

Update on Substance Abuse Treatment Centers in New Mexico

Presentation to: The Legislative Health and Human Services
Committee

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Over Dose Deaths

- Consequences of drug use continue to burden NM
- NM has the 2nd highest drug OD death rate in the nation
- NM had made significant gains with OD deaths dropping by 16% from 2011 to 2013
- Total number of drug overdose deaths increased by 19% from 2013 to 2014
- Unintentional OD deaths increased by 24%





NM Counties' OD Death Rate

- Rio Arriba County has the highest OD death rate in the state
- Bernalillo County continues to bear the highest burden of OD death in terms of total numbers of deaths
- Almost half of all NM counties have total OD death rates more than twice the U.S. rate
- Santa Fe County has experienced the opposite trend:
 - All OD deaths dropped by 8% from 2013 to 2014 while the NM rate increased by 16%
 - Unintentional OD deaths decreased by 16% while NM rate increased by 24%





Alcohol-Related Death Rate

- NM's rate is more than twice the national rate
- NM has ranked 1st, 2nd, or 3rd in the U.S. since 1981; and 1st for the period 1997 through 2010
- Nationally, 1 in 10 deaths among working age adults is attributable to alcohol.
- In NM, this ratio is of 1 in 6 deaths

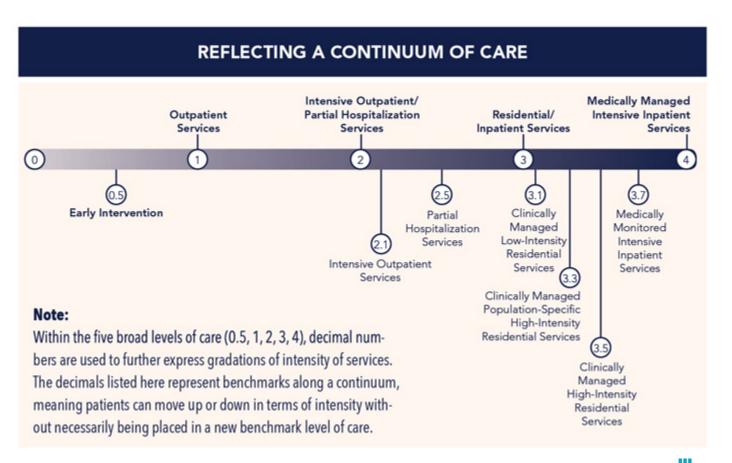




NM Counties' Alcohol-related Deaths

- Rio Arriba & McKinley counties have highest rates of alcoholrelated death, with rates more than twice the state rate & almost 4 times the national rate
- Several other counties (Cibola, San Miguel, San Juan, & Taos)
 have a substantial burden (20 or more alcohol-related deaths per
 year) & rates more than twice the U.S. rate.
- High rates among Native American males & females drive the rates in McKinley, Cibola, & San Juan counties;
- Rio Arriba has highest rates among both Hispanic & Native American males and females
- Deaths among Hispanic males drive the high rates in San Miguel and Taos counties









AT A GLANCE: THE SIX DIMENSIONS OF MULTIDIMENSIONAL ASSESSMENT ASAM's criteria uses six dimensions to create a holistic, biopsychosocial assessment of an individual to be used for service planning and treatment across all services and levels of care. The six dimensions are: Acute Intoxication and/or Withdrawal Potential DIMENSION 1 Exploring an individual's past and current experiences of substance use and withdrawal **Biomedical Conditions and Complications DIMENSION 2** Exploring an individual's health history and current physical condition Emotional, Behavioral, or Cognitive Conditions and Complications **DIMENSION 3** Exploring an individual's thoughts, emotions, and mental health Readiness to Change **DIMENSION 4** Exploring an individual's readiness and interest in changing Relapse, Continued Use, or Continued Problem Potential DIMENSION 5 Exploring an individual's unique relationship with relapse or continued use or problems Recovery/Living Environment **DIMENSION 6** Exploring an individual's recovery or living situation, and the surrounding people, places, and things





> Early Intervention - ASAM Level .05

- For Adults and Adolescents, this Level of Care (LOC) constitutes a service for individuals who, for a known reason, are at risk of developing substance-related problems, or
- A service for those for whom there is not yet sufficient information to document a diagnosable substance use disorder
- Screening, assessment, and referral, such as SBIRT, is such a service
- Appropriate in primary care & other health settings, online, BHrelated courts, etc.





Outpatient Services – ASAM Level 1

- For adolescents & adults, this level of care typically consists of less than 9 hours of service/week for adults, or less than 6 hours a week for adolescents
- For recovery or motivational enhancement therapies & strategies
- Encompasses a set of organized services that may be delivered in a wide variety of settings
- Services may include individual, family, & group therapies, as well as, Medication Assisted Treatment (MAT)
- Services may be delivered in private practices, CMHCs, FQHCs, & other health care related settings





➤ Intensive Outpatient Services — ASAM Level 2.1

- For adolescents & adults, this level of care typically consists of 9
 or more hours of service a week or 6 or more hours for adults
 and adolescents respectively to treat multidimensional
 instability
- It encompasses services that are capable of meeting the complex needs of people with addiction & co-occurring conditions
- It is an organized outpatient service that delivers treatment services during the day, before or after work or school, in the evening, &/or on weekends
- In NM, IOP requires HSD certification to be Medicaid reimbursable



Partial Hospitalization Services – ASAM Level 2.5

- For adolescents & adults, this level of care typically provides 20 or more hours of service a week for multidimensional instability that does not require 24-hour care
- It encompasses services that are capable of meeting the complex needs of people with addiction & co-occurring conditions
- It is an organized outpatient service that delivers treatment services usually during the day as day treatment or partial hospitalization services
- This is not a covered NM Medicaid benefit





Clinically Managed Low-Intensity Residential Services ASAM Level 3.1

- This adolescent & adult level of care typically provides a 24 hour living support & structure with available trained personnel, & offers at least 5 hours of clinical service a week
- It encompasses residential services that are described as cooccurring capable, co-occurring enhanced, and complexity capable services
- Staffed by designated addiction treatment, mental health, & general medical personnel who provide a range of services in a 24-hour living support setting





Clinically Managed Population-Specific High-Intensity Residential Services – ASAM Level 3.3

- This adult only LOC typically offers 24-hour care with trained counselors to stabilize multidimensional imminent danger along with less intense milieu & group treatment for those with cognitive or other impairments unable to use full active milieu or therapeutic community
- It encompasses residential services that are described as cooccurring capable, co-occurring enhanced, & complexity capable services, which are staffed by designated addiction treatment, mental health, and general medical personnel who provide a range of services in a 24-hour treatment setting





Clinically Managed Medium-Intensity Residential Services ASAM Level 3.5

- For adolescents & Clinically Managed High-Intensity Residential Services for adults, this level of care provides 24-hour care with trained counselors to stabilize multidimensional imminent danger and prepare for outpatient treatment.
- Patients in this level are able to tolerate & use full active milieu or therapeutic communities.
- It encompasses residential services that are described as cooccurring capable, co-occurring enhanced, & complexity capable services
- Staffed by designated addiction treatment, mental health, & general medical personnel who provide a range of services in a 24-hour treatment setting



- Medically Monitored Intensive Inpatient Services ASAM Level 3.7
 - This LOC appears to be limited to specialized Opioid Treatment Programs





Medically Managed Intensive Inpatient –ASAM Level 4

- Services for adolescents & adults, this LOC offers 24-hour nursing care & daily physician care for severe, unstable problems in ASAM Dimensions:
 - 1- Acute Intoxication &/or Withdrawal Symptoms
 - 2- Biomedical Conditions & Complications or
 - 3- Emotional, Behavioral, or Cognitive Conditions
- Counseling is available to engage patients in treatment





Detox Programs

- Social detox 4
- Medical detox- 8
- Acupuncture detox-3
- Methadone-7
- Hospital/Medical Centers-33
- Residential -10 (including 8 identified as medical)





Detox Services Locations

- Social detox –4 (Albuquerque-1, Santa Fe-2, Farmington-1, Gallup-1)
- Medical detox- 8 (Albuquerque-4, Santa Fe-1, Las Cruces-2, Gallup-1
- Acupuncture detox- 3 (Albuquerque-1, Las Cruces -2)
- Methadone-7
- Hospital/Medical centers-33
- Residential -10 (including 8 identified as medical) (Albuquerque-4, Santa Fe-1, Taos-2, Las Cruces-2, Gallup-1)





Inpatient Treatment Center Locations

- Albuquerque-2,
- Taos-2,
- Santa Fe -1,
- Espanola -1,
- Gallup -1,
- Carlsbad -1,
- Farmington- 1 (Adolescent Only),
- Las Cruces- 1,
- Roswell -1,
- Santa Clara -1,
- Ohkay Owingeh -1





Adult Residential Treatment Centers (RTC)

- Albuquerque 2
- Carlsbad 1
- Espanola 1
- Gallup -1
- Las Cruces 1
- Ohkay Owingeh 1
- ∘ Roswell 1
- Santa Clara 1
- Santa Fe 1
- Taos 2





Adolescent Residential Treatment Centers (RTC)

20 of these do not identify specific SUD treatment

- Albuquerque 7
- Clovis -2
- Farmington 1
- Grants 1
- Hobbs 1
- Las Cruces 1
- Las Vegas 2
- Peralta 1
- ∘ Roswell 2
- San Cristobal 1
- San Fidel 1
- Santa Fe 4
- Taos − 3
 - Valmora 1





Medication Assisted Treatment (MAT)

- Methadone Treatment
 - It lessens painful symptoms of opiate withdrawal & blocks euphoric effects of opiate drugs
 - Comes in pill, liquid, & wafer forms & is taken once a day
 - 13 clinics (3 additional approved for 2016)
 - Locations:
 - Albuquerque 8 (1pending)
 - Alcalde 0 (1 pending)
 - Belen 1
 - Farmington 1
 - Las Cruces 1
 - Roswell 1
 - Rio Rancho 0 (1 pending)
 - Santa Fe 1





Medication Assisted Treatment

- Suboxone (Buprenorphine)
 - 1st medication for opioid treatment prescribed or dispensed in physician offices
 - Increases treatment access
 - Lowers the potential for misuse
 - Diminishes withdrawal symptoms & cravings
 - Prescribed as part of a treatment plan that includes counseling & social support
 - 128 certified prescribers
 - 30 to be verified

Locations:

- Abiguiu 1
- Albuquerque 58
- Bernalillo 1
- Carlsbad 2
- Crownpoint 1
- Dulce 1
- Espanola 3
- Farmington 2
- Gallup 1
- Las Cruces 5
- Las Vegas 3
- Pecos -2
- Questa 1
- Santa Fe 10
- Silver City 1
- Socorro 1
- Taos 1





Naloxone (also known as Narcan®)

- An "opioid antagonist" used to counter the effects of opioid OD, for example morphine & heroin overdose
- Used in opioid ODs to counteract life-threatening depression of the central nervous system & respiratory system, allowing an OD victim to breathe normally
- Naloxone is a nonscheduled (i.e., non-addictive), prescription medication
- Naloxone only works if a person has opioids in their system; it has no effect if opioids are absent
- It can be administered by minimally trained laypeople
- Naloxone has no potential for abuse





Naloxone Initiatives (2014)

- DOH has trained & enrolled 1700 into use of Naloxone kits
- DOH distributed 5,874 doses, a 55% increase
- Pharmacists are now prescribing
- 10% of pharmacies are dispensing kits
- 900 OD reversals, a 20% increase





Intensive Out Patient Programs (IOP)

- 19 Medicaid-approved adult IOPs (4 pending)
- 23 Medicaid-approved adolescent IOPs (3 pending)
- Adult IOP locations:
 - Albuquerque 5
 - Carlsbad 1
 - Clovis 1
 - Espanola 2
 - Farmington 1
 - Las Vegas 1 (1 pending)
 - Los Lunas 1
 - Rio Rancho 1 pending
 - Roswell 1
 - Santa Clara 1 pending
 - Santa Fe 4 (1 pending)
 - Taos 2





Intensive Out-Patient (IOP)

- 23 Medicaid approved adolescent IOPs
 - Albuquerque 5 (1 pending)
 - Clayton 1
 - Deming 1
 - Farmington 1
 - Grants 1
 - Hobbs 3
 - Las Cruces 1
 - Los Lunas 2
 - Lovington 2
 - Raton 1
 - Rio Rancho -2
 - Santa Fe 3 (2 pending)
 - Silver City 1





SUD Treatment Challenges

- SUD treatment services are limited statewide
- SUD treatment not adequately integrated into other settings
- CMS has not adopted BH Parity Rules
- SUD continuum of care is fragmented in many communities
- EDs and medical centers have not adequately developed detox capacity
- Medical necessity review criteria may be applied too restrictively
- Adult RTCs are not regulated & services are not Medicaid reimbursable





SUD Treatment Challenges

- Staff shortages
- Difficulty in navigating through the system resulting in prolonging access to services
- Closure of existing facilities or reduction in services provided
- Limited services addressing the unique needs of high risk specialized populations, i.e. woman and women with children





Initiatives to better address need:

- Further strengthen the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program to change prescribing behavior to include prescribing fewer pills per dose & decreasing the number of refills available to the consumer
- Monitor enforcement action by the appropriate professional Licensing Boards following referrals for outlier prescribing
- Continue to increase public awareness about the risk of dependence & addiction of opioid pain relievers
- Ensure adequate drug disposal
- Expand access to Naloxone through co-prescribing with opioid pain relievers & generally making it more widely accessible
- Increase prevention & treatment service capacity throughout the state (particularly in rural areas)
- Continue to improve information & referral systems for access to available treatment services

DEPARTMENT



Initiatives to better address need

- Expand access to medication assisted treatment (MAT)
- Establish more treatment alternatives for the relief of pain
- Develop and implement mechanisms for the prevention, intervention, treatment sector to obtain accurate and up-to-date supply side data from law enforcement
- Further evaluate the rise in drug abuse among women & the impact this has on children and families to facilitate effective treatment and support strategies
- Address comprehensively the regional & local differences in drug overdose deaths within NM





- Thank you -
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