HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL 10

49TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2010

AN ACT

RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION; PROHIBITING THE USE OF A MOBILE COMMUNICATION DEVICE WHILE OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE; PROHIBITING THE USE OF A MOBILE COMMUNICATION DEVICE WHILE OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE ENGAGED IN PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION OR SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION; PROVIDING EXCEPTIONS; IMPOSING PENALTIES AND FEES; DIRECTING THE DISPOSITION OF CERTAIN PENALTY ASSESSMENT MISDEMEANOR RECEIPTS; RECONCILING MULTIPLE AMENDMENTS TO THE SAME SECTION OF LAW IN LAWS 2009; MAKING AN APPROPRIATION; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 35-6-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1968, Chapter 62, Section 92, as amended) is amended to read:

"35-6-1. MAGISTRATE COSTS--SCHEDULE--DEFINITION OF "CONVICTED".--

_	n. Hagistrate Judges, including metropolitan court
2	judges, shall assess and collect and shall not waive, defer or
3	suspend the following costs:
4	docket fee, criminal actions under Section 29-5-1 NMSA
5	1978 \$ 1.00;
6	docket fee, to be collected prior to docketing any other
7	criminal action, except as provided in Subsection B
8	of Section 35-6-3 NMSA 1978 20.00.
9	Proceeds from this docket fee shall be transferred
10	to the administrative office of the courts for
11	deposit in the court facilities fund;
12	docket fee, twenty dollars (\$20.00) of which shall be
13	deposited in the court automation fund and fifteen
14	dollars (\$15.00) of which shall be deposited in the
15	civil legal services fund, to be collected prior to
16	docketing any civil action,
17	except as provided in Subsection A of Section 35-6-3
18	NMSA 1978
19	jury fee, to be collected from the party demanding trial
20	by jury in any civil action at the time the demand
21	is filed or made
22	copying fee, for making and certifying copies of any
23	records in the court, for each page copied by
24	photographic process [50] <u>0.50</u>
25	Proceeds from this copying fee shall be transferred
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to the administrative office of the courts for
deposit in the court facilities fund; and
copying fee, for computer-generated or electronically
transferred copies, per page 1.00.
Proceeds from this copying fee shall be transferred
to the administrative office of the courts for
deposit in the court automation fund.

Except as otherwise specifically provided by law, docket fees shall be paid into the court facilities fund.

- B. Except as otherwise provided by law, no other costs or fees shall be charged or collected in the magistrate or metropolitan court.
- C. The magistrate or metropolitan court may grant free process to any party in any civil proceeding or special statutory proceeding upon a proper showing of indigency. The magistrate or metropolitan court may deny free process if it finds that the complaint on its face does not state a cause of action.
- D. As used in this subsection, "convicted" means the defendant has been found guilty of a criminal charge by the magistrate or metropolitan judge, either after trial, a plea of guilty or a plea of nolo contendere. Magistrate judges, including metropolitan court judges, shall assess and collect and shall not waive, defer or suspend the following costs:
- (1) corrections fee, to be collected upon .181494.4

conviction from persons convicted of violating any provision of
the Motor Vehicle Code involving the operation of a motor
vehicle, convicted of a crime constituting a misdemeanor or a
petty misdemeanor or convicted of violating any ordinance that
may be enforced by the imposition of a term of imprisonment as
follows:
in a county with a metropolitan court \$10.00;
in a county without a metropolitan court 20.00;
(2) court automation fee, to be collected upon
conviction from persons convicted of violating any provision of
the Motor Vehicle Code involving the operation of a motor
vehicle, convicted of a crime constituting a misdemeanor or a
petty misdemeanor or convicted of violating any ordinance that
may be enforced by the imposition of a term of
imprisonment
(3) traffic safety fee, to be collected upon
conviction from persons convicted of violating any provision of
the Motor Vehicle Code involving the operation of a motor
vehicle
(4) judicial education fee, to be collected upon
conviction from persons convicted of operating a motor vehicle
in violation of the Motor Vehicle Code, convicted of a crime
constituting a misdemeanor or a petty misdemeanor or convicted
of violating any ordinance punishable by a term of
imprisonment

1	(5) jury and witness fee, to be collected upon
2	conviction from persons convicted of operating a motor vehicle
3	in violation of the Motor Vehicle Code, convicted of a crime
4	constituting a misdemeanor or a petty misdemeanor or convicted
5	of violating any ordinance punishable by a term of imprisonment
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7	(6) brain injury services fee, to be collected
8	upon conviction from persons convicted of violating any
9	provision of the Motor Vehicle Code involving the operation of
10	a motor vehicle
11	[and]
12	(7) court facilities fee, to be collected upon
13	conviction from persons convicted of violating any provision of
14	the Motor Vehicle Code involving the operation of a motor
15	vehicle, convicted of a crime constituting a misdemeanor or a
16	petty misdemeanor or convicted of violating any ordinance that
17	may be enforced by the imposition of a term of imprisonment as
18	follows:
19	in a county with a metropolitan court 24.00;
20	in any other county 10.00;
21	and
22	(8) an interlock device fee, to be collected
23	upon conviction from persons convicted of operating a motor
24	vehicle in violation of the Motor Vehicle Code, convicted of a
25	crime constituting a misdemeanor or a petty misdemeanor or
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E. Metropolitan court judges shall assess and collect and shall not waive, defer or suspend as costs a mediation fee not to exceed five dollars (\$5.00) for the docketing of small claims and criminal actions specified by metropolitan court rule. Proceeds of the mediation fee shall be deposited into the metropolitan court mediation fund."

Section 2. Section 35-7-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1968, Chapter 62, Section 99, as amended) is amended to read:

"35-7-4. MAGISTRATE ADMINISTRATION--MONTHLY REMITTANCES. -- Each magistrate court shall pay to the administrative office of the courts, not later than the date each month established by regulation of the director of the administrative office, the amount of all fines, forfeitures and costs collected by the court during the previous month, except for amounts disbursed in accordance with law. administrative office shall return to each magistrate court a written receipt itemizing all money received. administrative office shall deposit the amount of all fines and forfeitures with the state treasurer for credit to the current school fund. The administrative office shall deposit the amount of all costs, except all costs collected pursuant to Subsections D and E of Section 35-6-1 NMSA 1978, for credit to the general fund. The amount of all costs collected pursuant .181494.4

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to	Subsections	D	and	E	of	Section	35-6-1	NMSA	1978	shall	be
cre	edited as fol	116). WS:								

- A. the amount of all costs collected pursuant to Paragraph (1) of Subsection D of Section 35-6-1 NMSA 1978 for credit to the local government corrections fund;
- B. the amount of all costs collected pursuant to Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of Section 35-6-1 NMSA 1978 for credit to the court automation fund;
- C. the amount of all costs collected pursuant to Paragraph (3) of Subsection D of Section 35-6-1 NMSA 1978 for credit to the traffic safety education and enforcement fund;
- the amount of all costs collected pursuant to Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of Section 35-6-1 NMSA 1978 for credit to the judicial education fund;
- E. the amount of all costs collected pursuant to Paragraph (5) of Subsection D of Section 35-6-1 NMSA 1978 for credit to the jury and witness fee fund;
- the amount of all costs collected pursuant to Paragraph (6) of Subsection D of Section 35-6-1 NMSA 1978 for credit to the brain injury services fund;
- G. the amount of all costs collected pursuant to Paragraph (7) of Subsection D of Section 35-6-1 NMSA 1978 for credit to the court facilities fund; [and]
- H. the amount of all costs collected pursuant to Paragraph (8) of Subsection D of Section 35-6-1 NMSA 1978 for .181494.4

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credit	tο	the	interlock	device	fund •	and

[$H extbf{-}$] $I extbf{-}$ the amount of all costs collected pursuant to Subsection E of Section 35-6-1 NMSA 1978 for credit to the metropolitan court mediation fund."

Section 3. Section 35-14-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1983, Chapter 134, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:

"35-14-11. MUNICIPAL ORDINANCE--COURT COSTS-COLLECTION--PURPOSE.--

- A. Every municipality shall enact an ordinance requiring assessment of corrections fees, judicial education fees [and], court automation fees and interlock device fees to be collected as court costs and used as provided in this section.
- B. A municipal judge shall collect the following costs:
- (1) a corrections fee of twenty dollars
 (\$20.00);
- (2) a judicial education fee of three dollars
 (\$3.00); [and]
- (3) a court automation fee of six dollars (\$6.00); and
- (4) an interlock device fee of two dollars
 (\$2.00).
- C. The fees are to be collected upon conviction from persons convicted of violating any ordinance relating to the .181494.4

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operation of a motor vehicle or any ordinance that may be enforced by the imposition of a term of imprisonment.

- D. All money collected pursuant to Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of this section shall be deposited in a special fund in the municipal treasury and shall be used for:
- (1) municipal jailer or juvenile detention officer training;
- (2) the construction planning, construction, operation and maintenance of a municipal jail or juvenile detention facility;
- (3) paying the cost of housing municipal prisoners in a county jail or detention facility or housing juveniles in a detention facility;
- (4) complying with match or contribution requirements for the receipt of federal funds relating to jails or juvenile detention facilities;
- (5) providing inpatient treatment or other substance abuse programs in conjunction with or as an alternative to jail sentencing;
- (6) defraying the cost of transporting prisoners to jails or juveniles to juvenile detention facilities; or
 - (7) providing electronic monitoring systems.
- A municipality may credit the interest collected from fees deposited in the special fund pursuant to Subsection D of this section to the municipality's general fund.

F. All money collected pursuant to Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of this section shall be remitted monthly to the state treasurer for credit to the judicial education fund and shall be used for the education and training, including production of bench books and other written materials, of municipal judges and other municipal court employees.

G. All money collected pursuant to Paragraph (3) of Subsection B of this section shall be remitted monthly to the state treasurer for credit to the municipal court automation fund and shall be used for the purchase, maintenance and operation of court automation systems in the municipal courts. Operation includes staff expenses, temporary or otherwise, and costs as needed to comply with Section 35-14-12 NMSA 1978. The court automation systems shall have the capability of providing, on a timely basis, electronic records in a format specified by the judicial information systems council.

H. All money collected pursuant to Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of this section shall be remitted monthly to the state treasurer for credit to the interlock device fund.

 $[H extbf{-}]$ $\underline{I extbf{-}}$ As used in this section, "convicted" means the defendant has been found guilty of a criminal charge by a municipal judge, either after trial, a plea of guilty or a plea of nolo contendere."

Section 4. A new section of the Motor Vehicle Code is enacted to read:

1	"[NEW MATERIAL] USE OF MOBILE COMMUNICATION DEVICE
2	PROHIBITEDEXCEPTIONSPENALTY
3	A. A driver shall not use a mobile communication
4	device except:
5	(1) if the driver reasonably believes that there
6	is no other person in the motor vehicle capable of doing so:
7	(a) to report illegal activity;
8	(b) to summon medical or law enforcement
9	help; or
10	(c) to prevent injury to a person or to
11	property;
12	(2) in an authorized emergency or law
13	enforcement motor vehicle if required by the driver's official
14	duties;
15	(3) when the device is permanently affixed to a
16	motor vehicle used by a motor carrier pursuant to the Motor
17	Carrier Act, to a motor vehicle used by a public utility
18	pursuant to the Public Utility Act or to a motor vehicle used
19	by a cooperative pursuant to the Rural Electric Cooperative Act
20	and the device is used in the ordinary course of business of
21	the motor carrier, public utility or cooperative;
22	(4) if the driver holds a valid amateur radio
23	operator license or other license issued by the federal
24	communications commission and is operating an amateur radio;
25	(5) if the driver is operating a two-way radio

device that transmits radio communication transmitted by a station operating on an authorized frequency within the citizens' or family radio service bands in accordance with rules of the federal communications commission;

- (6) while the motor vehicle is lawfully parked;
- (7) when using hands-free equipment; provided that the exception allowed in this paragraph does not apply to the driver of a motor vehicle used in a public or school transportation system unless the provisions of Paragraph (8) of this subsection apply to the driver; or
- (8) in addition to the applicable exceptions in the provisions of this subsection, the driver of a motor vehicle used in a public or school transportation system may use a mobile communication device in the ordinary course of business as required by the public or school transportation system.

B. As used in this section:

(1) "hands-free equipment" means a built-in feature of, or a piece of equipment used in addition to, a mobile communication device that allows a person using the mobile communication device to keep both of the person's hands on the steering wheel and the person's eyes on the highway except when using a hand and the eyes to activate or deactivate a function of the hands-free equipment or the mobile communication device; and

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		(2)	"m	obile	commun	ica	tion	devi	ce"	means a	
wireless,	, tw	o-way	cor	nmunic	ations	dev	rice	that	is	designed	to
receive a	and	transn	nit	voice	, text	or	imag	e co	nmur	nication.	

C. A violation of the provisions of this section is a penalty assessment misdemeanor, the penalty for which is prescribed in Section 66-8-116 NMSA 1978."

Section 5. Section 66-8-116 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, Chapter 35, Section 524, as amended) is amended to read:

"66-8-116. PENALTY ASSESSMENT MISDEMEANORS-DEFINITION--SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENTS.--

A. As used in the Motor Vehicle Code, "penalty assessment misdemeanor" means violation of any of the following listed sections of the NMSA 1978 for which, except as provided in Subsections D and E of this section, the listed penalty assessment is established:

COMMON NAME OF OFFENSE	SECTION VIOLATED	PENALTY
	ASSESSMENT	
Permitting unlicensed		
minor to drive	66-5-40	\$ 10.00
Failure to obey sign	66-7-104	10.00
Failure to obey signal	66-7-105	10.00
Speeding	66-7-301	
(1) up to and including		
ten miles an hour		
over the speed limit		15.00

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1	(2) from eleven up to	
2	and including fifteen	
3	miles an hour	
4	over the speed limit	30.00
5	(3) from sixteen up to	
6	and including twenty	
7	miles an hour over the	
8	speed limit	65.00
9	(4) from twenty-one up to	
10	and including twenty-five	
11	miles an hour	
12	over the speed limit	100.00
13	(5) from twenty-six up to	
14	and including thirty	
15	miles an hour over the	
16	speed limit	125.00
17	(6) from thirty-one up to	
18	and including thirty-five	
19	miles an hour over the	
20	speed limit	150.00
21	(7) more than thirty-five	
22	miles an hour over the	
23	speed limit	200.00
24	Unfastened safety belt 66-7-372	25.00
25	Child not in restraint device	
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or seat belt	66-7-369	25.00
Minimum speed	66-7-305	10.00
Speeding	66-7-306	15.00
Improper starting	66-7-324	10.00
Improper backing	66-7-354	10.00
Improper lane	66-7-308	10.00
Improper lane	66-7-313	10.00
Improper lane	66-7-316	10.00
Improper lane	66-7-317	10.00
Improper lane	66-7-319	10.00
Improper passing	66-7-309 through 66-7-312	10.00
Improper passing	66-7-315	10.00
Controlled access		
violation	66-7-320	10.00
Controlled access		
violation	66-7-321	10.00
Improper turning	66-7-322	10.00
Improper turning	66-7-323	10.00
Improper turning	66-7-325	10.00
Following too closely	66-7-318	10.00
Failure to yield	66-7-328 through 66-7-331	10.00
Failure to yield	66-7-332	50.00
Failure to yield	66-7-332.1	25.00
Pedestrian violation	66-7-333	10.00
Pedestrian violation	66-7-340	10.00
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	Minimum speed Speeding Improper starting Improper backing Improper lane Improper lane Improper lane Improper lane Improper lane Improper passing Improper passing Controlled access violation Controlled access violation Improper turning Improper turning Improper turning Improper turning Following too closely Failure to yield Failure to yield Pedestrian violation Pedestrian violation	Minimum speed 66-7-305 Speeding 66-7-306 Improper starting 66-7-324 Improper backing 66-7-354 Improper lane 66-7-308 Improper lane 66-7-313 Improper lane 66-7-316 Improper lane 66-7-317 Improper lane 66-7-319 Improper passing 66-7-319 Improper passing 66-7-315 Controlled access violation 66-7-315 Controlled access violation 66-7-320 Controlled access violation 66-7-321 Improper turning 66-7-322 Improper turning 66-7-322 Improper turning 66-7-323 Improper turning 66-7-325 Following too closely 66-7-318 Failure to yield 66-7-328 through 66-7-331 Failure to yield 66-7-332.1 Pedestrian violation 66-7-333 Pedestrian violation 66-7-340

1	Failure to stop	66-7-342 and 66-7-344	
2		through 66-7-346	10.00
3	Railroad-highway grade	:	
4	crossing violation	66-7-341 and 66-7-343	150.00
5	Passing school bus	66-7-347	100.00
6	Failure to signal	66-7-325 through 66-7-327	10.00
7	Failure to secure load	66-7-407	100.00
8	Operation without over	size-	
9	overweight permit	66-7-413	50.00
10	Improper equipment	66-3-801	10.00
11	Improper equipment	66-3-901	20.00
12	Improper emergency		
13	signal	66-3-853 through 66-3-857	10.00
14	Operation interference	66-7-357	5.00
15	Littering	66-7-364	300.00
16	Improper parking	66-7-349 through 66-7-352	
17		and 66-7-353	5.00
18	Improper parking	66-3-852	5.00
19	Failure to dim lights	66-3-831	10.00
20	Riding in or towing		
21	occupied house trail	er 66-7-366	5.00
22	Improper opening of do	ors 66-7-367	5.00
23	No slow-moving vehicle		
24	emblem or flashing		
25	amber light	66-3-887	5.00
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Open container - first		
violation	66-8-138	25.00
Prohibited mobile		
communication device	Section 4 of	

B. The term "penalty assessment misdemeanor" does not include a violation that has caused or contributed to the cause of an accident resulting in injury or death to a person.

this 2010 act

- C. When an alleged violator of a penalty assessment misdemeanor elects to accept a notice to appear in lieu of a notice of penalty assessment, a fine imposed upon later conviction shall not exceed the penalty assessment established for the particular penalty assessment misdemeanor and probation imposed upon a suspended or deferred sentence shall not exceed ninety days.
- D. The penalty assessment for speeding in violation of Paragraph (4) of Subsection A of Section 66-7-301 NMSA 1978 is twice the penalty assessment established in Subsection A of this section for the equivalent miles per hour over the speed limit.
- E. Upon a second conviction for operation without a permit for excessive size or weight pursuant to Section 66-7-413 NMSA 1978, the penalty assessment shall be two hundred fifty dollars (\$250). Upon a third or subsequent conviction, the penalty assessment shall be five hundred dollars (\$500)."

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Section 6. Section 66-8-116.3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 318, Section 35, Laws 1989, Chapter 319, Section 14 and also Laws 1989, Chapter 320, Section 5, as amended by Laws 2009, Chapter 244, Section 1 and by Laws 2009, Chapter 245, Section 5) is amended to read:

"66-8-116.3. PENALTY ASSESSMENT MISDEMEANORS--ADDITIONAL FEES.--In addition to the penalty assessment established for each penalty assessment misdemeanor, there shall be assessed:

- in a county without a metropolitan court, twenty dollars (\$20.00) to help defray the costs of local government corrections;
 - a court automation fee of ten dollars (\$10.00);
- a traffic safety fee of three dollars (\$3.00), C. which shall be credited to the traffic safety education and enforcement fund;
- a judicial education fee of three dollars (\$3.00), which shall be credited to the judicial education fund;
- a jury and witness fee of five dollars (\$5.00), which shall be credited to the jury and witness fee fund;
- [E.] F. a juvenile adjudication fee of one dollar (\$1.00), which shall be credited to the juvenile adjudication fund;
- [F.] G. a brain injury services fee of five dollars (\$5.00), which shall be credited to the brain injury services .181494.4

1	fund; [and
2	G.] H. a court facilities fee as follows:
3	in a county with a metropolitan court \$24.00;
4	in any other county 10.00; and
5	I. an interlock device fee of two dollars (\$2.00),
6	which shall be credited to the interlock device fund."
7	Section 7. Section 66-8-119 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1968,
8	Chapter 62, Section 159, as amended) is amended to read:
9	"66-8-119. PENALTY ASSESSMENT REVENUEDISPOSITION
10	A. The division shall remit all penalty assessment
11	receipts, except receipts collected pursuant to Subsections A
12	through [Θ] I of Section 66-8-116.3 NMSA 1978, to the state
13	treasurer for credit to the general fund.
14	B. The division shall remit all penalty assessment
15	fee receipts collected pursuant to:
16	(1) Subsection A of Section 66-8-116.3 NMSA
17	1978 to the state treasurer for credit to the local government
18	corrections fund;
19	(2) Subsection B of Section 66-8-116.3 NMSA
20	1978 to the state treasurer for credit to the court automation
21	fund;
22	(3) Subsection C of Section 66-8-116.3 NMSA
23	1978 to the state treasurer for credit to the traffic safety
24	education and enforcement fund;
25	(4) Subsection D of Section 66-8-116.3 NMSA
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1	1978 to the state treasurer for credit to the judicial
2	education fund;
3	(5) Subsection E of Section 66-8-116.3 NMSA
4	1978 to the state treasurer for credit to the jury and witness
5	fee fund;
6	(6) Subsection F of Section 66-8-116.3 NMSA
7	1978 to the state treasurer for credit to the juvenile
8	adjudication fund;
9	$[\frac{(6)}{(7)}]$ Subsection $[F]$ G of Section
10	66-8-116.3 NMSA 1978 to the state treasurer for credit to the
11	brain injury services fund; [and
12	$\frac{(7)}{(8)}$ Subsection [6] \underline{H} of Section
13	66-8-116.3 NMSA 1978 to the state treasurer for credit to the
14	court facilities fund; and
15	(9) Subsection I of Section 66-8-116.3 NMSA
16	1978 to the state treasurer for credit to the interlock device
17	fund."
18	Section 8. EMERGENCYIt is necessary for the public
19	peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately
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