officers',
 New Mexico Mounted Patrol Members' and Reserve Police Officers'
 Survivors Supplemental Benefits Act:
- A. "fund" means the peace officers', New Mexico mounted patrol members' and reserve police officers' survivors fund;
- B. "New Mexico mounted patrol" means units or troops officered and manned to assist with law enforcement pursuant to the provisions of Sections 29-6-1 and 29-6-4 NMSA .210889.3

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1978, Subsection A of Section 29-6-5 NMSA 1978 and Section 29-6-6 NMSA 1978:

- "peace officer" means any full-time salaried and commissioned or certified law enforcement officer of a police or sheriff's department or a conservation officer of the department of game and fish as used in Chapter 17 NMSA 1978 that is part of or administered by the state or any political subdivision of the state:
- "reserve police officer" means a [volunteer or a temporary or part-time employee of a state or local law enforcement agency] person who is [accepted by that agency as a reserve law enforcement officer after receiving a background check and training as needed by that agency licensed as a reserve police officer by the New Mexico law enforcement academy board to assist police officers and who is not a member of the New Mexico mounted patrol; and
- "secretary" means the secretary of public safety."
- **SECTION 10.** Section 31-1-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1972, Chapter 71, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:
- "31-1-2. DEFINITIONS.--Unless a specific meaning is given, as used in the Criminal Procedure Act:
- "accused" means any person charged with the Α. violation of any law of this state imposing a criminal penalty;
- "bail bond" is a contract between surety and the В. .210889.3

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state to the effect that the accused and the surety will appear in court when required and will comply with all conditions of the bond;

- "defendant" means any person accused of a violation of any law of this state imposing a criminal penalty;
- "felony" means any crime so designated by law or if upon conviction thereof a sentence of death or of imprisonment for a term of one year or more is authorized;
- Ε. "person", unless a contrary intention appears, means any individual, estate, trust, receiver, cooperative association, club, corporation, company, firm, partnership, joint venture, syndicate or other entity;
- F. "police officer", "law enforcement officer", "peace officer" or "officer" means [any] a full-time salaried [or] officer, certified part-time salaried officer or commissioned reserve police officer, a licensed New Mexico mounted patrol officer or a licensed New Mexico ranger who by virtue of office or public employment is vested by law with the duty to maintain the public peace;
- "recognizance" means any obligation of record entered into before a court requiring the accused to appear at all appropriate times or forfeit any bail and be subject to criminal penalty for failure to appear;
- "release on personal recognizance" or "release on own recognizance" means the release of a defendant without .210889.3

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bail, bail bond or sureties upon the defendant's promise to appear at all appropriate times;

- I. "rules of civil procedure" means rules of civil procedure for the district courts of the state of New Mexico, as may be amended from time to time;
- J. "rules of criminal procedure" means rules of criminal procedure for the district courts, magistrate courts and municipal courts adopted by the New Mexico supreme court, as may be amended from time to time;
- K. "misdemeanor" means any offense for which the authorized penalty upon conviction is imprisonment in excess of six months but less than one year; and
- L. "petty misdemeanor" means any offense so designated by law or if upon conviction a sentence of imprisonment for six months or less is authorized."
- SECTION 11. Section 35-6-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1968, Chapter 62, Section 94, as amended) is amended to read:
 - "35-6-3. MAGISTRATE COSTS--ADVANCE PAYMENT.--
- A. Except for parties granted free process because of indigency, any party filing any civil action or requesting services from the magistrate court shall pay in advance the costs required by law to be collected by magistrates.
- B. Any person filing a complaint in a criminal action in the magistrate court shall pay in advance the costs required by law to be collected by magistrates, except that no .210889.3

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costs shall be collected from a person filing a complaint in a
criminal action alleging domestic violence or from a campus
security officer, a municipal police officer, an Indian tribal
or pueblo law enforcement officer, <u>a commissioned reserve</u>
police officer, a licensed New Mexico mounted patrol officer, a
licensed New Mexico ranger or [from] a full-time, salaried
county or state law enforcement officer filing the complaint."

SECTION 12. Section 41-4-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1976, Chapter 58, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"41-4-1. SHORT TITLE.--[Sections 41-4-1 through 41-4-27]

Chapter 41, Article 4 NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Tort

Claims Act"."

SECTION 13. Section 41-4-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1976, Chapter 58, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"41-4-3. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Tort Claims Act:

- A. "board" means the risk management advisory board;
- B. "governmental entity" means the state or any local public body as defined in Subsections C and H of this section;
- C. "local public body" means all political subdivisions of the state and their agencies, instrumentalities and institutions and all water and natural gas associations organized pursuant to Chapter 3, Article 28 NMSA 1978;
- D. "law enforcement officer" means a full-time .210889.3

salaried public employee of a governmental entity, [or] a certified part-time salaried police officer employed by a governmental entity, a reserve police officer commissioned by a governmental entity, a licensed New Mexico mounted patrol officer or a licensed New Mexico ranger whose principal duties under law are to hold in custody any person accused of a criminal offense, to maintain public order or to make arrests for crimes, or members of the national guard when called to active duty by the governor;

E. "maintenance" does not include:

- (1) conduct involved in the issuance of a permit, driver's license or other official authorization to use the roads or highways of the state in a particular manner; or
- (2) an activity or event relating to a public building or public housing project that was not foreseeable;
- F. "public employee" means an officer, employee or servant of a governmental entity, excluding independent contractors except for individuals defined in Paragraphs (7), (8), (10), (14) and (17) of this subsection, or of a corporation organized pursuant to the Educational Assistance Act, the Small Business Investment Act or the Mortgage Finance Authority Act or a licensed health care provider, who has no medical liability insurance, providing voluntary services as defined in Paragraph (16) of this subsection and including:
 - (1) elected or appointed officials;

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- (3) persons acting on behalf or in service of a governmental entity in any official capacity, whether with or without compensation;
- (4) licensed foster parents providing care for children in the custody of the human services department, corrections department or department of health, but not including foster parents certified by a licensed child placement agency;
- (5) members of state or local selection panels established pursuant to the Adult Community Corrections Act;
- (6) members of state or local selection panels established pursuant to the Juvenile Community Corrections Act;
- (7) licensed medical, psychological or dental arts practitioners providing services to the corrections department pursuant to contract;
- (8) members of the board of directors of the New Mexico medical insurance pool;
- (9) individuals who are members of medical review boards, committees or panels established by the educational retirement board or the retirement board of the public employees retirement association;
- (10) licensed medical, psychological or dental arts practitioners providing services to the children, youth and families department pursuant to contract;

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	(19)	members	of	the	insurance	nominating
committee:						

- G. "scope of duty" means performing any duties that a public employee is requested, required or authorized to perform by the governmental entity, regardless of the time and place of performance; and
- H. "state" or "state agency" means the state of New Mexico or any of its branches, agencies, departments, boards, instrumentalities or institutions."
- SECTION 14. Section 66-8-124 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1961, Chapter 213, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:
 - "66-8-124. ARRESTING OFFICER TO BE IN UNIFORM.--
- A. No person shall be arrested for violating the Motor Vehicle Code or other law relating to motor vehicles punishable as a misdemeanor except by a commissioned salaried peace officer, a commissioned reserve police officer, a licensed New Mexico mounted patrol officer or a licensed New Mexico ranger who, at the time of arrest, is wearing a uniform clearly indicating the peace officer's official status.
- B. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection A of this section, a municipality may provide by ordinance that uniformed private security guards may be commissioned by the local police agency to issue parking citations for violations of clearly and properly marked fire zones and access zones for persons with significant mobility limitation. Prior to the

commissioning of any security guard, the employer of the security guard shall agree in writing with the local police agency to the commissioning of the employer's security guard. The employer of any security guard commissioned under the provisions of this section shall be liable for the actions of that security guard in carrying out the security guard's duties pursuant to that commission. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Tort Claims Act, private security guards commissioned under this section shall not be deemed public employees under that act."

SECTION 15. Section 66-8-125 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, Chapter 35, Section 533) is amended to read:

"66-8-125. ARREST WITHOUT WARRANT.--

A. Members of the New Mexico state police, sheriffs and their salaried deputies, [and] members of any municipal police force, commissioned reserve police officers, licensed

New Mexico mounted patrol officers and licensed New Mexico

rangers may arrest without warrant any person:

- (1) present at the scene of a motor vehicle accident;
- (2) on a highway when charged with theft of a motor vehicle; or
- (3) charged with crime in another jurisdiction, upon receipt of a message giving the name or a reasonably accurate description of the person wanted, the crime .210889.3

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alleged and a statement [he] that the person is likely to flee the jurisdiction of [the] this state.

- B. To arrest without warrant, the arresting officer must have reasonable grounds, based on personal investigation, which may include information from eyewitnesses, to believe the person arrested has committed a crime.
- C. Members of the New Mexico state police, sheriffs and their salaried deputies, [and] members of any municipal police force, commissioned reserve police officers, licensed New Mexico mounted patrol officers and licensed New Mexico rangers may not make [arrest] arrests for traffic violations if not in uniform; however, nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the arrest, without warrant, by a peace officer of any person when probable cause exists to believe that a felony crime has been committed or in non-traffic cases."

SECTION 16. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2020.

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