

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

SENATE BILL 413

47TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2005

INTRODUCED BY

Joseph A. Fidel

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH CARE; AMENDING THE NEW MEXICO DRUG, DEVICE
AND COSMETIC ACT; EXPANDING BOARD POWERS UNDER THE PHARMACY
ACT; CHANGING DEFINITIONS IN THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT;
AMENDING AND REPEALING CERTAIN SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 26-1-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967,
Chapter 23, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"26-1-2. DEFINITIONS. --As used in the New Mexico Drug,
Device and Cosmetic Act:

A. "board" means the board of pharmacy or its duly
authorized agent;

B. "person" includes an individual, partnership,
corporation, association, institution or establishment;

C. "biological product" means [~~any~~] a virus,

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 therapeutic serum, toxin, antitoxin or analogous product
2 applicable to the prevention, treatment or cure of diseases or
3 injuries of man and domestic animals and, as used within the
4 meaning of this definition:

5 (1) a "virus" is interpreted to be a product
6 containing the minute living cause of an infectious disease and
7 includes filterable viruses, bacteria, rickettsia, fungi and
8 protozoa;

9 (2) a "therapeutic serum" is a product
10 obtained from blood by removing the clot or clot components and
11 the blood cells;

12 (3) a "toxin" is a product containing a
13 soluble substance poisonous to laboratory animals or man in
14 doses of one milliliter or less of the product and having the
15 property, following the injection of nonfatal doses into an
16 animal, or causing to be produced therein another soluble
17 substance that specifically neutralizes the poisonous substance
18 and that is demonstrable in the serum of the animal thus
19 immunized; and

20 (4) an "antitoxin" is a product containing the
21 soluble substance in serum or other body fluid of an immunized
22 animal that specifically neutralizes the toxin against which
23 the animal is immune;

24 D. "controlled substance" means ~~any~~ a drug,
25 substance or immediate precursor enumerated in Schedules I

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 through V of the Controlled Substances Act;

2 E. "drug" means articles:

3 (1) [~~articles~~] recognized in an official
4 compendium;

5 (2) [~~articles~~] intended for use in the
6 diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease
7 in man or other animals and includes the domestic animal
8 biological products regulated under the federal Virus-Serum-
9 Toxin Act, 37 Stat 832-833, 21 U.S.C. 151-158, and the
10 biological products applicable to man regulated under Federal
11 58 Stat 690, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 216, Section 351, 58 Stat
12 702, as amended, and 42 U.S.C. 262;

13 (3) [~~articles~~] other than food that affect the
14 structure or any function of the body of man or other animals;
15 and

16 (4) [~~articles~~] intended for use as a component
17 of Paragraph (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection, but does not
18 include devices or their component parts or accessories;

19 F. "dangerous drug" means a drug, other than a
20 controlled substance enumerated in Schedule I of the Controlled
21 Substances Act, that because of a potentiality for harmful
22 effect or the method of its use or the collateral measures
23 necessary to its use is not safe except under the supervision
24 of a practitioner licensed by law to direct the use of such
25 drug and hence for which adequate directions for use cannot be

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 prepared. "Adequate directions for use" means directions under
2 which the layman can use a drug or device safely and for the
3 purposes for which it is intended. A drug shall be dispensed
4 only upon the prescription of a practitioner licensed by law to
5 administer or prescribe ~~such~~ the drug if it:

6 (1) is a habit-forming drug and contains any
7 quantity of a narcotic or hypnotic substance or a chemical
8 derivative of such substance that has been found under the
9 federal act and the board to be habit forming;

10 (2) because of its toxicity or other potential
11 for harmful effect or the method of its use or the collateral
12 measures necessary to its use is not safe for use except under
13 the supervision of a practitioner licensed by law to administer
14 or prescribe the drug;

15 (3) is limited by an approved application by
16 Section 505 of the federal act to the use under the
17 professional supervision of a practitioner licensed by law to
18 administer or prescribe the drug;

19 (4) bears the legend: "Caution: federal law
20 prohibits dispensing without prescription.";

21 (5) bears the legend: "Caution: federal law
22 restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed
23 veterinarian."; or

24 (6) bears the legend "RX only";

25 G. "counterfeit drug" means a drug other than a

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 controlled substance that, or the container or labeling of
2 which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name
3 or other identifying mark, imprint or device or any likeness of
4 a drug manufacturer, processor, packer or distributor other
5 than the person who manufactured, processed, packed or
6 distributed the drug and that falsely purports or is
7 represented to be the product of or to have been packed or
8 distributed by such other drug manufacturer, processor, packer
9 or distributor;

10 H. "device", except when used in Subsection P of
11 this section and in Subsection G of Section 26-1-3, Subsection
12 L and Paragraph (4) of Subsection A of Section 26-1-11 and
13 Subsection C of Section 26-1-24 NMSA 1978, means an instrument,
14 apparatus, implement, machine, contrivance, implant, in vitro
15 reagent or other similar or related article, including any
16 component, part or accessory, that is:

- 17 (1) recognized in an official compendium;
18 (2) intended for use in the diagnosis of
19 disease or other conditions or in the cure, mitigation,
20 treatment or prevention of disease in man or other animals; or
21 (3) intended to affect the structure or a
22 function of the body of man or other animals and that does not
23 achieve any of its principal intended purposes through chemical
24 action within or on the body of man or other animals and that
25 is not dependent on being metabolized for achievement of any of

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 its principal intended purposes;

2 I. "prescription" means an order given individually
3 for the person for whom prescribed, either directly from [~~the~~
4 ~~prescriber~~] a licensed practitioner or the practitioner's agent
5 to the pharmacist, including by means of electronic
6 transmission, or indirectly by means of a written order signed
7 by the prescriber, and bearing the name and address of the
8 prescriber, his license classification, the name and address of
9 the patient, the name and quantity of the drug prescribed,
10 directions for use and the date of issue; [~~No person other than~~
11 ~~a practitioner shall prescribe or write a prescription;~~]

12 J. "practitioner" means a physician, doctor of
13 oriental medicine, dentist, veterinarian, certified nurse
14 practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, pharmacist, pharmacist
15 clinician, certified nurse-midwife, physician assistant,
16 prescribing psychologist or other person licensed or certified
17 to prescribe and administer drugs that are subject to the New
18 Mexico Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act;

19 K. "cosmetic" means:

20 (1) articles intended to be rubbed, poured,
21 sprinkled or sprayed on, introduced into or otherwise applied
22 to the human body or any part thereof for cleansing,
23 beautifying, promoting attractiveness or altering the
24 appearance; and

25 (2) articles intended for use as a component

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 of any articles enumerated in Paragraph (1) of this subsection,
2 except that the term shall not include soap;

3 L. "official compendium" means the official United
4 States pharmacopoeia national formulary or the official
5 homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States or any
6 supplement to either of them;

7 M "label" means a display of written, printed or
8 graphic matter upon the immediate container of an article. A
9 requirement made by or under the authority of the New Mexico
10 Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act that any word, statement or other
11 information appear on the label shall not be considered to be
12 complied with unless the word, statement or other information
13 also appears on the outside container or wrapper, if any, of
14 the retail package of the article or is easily legible through
15 the outside container or wrapper;

16 N. "immediate container" does not include package
17 liners;

18 O. "labeling" means all labels and other written,
19 printed or graphic matter:

20 (1) on an article or its containers or
21 wrappers; or

22 (2) accompanying an article;

23 P. "misbranded" means a label to an article that is
24 misleading. In determining whether the label is misleading,
25 there shall be taken into account, among other things, not only

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = del ete

1 representations made or suggested by statement, word, design,
2 device or any combination of the foregoing, but also the extent
3 to which the label fails to reveal facts material in the light
4 of such representations or material with respect to
5 consequences that may result from the use of the article to
6 which the label relates under the conditions of use prescribed
7 in the label or under such conditions of use as are customary
8 or usual;

9 Q. "advertisement" means all representations
10 disseminated in any manner or by any means, other than by
11 labeling, for the purpose of inducing, or that are likely to
12 induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase of drugs, devices
13 or cosmetics;

14 R. "antiseptic", when used in the labeling or
15 advertisement of an antiseptic, shall be considered to be a
16 representation that it is a germicide, except in the case of a
17 drug purporting to be or represented as an antiseptic for
18 inhibitory use as a wet dressing, ointment, dusting powder or
19 such other use as involves prolonged contact with the body;

20 S. "new drug" means [~~any~~] a drug:

21 (1) the composition of which is such that the
22 drug is not generally recognized, among experts qualified by
23 scientific training and experience to evaluate the safety and
24 efficacy of drugs, as safe and effective for use under the
25 conditions prescribed, recommended or suggested in the labeling

. 153760. 1

1 thereof; or

2 (2) the composition of which is such that the
3 drug, as a result of investigation to determine its safety and
4 efficacy for use under such conditions, has become so
5 recognized, but that has not, otherwise than in such
6 investigations, been used to a material extent or for a
7 material time under such conditions;

8 T. "contaminated with filth" applies to a drug,
9 device or cosmetic not securely protected from dirt, dust and,
10 as far as may be necessary by all reasonable means, from all
11 foreign or injurious contaminations, or a drug, device or
12 cosmetic found to contain dirt, dust, foreign or injurious
13 contamination or infestation;

14 U. "selling of drugs, devices or cosmetics" shall
15 be considered to include the manufacture, production,
16 processing, packing, exposure, offer, possession and holding of
17 any such article for sale and the sale and the supplying or
18 applying of any such article in the conduct of a drug or
19 cosmetic establishment;

20 V. "color additive" means a material that:

21 (1) is a dye, pigment or other substance made
22 by a process of synthesis or similar artifice or extracted,
23 isolated or otherwise derived, with or without intermediate or
24 final change of identity, from a vegetable, mineral, animal or
25 other source; or

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 (2) when added or applied to a drug or
2 cosmetic or to the human body or a part thereof, is capable,
3 alone or through reaction with other substances, of imparting
4 color thereto; except that such term does not include any
5 material that has been or hereafter is exempted under the
6 federal act;

7 W. "federal act" means the Federal Food, Drug and
8 Cosmetic Act;

9 X. "restricted device" means a device for which the
10 sale, distribution or use is lawful only upon the written or
11 oral authorization of a practitioner licensed by law to
12 administer, prescribe or use the device and for which the
13 federal food and drug administration requires special training
14 or skills of the practitioner to use or prescribe. This
15 definition does not include custom devices defined in the
16 federal act and exempt from performance standards or premarket
17 approval requirements under Section 520(b) of the federal act;
18 [~~and~~]

19 Y. "prescription device" means a device that,
20 because of its potential for harm, the method of its use or the
21 collateral measures necessary to its use, is not safe except
22 under the supervision of a practitioner licensed in this state
23 to direct the use of such device and for which "adequate
24 directions for use" cannot be prepared, but that bears the
25 label: "Caution: federal law restricts this device to sale by

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 or on the order of a _____", the blank to be filled with
2 the word "physician", "doctor of oriental medicine", "dentist",
3 "veterinarian", "certified nurse practitioner", "clinical nurse
4 specialist", "pharmacist", "pharmacist clinician", "certified
5 nurse-midwife" or with the descriptive designation of any other
6 practitioner licensed in this state to use or order the use of
7 the device; and

8 Z. "valid practitioner-patient relationship" means
9 a relationship that includes at a minimum an adequate history,
10 physical examination and informed consent, except for on-call
11 practitioners. "

12 Section 2. Section 26-1-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967,
13 Chapter 23, Section 7) is amended to read:

14 "26-1-7. ATTORNEY GENERAL OR DISTRICT ATTORNEY TO
15 INSTITUTE PROSECUTIONS ~~[RIGHT TO BOARD HEARING PRIOR TO~~
16 ~~CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS].~~--It ~~[shall be]~~ is the duty of the
17 attorney general or the various district attorneys of this
18 state to whom the board reports any violation of the New Mexico
19 Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act to cause appropriate proceedings
20 to be instituted in the proper courts without delay and to be
21 prosecuted in the manner required by law. ~~[Before any~~
22 ~~violation of this act is reported to any such attorney for the~~
23 ~~institution of a criminal proceeding, the person against whom~~
24 ~~such proceeding is contemplated shall be given appropriate~~
25 ~~notice and an opportunity to present his views before the board~~

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 ~~or its designated agent, either orally or in writing, in person~~
2 ~~or by attorney, with regard to such contemplated proceedings.]"~~

3 Section 3. Section 26-1-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967,
4 Chapter 23, Section 16, as amended) is amended to read:

5 "26-1-16. DANGEROUS DRUGS--CONDITIONS FOR SALE--
6 PRESCRIPTION REFILLING--LIMITATIONS. --

7 A. It is unlawful for any person to sell, dispose
8 of or possess any dangerous drugs, except:

9 (1) manufacturers or distributors, their
10 agents or employees licensed by the board to ship dangerous
11 drugs into the state; or

12 (2) distributors, hospitals, nursing homes,
13 clinics or pharmacies and other authorized retailers of
14 dangerous drugs in this state licensed by the board, and
15 appropriate records of dangerous drugs receipt and disposition
16 are kept. These records shall be open to inspection by any
17 enforcement officer of this state.

18 B. Practitioners licensed in this state may
19 prescribe, provide samples of and dispense any dangerous drug
20 to a patient where there is a valid ~~[physician]~~ practitioner-
21 patient relationship. A record of all such dispensing shall be
22 kept showing the date the drug was dispensed and bearing the
23 name and address of the patient to whom dispensed. It is the
24 duty of every licensed physician, dentist, veterinarian,
25 pharmacist or person holding a limited license issued under

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 Subsection B of Section 61-11-14 NMSA 1978, when dispensing any
2 dangerous drug, to mark on the dispensing container the name of
3 the patient, the date dispensed, the name and address of the
4 person dispensing the drug, the name and strength of the drug,
5 expiration date where applicable, adequate directions for use
6 and the prescription number when applicable. All official
7 compendium requirements for the preservation, packaging,
8 labeling and storage of dangerous drugs are applicable where
9 drugs are held for dispensing to the public, whether by a
10 pharmacy, clinic, hospital or practitioner.

11 C. Pharmacists are prohibited from selling or
12 disposing of any dangerous drug except on prescription of a
13 practitioner and except as such sale or possession is
14 authorized under Subsection A of this section. It is the duty
15 of all pharmacists to keep an accurate record of all disposals,
16 which record shall be open to inspection by any enforcement
17 officer of this state.

18 D. No enforcement officer having knowledge by
19 virtue of his office of any prescription, order or record shall
20 divulge such knowledge except in connection with a prosecution
21 or proceeding in court or before a licensing or registration
22 board or officer, to which prosecution or proceeding the person
23 to whom such prescriptions, orders or records relate is a
24 party.

25 E. It is unlawful, except as otherwise authorized

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 under Subsection A of this section or the Controlled Substances
2 Act and except for the college of pharmacy of the university of
3 New Mexico or a public health laboratory, for any person to
4 possess any dangerous drug unless such substance has been
5 dispensed to him either directly by a practitioner or on a
6 prescription.

7 F. All records required to be kept under the
8 provisions of the New Mexico Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act
9 shall be preserved for a period of three years, provided that
10 records requirements do not apply to the administration of a
11 drug to a patient upon whom the practitioner personally
12 attends, and provided that records of controlled substances
13 shall be kept in accordance with the provisions of the
14 Controlled Substances Act.

15 G. No prescription may be lawfully refilled:

16 (1) if it is marked by the issuing
17 practitioner as not to be refilled;

18 (2) when the practitioner indicates a specific
19 number of refills or a specific period of time, on the original
20 prescription calling for a dangerous drug, it may be refilled
21 the number of times or for the period of time indicated;
22 provided, the date of refill, the initials of the pharmacist
23 refilling the prescription and the amount of drug dispensed, if
24 it differs from the amount called for on the original
25 prescription, is recorded on the original prescription;

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = del ete

1 provided, a prescription issued for drugs controlled by the
2 Controlled Substances Act shall comply with that act;

3 (3) when the practitioner does not indicate
4 refill instructions on the original prescription calling for a
5 dangerous drug, unless:

6 (a) the practitioner is contacted
7 orally, by telephone, telegraph or other means of communication
8 for instruction; and

9 (b) if authorization to refill is given
10 the pharmacist, the following information will be immediately
11 transferred to the original prescription: 1) date; 2) name of
12 person authorizing the refill; 3) pharmacist's initials; and 4)
13 amount dispensed if different than the amount indicated on the
14 original prescription;

15 (4) when the practitioner indicates on the
16 original prescription calling for dangerous drugs that it may
17 be refilled "prn" the pharmacist may refill it within the
18 limits of the dosage directions for a period of twelve months,
19 provided the date of refilling and the initials of the
20 pharmacist are recorded on the original prescription. At the
21 expiration of the twelve-month period, the practitioner must be
22 contacted for a new prescription; provided that this is not to
23 be construed to apply to those drugs regulated by the
24 Controlled Substances Act; and

25 (5) the board may adopt and promulgate

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 regulations to permit the use of computer systems for the
2 storage and retrieval of [~~prescription~~] prescriptions, records
3 for the purpose of refilling [~~a prescription~~] prescriptions,
4 receipt records, drug distribution records, drug withdrawals
5 from stock, drug compounding records, drug disposition records
6 and drug disposal records.

7 H. Nothing in this section shall prevent the owner
8 of livestock or his consignee or their employees to be in
9 possession of drugs for their use in performing routine,
10 accepted livestock management practices in the care of
11 livestock belonging to the owner, and the drugs are labeled as
12 being restricted to animal use only; provided, that if such
13 drugs bear the legend: "CAUTION: federal law restricts this
14 drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian", the
15 drugs may be used or distributed only as provided in Subsection
16 A of Section 26-1-15 NMSA 1978. "

17 Section 4. Section 26-3-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1976,
18 Chapter 60, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:

19 "26-3-3. DRUG PRODUCT SELECTION PERMITTED--CONDITIONS--
20 EXCEPTION FOR PROHIBITION--LABELING. --

21 A. Upon receipt of a prescription written by a
22 licensed practitioner who may prescribe drugs for a drug for
23 which one or more multiple-source drugs are recognized, listed
24 as final determinations and published in the federal register
25 by the federal department of health and human services, a

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 pharmacist may dispense any one of the drugs that satisfies the
2 final determinations so recognized and listed by the federal
3 department of health and human services and is sold at a lower
4 cost than the drug [~~or drugs~~] listed in the prescription.

5 B. Upon receipt of a prescription written by a
6 licensed practitioner for a drug that appears on the federal
7 food and drug administration's approved prescription drug
8 products with therapeutic equivalence evaluation list as
9 supplemented, a pharmacist may dispense any of the
10 therapeutically equivalent drugs that appears on that list and
11 which is lower in cost than the drug [~~or drugs~~] listed in the
12 prescription.

13 C. Drug product selection shall be permitted only
14 under circumstances and conditions set forth in Subsections A
15 and B of this section unless the licensed practitioner
16 prescribing prohibits drug product selection. A licensed
17 practitioner shall prohibit drug product selection by writing
18 with his hand the words "no substitution" or the diminution "no
19 sub" on the face of a prescription.

20 D. If drug product selection occurs as permitted in
21 Subsections A and B of this section, the pharmacist shall
22 indicate on the label of the dispensed container the brand of
23 drug prescribed and the name of the drug dispensed.

24 [~~E. If a pharmacist changes the drug dispensed for~~
25 ~~a patient at a point in time after the drug product selection~~

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 ~~has occurred, he shall notify, within seventy two hours, the~~
2 ~~prescribing practitioner and identify the drug most recently~~
3 ~~dispensed.~~

4 ~~F.]~~ E. A pharmacist may not select a
5 therapeutically equivalent drug unless he passes on to the
6 patient all savings between the net cost of the product
7 prescribed and the product dispensed.

8 ~~[G.]~~ F. For purposes of this section, "multiple-
9 source drug" means a drug marketed or sold by two or more
10 manufacturers, formulators or labelers.

11 ~~[H.]~~ G. For purposes of this section,
12 "therapeutically equivalent" means drug products which have the
13 same amount of the active drug in the same dosage form which
14 when administered can be expected to provide the same
15 therapeutic effect. "

16 Section 5. Section 61-11-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
17 Chapter 29, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:

18 "61-11-6. POWERS AND DUTIES OF BOARD. --

19 A. The board shall:

20 (1) adopt, amend or repeal rules and
21 regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of the
22 Pharmacy Act in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform
23 Licensing Act;

24 (2) provide for examinations of applicants for
25 licensure as pharmacists;

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 (3) provide for the issuance and renewal of
2 licenses for pharmacists;

3 (4) require and establish criteria for
4 continuing education as a condition of renewal of licensure for
5 pharmacists;

6 (5) provide for the issuance and renewal of
7 licenses for pharmacist interns and for their training,
8 supervision and discipline;

9 (6) provide for the licensing of retail
10 pharmacies, nonresident pharmacies, wholesale drug
11 distributors, drug manufacturers, hospital pharmacies, nursing
12 home drug facilities, industrial and public health clinics and
13 all places where dangerous drugs are stored, distributed,
14 dispensed or administered and provide for the inspection of the
15 facilities and activities;

16 (7) enforce the provisions of all laws of the
17 state pertaining to the practice of pharmacy and the
18 manufacture, production, sale or distribution of drugs or
19 cosmetics and their standards of strength and purity;

20 (8) conduct hearings upon charges relating to
21 the discipline of a registrant or licensee or the denial,
22 suspension or revocation of a registration or a license in
23 accordance with the Uniform Licensing Act;

24 (9) cause the prosecution of any person
25 violating the Pharmacy Act, the New Mexico Drug, Device and

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 Cosmetic Act or the Controlled Substances Act;

2 (10) keep a record of all proceedings of the
3 board;

4 (11) make an annual report to the governor;

5 (12) appoint and employ, in the board's
6 discretion, a qualified person who is not a member of the board
7 to serve as executive director and define ~~[his]~~ the executive
8 director's duties and responsibilities; except that the power
9 to deny, revoke or suspend any license or registration
10 authorized by the Pharmacy Act shall not be delegated by the
11 board;

12 (13) appoint and employ inspectors necessary
13 to enforce the provisions of all acts under the administration
14 of the board, which inspectors shall be pharmacists and have
15 all the powers and duties of peace officers;

16 (14) provide for other qualified employees
17 necessary to carry out the provisions of the Pharmacy Act;

18 (15) have the authority to employ a competent
19 attorney to give advice and counsel in regard to any matter
20 connected with the duties of the board, to represent the board
21 in any legal proceedings and to aid in the enforcement of the
22 laws in relation to the pharmacy profession and to fix the
23 compensation to be paid to the attorney; provided, however,
24 that the attorney shall be compensated from the money of the
25 board, including that provided for in Section 61-11-19 NMSA

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 1978;

2 (16) register and regulate qualifications,
3 training and permissible activities of pharmacy technicians;

4 (17) provide a registry of all persons
5 licensed as pharmacists or pharmacist interns in the state;

6 (18) adopt rules and regulations that
7 prescribe the activities and duties of pharmacy owners and
8 pharmacists in the provision of pharmaceutical care, emergency
9 prescription dispensing, drug regimen review and patient
10 counseling in each practice setting; [~~and~~]

11 (19) adopt, after approval by the New Mexico
12 board of medical examiners and the board of nursing, rules and
13 protocols for the prescribing of dangerous drug therapy,
14 including vaccines and immunizations, and the appropriate
15 notification of the primary or appropriate physician of the
16 person receiving the dangerous drug therapy; and

17 (20) have the authority to authorize emergency
18 prescription dispensing.

19 B. The board may:

20 (1) delegate its authority to the executive
21 director to issue temporary licenses as provided in Section
22 61-11-14 NMSA 1978; [~~and~~]

23 (2) provide by regulation for the electronic
24 transmission of prescriptions; and

25 (3) delegate its authority to the executive

1 director to authorize emergency prescription dispensing
2 procedures during civil or public health emergencies. "

3 Section 6. Section 61-11-11.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1997,
4 Chapter 131, Section 12) is amended to read:

5 "61-11-11.1. PHARMACY TECHNICIAN--QUALIFICATIONS--
6 DUTIES.--

7 A. The classification of pharmacy technician is
8 established. An applicant for registration as a pharmacy
9 technician shall:

10 (1) be at least eighteen years of age and not
11 addicted to drugs or alcohol;

12 (2) complete initial training as required by
13 regulations of the board that includes on-the-job and related
14 education commensurate with the tasks to be performed by the
15 pharmacy technician; and

16 (3) if the potential duties of the pharmacy
17 technician will include the preparation of sterile products,
18 complete an additional one hundred hours of experiential
19 training as required by regulations of the board.

20 B. Permissible activities for pharmacy technicians
21 under the supervision of a pharmacist include:

22 (1) the preparation, mixing, assembling,
23 packaging and labeling of medications;

24 (2) processing routine orders of stock
25 supplies;

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 (3) preparation of sterile products; ~~and~~

2 (4) filling of a prescription or medication

3 order that entails counting, pouring, labeling or

4 reconstituting medications; and

5 (5) tasks assigned by the supervising

6 pharmacist that do not require his professional judgment.

7 C. The supervising pharmacist shall observe and

8 direct the pharmacy technician to a sufficient degree to assure

9 the accurate completion of the activities of the pharmacy

10 technician and shall provide a final check of all aspects of

11 the prepared product and document the final check before

12 dispensing.

13 D. The supervising pharmacist shall be responsible

14 for the tasks performed by the pharmacist technician and

15 subject to discipline for failure to appropriately supervise

16 the performance of the pharmacist technician. "

17 Section 7. Section 61-11-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,

18 Chapter 29, Section 13, as amended) is amended to read:

19 "61-11-14. PHARMACY LICENSURE--WHOLESALE DRUG

20 DISTRIBUTION BUSINESS LICENSURE--REQUIREMENTS--FEES--

21 REVOCATION.--

22 A. Any person who desires to operate or maintain

23 the operation of a pharmacy or who engages in a wholesale drug

24 distribution business in this state shall apply to the board

25 for the proper license and shall meet the requirements of the

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 board and pay the [~~annual~~] fee for the license and its renewal.

2 B. The board shall issue the following classes of
3 licenses that shall be defined and limited by regulation of the
4 board:

- 5 (1) retail pharmacy;
- 6 (2) nonresident pharmacy;
- 7 (3) wholesale drug distributor;
- 8 (4) drug manufacturer;
- 9 (5) hospital pharmacy;
- 10 (6) industrial health clinic;
- 11 (7) community health clinic;
- 12 (8) department of health public health
13 offices;
- 14 (9) custodial care facility;
- 15 (10) home care services;
- 16 (11) emergency medical services;
- 17 (12) animal control facilities;
- 18 (13) wholesaler, retailer or distributor of
19 veterinary drugs bearing the legend: "caution: federal law
20 restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed
21 veterinarian". Such drugs may be sold or dispensed by any
22 person possessing a retail pharmacy license, wholesale drug
23 distributor's license or drug manufacturer's license issued by
24 the board, without the necessity of acquiring an additional
25 license for veterinary drugs;

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

- 1 (14) returned drugs processors;
- 2 (15) drug research facilities; [~~and~~]
- 3 (16) drug warehouses;
- 4 (17) contact lens sellers;
- 5 (18) medicinal gas repackagers; and
- 6 (19) medicinal gas sellers.

7 C. Every application for the issuance or [~~annual~~]
8 biennial renewal of:

9 (1) a license for a retail pharmacy,
10 nonresident pharmacy, hospital pharmacy or drug research
11 facility shall be accompanied by a fee set by the board in an
12 amount not to exceed three hundred dollars (\$300) per year;

13 (2) a license for a wholesale drug
14 distributor, drug manufacturer or drug warehouse shall be
15 accompanied by [~~an annual~~] a fee not to exceed five thousand
16 dollars (\$5,000) per year; provided that the [~~annual~~] fee shall
17 not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per year upon the
18 implementation of a medicare prescription drug benefit program,
19 pursuant to Sections 1860D-1 through 1860D-24, except Section
20 1860D-4, of Public Law 108-173, the Medicare Prescription Drug,
21 Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003;

22 (3) a license for a custodial care facility or
23 a returned drugs processor business shall be accompanied by a
24 fee set by the board in an amount not to exceed two hundred
25 dollars (\$200) per year; and

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

(4) a license for an industrial health clinic; a community health clinic; a department of health public health office; home care services; emergency medical services; animal control facilities; or wholesaler, retailer or distributor of veterinary drugs shall be accompanied by a fee set by the board in an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars (\$200) per year.

D. If it is desired to operate or maintain a pharmaceutical business at more than one location, a separate license shall be obtained for each location.

E. Each application for a license shall be made on forms prescribed and furnished by the board.

F. Any person making application to the board for a license to operate a facility or business listed in Subsection B of this section in this state shall submit to the board an application for licensure indicating:

(1) the name under which the business is to be operated;

(2) the address of each location to be licensed and the address of the principal office of the business;

(3) in the case of a retail pharmacy, the name and address of the owner, partner or officer or director of a corporate owner;

(4) the type of business to be conducted at

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 each location;

2 (5) a rough drawing of the floor plan of each
3 location to be licensed;

4 (6) the proposed days and hours of operation
5 of the business; and

6 (7) other information the board may require.

7 G. After preliminary approval of the application
8 for a license for any facility or business listed in Paragraphs
9 (1) through (8) and (10) through (16) of Subsection B of this
10 section, a request for an inspection, together with an
11 inspection fee not to exceed two hundred dollars (\$200), shall
12 be submitted to the board for each business location, and an
13 inspection shall be made of each location by the board or its
14 agent.

15 H. Following a deficiency-free inspection, the
16 executive director of the board may issue a temporary license
17 to the applicant. The temporary license shall expire at the
18 close of business on the last day of the next regular board
19 meeting.

20 I. Licenses, except temporary licenses provided
21 pursuant to Subsection H of this section, issued by the board
22 pursuant to this section are not transferable and shall expire
23 on ~~[December 31 of each year]~~ the expiration date set by the
24 board unless renewed. Any person failing to renew ~~[his]~~ a
25 license on or before ~~[December 31 of each year]~~ the expiration

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 date set by the board shall not have [~~his~~] the license
2 reinstated except upon reapplication and payment of a
3 reinstatement fee set by the board in an amount not to exceed
4 one hundred dollars (\$100) and all delinquent renewal fees.

5 J. The board, after notice and a refusal or failure
6 to comply, may suspend or revoke any license issued under the
7 provisions of the Pharmacy Act at any time examination or
8 inspection of the operation for which the license was granted
9 discloses that the operation is not being conducted according
10 to law or regulations of the board.

11 K. Pharmaceutical sales representatives who carry
12 dangerous drugs shall provide the board with a written
13 statement from the representative's employer that describes the
14 employer's policy relating to the safety and security of the
15 handling of dangerous drugs and to the employer's compliance
16 with the federal Prescription Drug Marketing Act of 1987.
17 Pharmaceutical sales representatives are not subject to the
18 licensing provisions of the Pharmacy Act."

19 Section 8. Section 30-31-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1972,
20 Chapter 84, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

21 "30-31-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Controlled
22 Substances Act:

23 A. "administer" means the direct application of a
24 controlled substance by any means to the body of a patient or
25 research subject by a practitioner or his agent;

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = del ete

1 B. "agent" includes an authorized person who acts
2 on behalf of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser. It does
3 not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman
4 or employee of the carrier or warehouseman;

5 C. "board" means the board of pharmacy;

6 D. "bureau" means the narcotic and dangerous drug
7 section of the criminal division of the United States
8 department of justice, or its successor agency;

9 E. "controlled substance" means a drug or substance
10 listed in Schedules I through V of the Controlled Substances
11 Act or rules adopted thereto;

12 F. "counterfeit substance" means a controlled
13 substance that bears the unauthorized trademark, trade name,
14 imprint, number, device or other identifying mark or likeness
15 of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser other than the
16 person who in fact manufactured, distributed or dispensed the
17 controlled substance;

18 G. "deliver" means the actual, constructive or
19 attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled
20 substance or controlled substance analog, whether or not there
21 is an agency relationship;

22 H. "dispense" means to deliver a controlled
23 substance to an ultimate user or research subject pursuant to
24 the lawful order of a practitioner, including the
25 administering, prescribing, packaging, labeling or compounding

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 necessary to prepare the controlled substance for that
2 delivery;

3 I. "dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses
4 and includes hospitals, pharmacies and clinics where controlled
5 substances are dispensed;

6 J. "distribute" means to deliver other than by
7 administering or dispensing a controlled substance or
8 controlled substance analog;

9 K. "drug" or "substance" means substances
10 recognized as drugs in the official United States
11 pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United
12 States or official national formulary or any respective
13 supplement to those publications. It does not include devices
14 or their components, parts or accessories;

15 L. "hashish" means the resin extracted from any
16 part of marijuana, whether growing or not, and every compound,
17 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of such
18 resins;

19 M "manufacture" means the production, preparation,
20 compounding, conversion or processing of a controlled substance
21 or controlled substance analog by extraction from substances of
22 natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis
23 or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and
24 includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or
25 labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = del ete

1 does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled
2 substance:

3 (1) by a practitioner as an incident to his
4 administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the
5 course of his professional practice; or

6 (2) by a practitioner, or by his agent under
7 his supervision, for the purpose of or as an incident to
8 research, teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale;

9 N. "marijuana" means all parts of the plant
10 cannabis, including any and all varieties, species and
11 subspecies of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not, the
12 seeds thereof and every compound, manufacture, salt,
13 derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant or its seeds.
14 It does not include the mature stalks of the plant, hashish,
15 tetrahydrocannabinols extracted or isolated from marijuana,
16 fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds
17 of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt,
18 derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks, fiber,
19 oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant that is
20 incapable of germination;

21 0. "narcotic drug" means any of the following,
22 whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from
23 substances of vegetable origin or independently by means of
24 chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and
25 chemical synthesis:

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 (1) opium and opiate and any salt, compound,
2 derivative or preparation of opium or opiate;

3 (2) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or
4 preparation that is a chemical equivalent of any of the
5 substances referred to in Paragraph (1) of this subsection,
6 except the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

7 (3) opium poppy and poppy straw, including all
8 parts of the plant of the species *Papaver somniferum* L. except
9 its seeds; or

10 (4) coca leaves and any salt, compound,
11 derivative or preparation of coca leaves, any salt, compound,
12 isomer, derivative or preparation that is a chemical equivalent
13 of any of these substances except decocainized coca leaves or
14 extractions of coca leaves that do not contain cocaine or
15 ecgonine;

16 P. "opiate" means any substance having an
17 addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to
18 morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having
19 addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. "Opiate"
20 does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled
21 under Section 30-31-5 NMSA 1978, the dextrorotatory isomer of
22 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts, dextromethorphan.
23 "Opiate" does include its racemic and levorotatory forms;

24 Q. "person" means an individual, partnership,
25 corporation, association, institution, political subdivision,

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 government agency or other legal entity;

2 R. "practitioner" means a physician, doctor of
3 oriental medicine, dentist, physician assistant, certified
4 nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-
5 midwife, [~~physician assistant~~] prescribing psychologist,
6 veterinarian, pharmacist, pharmacist clinician or other person
7 licensed or certified to prescribe and administer drugs that
8 are subject to the Controlled Substances Act;

9 S. "prescription" means an order given individually
10 for the person for whom is prescribed a controlled substance,
11 either directly from [~~the prescriber~~] a licensed practitioner
12 or the practitioner's agent to the pharmacist, including by
13 means of electronic transmission, or indirectly by means of a
14 written order signed by the prescriber, bearing the name and
15 address of the prescriber, his license classification, the name
16 and address of the patient, the name and quantity of the drug
17 prescribed, directions for use and the date of issue and in
18 accordance with the Controlled Substances Act or rules adopted
19 thereto;

20 T. "scientific investigator" means a person
21 registered to conduct research with controlled substances in
22 the course of his professional practice or research and
23 includes analytical laboratories;

24 U. "ultimate user" means a person who lawfully
25 possesses a controlled substance for his own use or for the use

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = del ete

1 of a member of his household or for administering to an animal
2 under the care, custody and control of the person or by a
3 member of his household;

4 V. "drug paraphernalia" means all equipment,
5 products and materials of any kind that are used, intended for
6 use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating,
7 growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting,
8 producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing,
9 packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing,
10 injecting, ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing into
11 the human body a controlled substance or controlled substance
12 analog in violation of the Controlled Substances Act. It
13 includes:

14 (1) kits used, intended for use or designed
15 for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing or
16 harvesting any species of plant that is a controlled substance
17 or controlled substance analog or from which a controlled
18 substance can be derived;

19 (2) kits used, intended for use or designed
20 for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing,
21 processing or preparing controlled substances or controlled
22 substance analogs;

23 (3) isomerization devices used, intended for
24 use or designed for use in increasing the potency of any
25 species of plant that is a controlled substance;

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = del ete

1 (4) testing equipment used, intended for use
2 or designed for use in identifying or in analyzing the
3 strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled substances or
4 controlled substance analogs;

5 (5) scales or balances used, intended for use
6 or designed for use in weighing or measuring controlled
7 substances or controlled substance analogs;

8 (6) diluents and adulterants, such as quinine
9 hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite dextrose and lactose, used,
10 intended for use or designed for use in cutting controlled
11 substances or controlled substance analogs;

12 (7) separation gins and sifters used, intended
13 for use or designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from,
14 or in otherwise cleaning and refining, marijuana;

15 (8) blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and
16 mixing devices used, intended for use or designed for use in
17 compounding controlled substances or controlled substance
18 analogs;

19 (9) capsules, balloons, envelopes and other
20 containers used, intended for use or designed for use in
21 packaging small quantities of controlled substances or
22 controlled substance analogs;

23 (10) containers and other objects used,
24 intended for use or designed for use in storing or concealing
25 controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = del etc

1 (11) hypodermic syringes, needles and other
2 objects used, intended for use or designed for use in
3 parenterally injecting controlled substances or controlled
4 substance analogs into the human body;

5 (12) objects used, intended for use or
6 designed for use in ingesting, inhaling or otherwise
7 introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish or hashish oil into the
8 human body, such as:

9 (a) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass,
10 stone, plastic or ceramic pipes, with or without screens,
11 permanent screens, hashish heads or punctured metal bowls;

12 (b) water pipes;

13 (c) carburetion tubes and devices;

14 (d) smoking and carburetion masks;

15 (e) roach clips, meaning objects used to
16 hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has
17 become too small to hold in the hand;

18 (f) miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine
19 vials;

20 (g) chamber pipes;

21 (h) carburetor pipes;

22 (i) electric pipes;

23 (j) air-driven pipes;

24 (k) chills;

25 (l) bongs; or

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 (m) ice pipes or chillers; and

2 (13) in determining whether an object is drug
3 paraphernalia, a court or other authority should consider, in
4 addition to all other logically relevant factors, the
5 following:

6 (a) statements by the owner or by anyone
7 in control of the object concerning its use;

8 (b) the proximity of the object, in time
9 and space, to a direct violation of the Controlled Substances
10 Act or any other law relating to controlled substances or
11 controlled substance analogs;

12 (c) the proximity of the object to
13 controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;

14 (d) the existence of any residue of a
15 controlled substance or controlled substance analog on the
16 object;

17 (e) instructions, written or oral,
18 provided with the object concerning its use;

19 (f) descriptive materials accompanying
20 the object that explain or depict its use;

21 (g) the manner in which the object is
22 displayed for sale; and

23 (h) expert testimony concerning its use;

24 W. "controlled substance analog" means a substance
25 other than a controlled substance that has a chemical structure

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 substantially similar to that of a controlled substance in
2 Schedule I, II, III, IV or V or that was specifically designed
3 to produce effects substantially similar to that of controlled
4 substances in Schedule I, II, III, IV or V. Examples of
5 chemical classes in which controlled substance analogs are
6 found include the following:

- 7 (1) phenethyl amines;
- 8 (2) N-substituted piperidines;
- 9 (3) morphinans;
- 10 (4) ecgonines;
- 11 (5) quinazolinones;
- 12 (6) substituted indoles; and
- 13 (7) arylcycloalkyl amines.

14 Specifically excluded from the definition of "controlled
15 substance analog" are those substances that are generally
16 recognized as safe and effective within the meaning of the
17 Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act or have been manufactured,
18 distributed or possessed in conformance with the provisions of
19 an approved new drug application or an exemption for
20 investigational use within the meaning of Section 505 of the
21 Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act;

22 X. "human consumption" includes application,
23 injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other manner of
24 introduction; [and]

25 Y. "drug-free school zone" means a public school or

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 property that is used for public school purposes and the area
2 within one thousand feet of the school property line, but it
3 does not mean any post-secondary school; and

4 Z. "valid practitioner-patient relationship" means
5 a professional relationship, as defined by the practitioner's
6 licensing board, between the practitioner and the patient."

7 Section 9. Section 30-31-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1972,
8 Chapter 84, Section 18) is amended to read:

9 "30-31-18. PRESCRIPTIONS. --

10 A. No controlled substance listed in Schedule II,
11 which is a prescription drug as determined by the federal food
12 and drug administration, may be dispensed without a written
13 prescription of a practitioner, unless administered directly to
14 an ultimate user. No prescription for a Schedule II substance
15 may be refilled. No person other than a practitioner shall
16 prescribe or write a prescription.

17 B. Prescriptions for Schedules II through IV shall
18 contain the following information:

19 (1) the name and address of the patient for
20 whom the drug is prescribed; [~~and~~]

21 (2) the name, address and registry number of
22 the person prescribing the drug [~~The name of the pharmacist and~~
23 ~~the dispensing date of the drug shall be inscribed on the face~~
24 ~~of the prescription~~]; and

25 (3) the identity of the pharmacist of record.

. 153760. 1

underscored material = new
[bracketed material] = delete

1 C. A controlled substance included in Schedules III
2 or IV, which is a prescription drug as determined under the New
3 Mexico Drug and Cosmetic Act, shall not be dispensed without a
4 written or oral prescription of a practitioner, except when
5 administered directly by a practitioner to an ultimate user.
6 The prescription shall not be filled or refilled more than six
7 months after the date of issue or be refilled more than five
8 times, unless renewed by the practitioner and a new
9 prescription is placed in the file. Prescriptions shall be
10 retained in conformity with the regulations of the board.

11 D. The label affixed to the dispensing container of
12 a drug listed in Schedules II, III or IV, when dispensed to or
13 for a patient, shall contain the following information:

- 14 (1) date of dispensing and prescription
15 number;
- 16 (2) name and address of the pharmacy;
- 17 (3) name of the patient;
- 18 (4) name of the practitioner; and
- 19 (5) directions for use and cautionary
20 statements, if any.

21 E. The label affixed to the dispensing container of
22 a drug listed in Schedule II, III or IV, when dispensed to or
23 for a patient, shall contain a clear concise warning that it is
24 a crime to transfer the drug to any person other than the
25 patient.

1 F. No controlled substance included in Schedule V,
2 which is a proprietary nonprescription drug, shall be
3 distributed, offered for sale or dispensed other than for a
4 medical purpose and a record of the sale shall be made in
5 accordance with the regulations of the board.

6 G. In emergency situations, as defined by
7 regulation, Schedule II drugs may be dispensed upon oral
8 prescription of a practitioner, if reduced promptly to writing
9 and filed by the pharmacy in accordance with regulations of the
10 board. "

11 Section 10. REPEAL. --Section 26-1-3.1 NMSA 1978 (being
12 Laws 1987, Chapter 270, Section 4) is repealed.