HOUSE BILL 185 49TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2010

INTRODUCED BY

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AN ACT

RELATING TO LAW ENFORCEMENT; EXPANDING THE DEFINITIONS OF "LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER" IN THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ACT AND THE TORT CLAIMS ACT TO INCLUDE COMMISSIONED NONSALARIED OFFICERS; PROVIDING FOR FREE PROCESS IN MAGISTRATE COURT; ALLOWING NONSALARIED COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS TO MAKE ARRESTS FOR MISDEMEANOR VIOLATIONS OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE CODE AND TO ARREST WITHOUT A WARRANT IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; RECONCILING MULTIPLE AMENDMENTS TO THE SAME SECTION OF LAW IN LAWS 2009.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 31-1-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1972, Chapter 71, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:

"31-1-2. DEFINITIONS.--Unless a specific meaning is given, as used in the Criminal Procedure Act:

A. "accused" means any person charged with the .180699.1

violation of any law of this state imposing a criminal penalty;

- B. "bail bond" is a contract between surety and the state to the effect that the accused and the surety will appear in court when required and will comply with all conditions of the bond;
- C. "defendant" means any person accused of a violation of any law of this state imposing a criminal penalty;
- D. "felony" means any crime so designated by law or if upon conviction thereof a sentence of death or of imprisonment for a term of one year or more is authorized;
- E. "person", unless a contrary intention appears, means any individual, estate, trust, receiver, cooperative association, club, corporation, company, firm, partnership, joint venture, syndicate or other entity;
- F. "police officer", "law enforcement officer",

 "peace officer" or "officer" means any full-time salaried or

 certified part-time salaried or commissioned nonsalaried

 officer who by virtue of office or public employment is vested

 by law with the duty to maintain the public peace;
- G. "recognizance" means any obligation of record entered into before a court requiring the accused to appear at all appropriate times or forfeit any bail and be subject to criminal penalty for failure to appear;
- H. "release on personal recognizance" or "release on own recognizance" means the release of a defendant without .180699.1

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2	appear at all appropriate times;
3	I. "rules of civil procedure" means rules of civil
4	procedure for the district courts of the state of New Mexico,
5	as may be amended from time to time;
6	J. "rules of criminal procedure" means rules of
7	criminal procedure for the district courts, magistrate courts
8	and municipal courts adopted by the New Mexico supreme court,
9	as may be amended from time to time;
10	K. "misdemeanor" means any offense for which the
11	authorized penalty upon conviction is imprisonment in excess of
12	six months but less than one year; and
13	L. "petty misdemeanor" means any offense so
14	designated by law or if upon conviction a sentence of
15	imprisonment for six months or less is authorized."
16	Section 2. Section 35-6-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1968,
17	Chapter 62, Section 94, as amended) is amended to read:
18	"35-6-3. MAGISTRATE COSTSADVANCE PAYMENT
19	A. Except for parties granted free process because
20	of indigency, any party filing any civil action or requesting
21	services from the magistrate court shall pay in advance the
22	costs required by law to be collected by magistrates.
23	B. Any person filing a complaint in a criminal
24	action in the magistrate court shall pay in advance the costs

bail, bail bond or sureties upon the defendant's promise to

required by law to be collected by magistrates, except that no

1	costs shall be collected from a person filing a complaint in a				
2	criminal action alleging domestic violence, a campus security				
3	officer, a municipal police officer, an Indian tribal or pueblo				
4	law enforcement officer or from a [full-time, salaried]				
5	commissioned county or state law enforcement officer filing the				
6	complaint."				
7	Section 3. Section 41-4-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1976,				
8	Chapter 58, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:				
9	"41-4-1. SHORT TITLE[Sections 41-4-1 through 41-4-27]				
10	Chapter 41, Article 4 NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Tort				
11	Claims Act"."				
12	Section 4. Section 41-4-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1976,				
13	Chapter 58, Section 3, as amended by Laws 2009, Chapter 8,				
14	Section 2 and by Laws 2009, Chapter 129, Section 2 and also by				
15	Laws 2009, Chapter 249, Section 2) is amended to read:				
16	"41-4-3. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Tort Claims Act:				
17	A. "board" means the risk management advisory				
18	board;				
19	B. "governmental entity" means the state or any				
20	local public body as defined in Subsections C and H of this				
21	section;				
22	C. "local public body" means all political				
23	subdivisions of the state and their agencies, instrumentalities				
24	and institutions and all water and natural gas associations				
25	organized pursuant to Chapter 3, Article 28 NMSA 1978;				
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D. "law enforcement officer" means a full-time salaried public employee of a governmental entity, or a certified part-time salaried police officer employed by a governmental entity, or a police officer commissioned by a governmental entity, whose principal duties under law are to hold in custody any person accused of a criminal offense, to maintain public order or to make arrests for crimes, or members of the national guard when called to active duty by the governor;

E. "maintenance" does not include:

- (1) conduct involved in the issuance of a permit, driver's license or other official authorization to use the roads or highways of the state in a particular manner; or
- (2) an activity or event relating to a public building or public housing project that was not foreseeable;
- F. "public employee" means an officer, employee or servant of a governmental entity, excluding independent contractors except for individuals defined in Paragraphs (7), (8), (10), (14) and (17) of this subsection, or of a corporation organized pursuant to the Educational Assistance Act, the Small Business Investment Act or the Mortgage Finance Authority Act or a licensed health care provider, who has no medical liability insurance, providing voluntary services as defined in Paragraph (16) of this subsection and including:
 - elected or appointed officials;

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- (2) law enforcement officers;
- (3) persons acting on behalf or in service of a governmental entity in any official capacity, whether with or without compensation;
- (4) licensed foster parents providing care for children in the custody of the human services department, corrections department or department of health, but not including foster parents certified by a licensed child placement agency;
- (5) members of state or local selection panels established pursuant to the Adult Community Corrections Act;
- (6) members of state or local selection panels established pursuant to the Juvenile Community Corrections Act;
- (7) licensed medical, psychological or dental arts practitioners providing services to the corrections department pursuant to contract;
- (8) members of the board of directors of the New Mexico medical insurance pool;
- (9) individuals who are members of medical review boards, committees or panels established by the educational retirement board or the retirement board of the public employees retirement association;
- (10) licensed medical, psychological or dental arts practitioners providing services to the children, youth and families department pursuant to contract;

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2	New Mexico educational assistance foundation;
3	(12) members of the board of directors of the
4	New Mexico student loan guarantee corporation;
5	(13) members of the New Mexico mortgage
6	finance authority;
7	(14) volunteers, employees and board members
8	of court-appointed special advocate programs;
9	(15) members of the board of directors of the
10	small business investment corporation;
11	(16) health care providers licensed in New
12	Mexico who render voluntary health care services without
13	compensation in accordance with rules promulgated by the
14	secretary of health. The rules shall include requirements for
15	the types of locations at which the services are rendered, the
16	allowed scope of practice and measures to ensure quality of
17	care; and
18	(17) an individual while participating in the
19	state's adaptive driving program and only while using a
20	special-use state vehicle for evaluation and training purposes
21	in that program;
22	G. "scope of duty" means performing any duties that
23	a public employee is requested, required or authorized to
24	perform by the governmental entity, regardless of the time and
25	place of performance; and
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(11) members of the board of directors of the

H. "state" or "state agency" means the state of New Mexico or any of its branches, agencies, departments, boards, instrumentalities or institutions."

Section 5. Section 66-8-124 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1961, Chapter 213, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"66-8-124. ARRESTING OFFICER TO BE IN UNIFORM.--

A. No person shall be arrested for violating the Motor Vehicle Code or other law relating to motor vehicles punishable as a misdemeanor except by a commissioned [salaried] peace officer working under the supervision of a law enforcement agency who, at the time of arrest, is wearing a uniform clearly indicating the peace officer's official status.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection A of this section, a municipality may provide by ordinance that uniformed private security guards may be commissioned by the local police agency to issue parking citations for violations of clearly and properly marked fire zones and access zones for persons with significant mobility limitation. Prior to the commissioning of any security guard, the employer of the security guard shall agree in writing with the local police agency to the commissioning of the employer's security guard. The employer of any security guard commissioned under the provisions of this section shall be liable for the actions of that security guard in carrying out the security guard's duties pursuant to that commission. Notwithstanding the provisions of .180699.1

the Tort Claims Act, private security guards commissioned under this section shall not be deemed public employees under that act."

Section 6. Section 66-8-125 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, Chapter 35, Section 533) is amended to read:

"66-8-125. ARREST WITHOUT WARRANT.--

- A. Members of the New Mexico state police, sheriffs and their [salaried] commissioned deputies and members of any municipal police force may arrest without warrant any person:
- (1) present at the scene of a motor vehicle accident;
- (2) on a highway when charged with theft of a motor vehicle; or
- (3) charged with crime in another jurisdiction, upon receipt of a message giving the name or a reasonably accurate description of the person wanted, the crime alleged and a statement [he] that the person is likely to flee the jurisdiction of [the] this state.
- B. To arrest without warrant, the arresting officer must have reasonable grounds, based on personal investigation, which may include information from eyewitnesses, to believe the person arrested has committed a crime.
- C. Members of the New Mexico state police, sheriffs and their [salaried] commissioned deputies and members of any municipal police force may not make [arrest] arrests for .180699.1

traffic violations if not in uniform; however, nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the arrest, without warrant, by a peace officer of any person when probable cause exists to believe that a felony crime has been committed or in non-traffic cases."

Section 7. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2010.

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