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49TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2010

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AN ACT

RELATING TO PROCUREMENT; MODIFYING THE PREFERENCE ADVANTAGE FOR IN-STATE BUSINESS; CHANGING THE DEFINITIONS OF "RESIDENT BUSINESS" AND "RESIDENT CONTRACTOR"; ELIMINATING PREFERENCES FOR NEW YORK STATE BUSINESSES; REPEALING SECTION 13-1-21.2 NMSA 1978 (BEING LAWS 1997, CHAPTER 1, SECTION 1 AND LAWS 1997, CHAPTER 2, SECTION 1).

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 13-1-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1979, Chapter 72, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"13-1-21. APPLICATION OF PREFERENCES.--

A. For the purposes of this section:

(1) "resident business" means a New Mexico

resident business or a New York state business enterprise;

(2) "New Mexico resident business" means a

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L	business that is authorized to do and is doing business under
2	the laws of this state and:
3	(a) maintains its principal place of

business in the state; (b) has staffed an office and has paid

applicable state taxes for two years prior to the awarding of the bid and has five or more employees who are residents of the state; or

(c) is an affiliate of a business that meets the requirements of Subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph. As used in this section, "affiliate" means an entity that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries controls, is controlled by or is under common control with the qualifying business through ownership of voting securities representing a majority of the total voting power of the entity;

(3) "New York state business enterprise" means a business enterprise, including a sole proprietorship, partnership or corporation, that offers for sale or lease or other form of exchange, goods or commodities that are substantially manufactured, produced or assembled in New York state, or services, other than construction services, that are substantially performed within New York state. For purposes of construction services, a "New York state business enterprise" means a business enterprise, including a sole proprietorship, .181574.1

1	partnership or corporation, that has its principal place of
2	business in New York state;]
3	(1) "recycled content goods" means supplies
4	and materials composed in whole or in part of recycled
5	materials; provided that the recycled materials content meets
6	or exceeds the minimum content standards required by bid
7	specifications;
8	(2) "resident business" means a business that
9	is authorized to do and is doing business under the laws of
10	this state and that:
11	(a) maintains its principal place of
12	business in the state; and
13	(b) has staffed an office and has paid
14	applicable state taxes for two years prior to the awarding of
15	the bid;
16	[(4)] <u>(3)</u> "resident manufacturer" means a
17	person who offers materials grown, produced, processed or
18	manufactured wholly in the state; [provided, however, that a
19	New York state business enterprise shall be deemed to be a
20	resident manufacturer solely for the purpose of evaluating the
21	New York state business enterprise's bid against the bid of a
22	resident manufacturer that is not a New York state business
23	enterprise;
24	(5) "recycled content goods" means supplies
25	and materials composed in whole or in part of recycled
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materials; provided that the recycled materials content meet
or exceeds the minimum content standards required by bid
specifications: and

[(6)] (4) "virgin content goods" means supplies and materials that are wholly composed of nonrecycled materials or do not meet minimum recycled content standards required by bid specification.

[B. When bids are received only from nonresident businesses and resident businesses and the lowest responsible bid is from a nonresident business, the contract shall be awarded to the resident business whose bid is nearest to the bid price of the otherwise low nonresident business bidder if the bid price of the resident bidder is made lower than the bid price of the nonresident business when multiplied by a factor of .95.

businesses and resident manufacturers and the lowest
responsible bid is from a nonresident business, the contract
shall be awarded to the resident manufacturer whose bid is
nearest to the bid price of the otherwise low nonresident
business bidder if the bid price of the resident manufacturer
is made lower than the bid price of the nonresident business
when multiplied by a factor of .95.

D. When bids are received only from resident businesses and resident manufacturers and the lowest
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responsible bid is from a resident business, the contract shall be awarded to the resident manufacturer whose bid is nearest to the bid price of the otherwise low resident business bidder if the bid price of the resident manufacturer is made lower than the bid price of the resident business when multiplied by a factor of .95.

E. When bids are received from resident manufacturers, resident businesses and nonresident businesses and the lowest responsible bid is from a resident business, the contract shall be awarded to the resident manufacturer whose bid is nearest to the bid price of the otherwise low resident business bidder if the bid price of the resident manufacturer is made lower than the bid price of the resident business when multiplied by a factor of .95.

F. When bids are received from resident manufacturers, resident businesses and nonresident businesses and the lowest responsible bid is from a nonresident business, the contract shall be awarded to the resident manufacturer whose bid is nearest to the bid price of the otherwise low nonresident business bidder if the bid price of the resident manufacturer is evaluated as lower than the bid price of the nonresident business when multiplied by a factor of .95. If there is no resident manufacturer eligible for award under this provision, then the contract shall be awarded to the resident business whose bid is nearest to the bid price of the otherwise .181574.1

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- G. When bids are received for virgin content goods only or for recycled content goods only, Subsections B through F of this section shall apply.
- B. Except as provided in Subsections C and E of this section, when a contract is to be awarded to a bidder, a resident business or a resident manufacturer shall be given a preference against a nonresident business equal to the preference given or required by the state in which the nonresident business is a resident.
- C. If equally low bids are received in response to an invitation for bids:
- (1) a resident business or resident

 manufacturer shall be given preference over a nonresident

 business; and
- (2) a resident manufacturer shall be given preference over a resident business.
- [H.] D. When bids are received for both recycled content goods and virgin content goods and the lowest responsible bid is for virgin content goods, the contract shall be awarded to
- [(1)] a [resident manufacturer] <u>bidder</u> offering the lowest bid on recycled content goods of equal quality if

1	the bid price [of the resident manufacturer] when multiplied by
2	a factor of .90 is made lower than the otherwise low virgin
3	content goods bid price.
4	[(2) a resident business offering a bid on
5	recycled content goods of equal quality if:
6	(a) the bid price of no resident
7	manufacturer following application of the preference allowed in
8	Paragraph (1) of this subsection can be made sufficiently low;
9	and
10	(b) the lowest bid price of the resident
11	business when multiplied by a factor of .90 is made lower than
12	the otherwise low virgin content goods bid price; or
13	(3) a nonresident business or nonresident
14	manufacturer offering recycled content goods of equal quality
15	if:
16	(a) the bid price of no resident
17	business or resident manufacturer following application of the
18	preference allowed in Paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection
19	can be made sufficiently low; and
20	(b) the lowest bid price of a
21	nonresident offering recycled content goods when multiplied by
22	a factor of .95 is made lower than the otherwise low virgin
23	content bid price.
24	I. When bids are received for both recycled content

nonresident offering recycled content goods when multiplied by
a factor of .95 is made lower than the otherwise low virgin
content bid price.

I. When bids are received for both recycled content
goods and virgin content goods and the lowest responsible bid
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1	is for recycled content goods offered by a nonresident business
2	or nonresident manufacturer, the contract shall be awarded to:
3	(1) a resident manufacturer offering the
4	lowest bid on recycled content goods of equal quality if the
5	bid price of the resident manufacturer when multiplied by a
6	factor of .95 is made lower than the otherwise low recycled
7	content goods bid price; or
8	(2) a resident business offering a bid on
9	recycled content goods of equal quality if:
10	(a) the bid price of no resident
11	manufacturer following application of the preference allowed in
12	Paragraph (1) of this subsection can be made sufficiently low;
13	and
14	(b) the lowest bid price of the resident
15	business when multiplied by a factor of .95 is made lower than
16	the otherwise low recycled content goods bid price offered by a
17	nonresident business or manufacturer.
18	J. When bids are received for both recycled content
19	goods and virgin content goods and the lowest responsible bid

eycled content goods and virgin content goods and the lowest responsible bid is for recycled content goods offered by a resident business, the contract shall be awarded to a resident manufacturer offering the lowest bid on recycled content goods of equal quality if the bid price of the resident manufacturer when multiplied by a factor of .95 is made lower than the otherwise low recycled content goods bid price.

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$\overline{\text{K.}}$] $\overline{\text{E.}}$ This section shall not apply when the
expenditure of federal funds designated for a specific purchase
is involved or for any bid price greater than [five million
dollars (\$5.000.000).

L. The provisions of this section shall not apply
to the purchase of buses from a resident manufacturer or a New
Mexico resident business that manufactures buses in New Mexico.
It is the purpose of this subsection to:

(1) allow any bus manufacturer or business
that manufactures buses to compete openly for public
procurement contracts in New Mexico without giving preference
to a business based on the location of the place of manufacture
of the buses;

(2) give resident manufacturers and New Mexico resident businesses that manufacture buses an equal opportunity to sell their buses in states that have reciprocal preference laws; and

(3) eliminate all different treatment of any kind under New Mexico law and by all political jurisdictions in the state between New Mexico resident businesses and manufacturers that manufacture buses and businesses in other states that manufacture and sell buses.] ten million dollars (\$10,000,000)."

Section 2. Section 13-1-117 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 65, Section 90, as amended) is amended to read:
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"13-1-117. COMPETITIVE SEALED PROPOSALS--AWARD.--

A. The award shall be made to the responsible offeror [or offerors] whose proposal is most advantageous to the state agency or a local public body, taking into consideration the evaluation factors set forth in the request for proposals. If two or more proposals appear to be equally advantageous to the state agency or local public body, a resident business shall be given preference over a nonresident business.

B. For the purposes of this section, "resident business" means a business that is authorized to do and is doing business under the laws of this state and that:

(1) maintains its principal place of business in the state; and

(2) has staffed an office and has paid applicable state taxes for two years prior to the awarding of the proposal."

Section 3. Section 13-1-117.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1987, Chapter 348, Section 7) is amended to read:

"13-1-117.1. PROCUREMENT OF PROFESSIONAL SERVICES--LOCAL PUBLIC BODIES--LEGISLATIVE BRANCH--SELECTION AND AWARD.--

A. Each agency within the legislative branch of government operating under the provisions of the Procurement Code and each local public body shall adopt regulations regarding its selection and award of professional services
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contracts.

B. The award shall be made to the responsible offeror [or offerors] whose proposal is most advantageous to the local public body or legislative agency respectively, taking into consideration the evaluation factors set forth in the request for proposals. If two or more proposals appear to be equally advantageous to the local public body or legislative agency, a resident business shall be given preference over a nonresident business.

- C. For the purposes of this section, "resident business" means a business that is authorized to do and is doing business under the laws of this state and that:
- (1) maintains its principal place of business in the state; and
- (2) has staffed an office and has paid applicable state taxes for two years prior to the awarding of the proposal."

Section 4. Section 13-4-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933, Chapter 50, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"13-4-1. PUBLIC WORKS CONTRACTS.--[It is the duty of every office, department, institution, board, commission or other governing body or officer thereof of this state or of any political subdivision thereof to award all contracts for the construction of public works or for the repair, reconstruction, including highway reconstruction, demolition or alteration
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A. Except as provided in Subsection B of this section, when a public works contract is to be awarded to a bidder, a resident contractor shall be given a preference against a nonresident contractor equal to the preference given or required by the state in which the nonresident contractor is a resident.

B. If equally low bids are received in response to an invitation for bids, a resident contractor shall be given preference over a nonresident contractor."

Section 5. Section 13-4-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 66, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"13-4-2. RESIDENT CONTRACTOR DEFINED--APPLICATION OF PREFERENCE.--

A. "Resident contractor" means [a New Mexico resident contractor or a New York state business enterprise.

B. "New Mexico resident contractor" means] any person, firm, corporation or other legal entity if, at the time the contract is advertised for bids and at the time bids are opened [it]:

(1) the bidder has all required licenses and meets the following requirements:

[(1)] (a) if the bidder is a corporation, it shall be incorporated in New Mexico and maintain its principal office and place of business in New .181574.1

Mexico;

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[(2)] <u>(b)</u> if the bidder is a partnership, general or limited, or other legal entity, it shall maintain its principal office and place of business in New Mexico; or

 $[\frac{(3)}{(c)}] \ \underline{(c)} \ \ \text{if the bidder is an}$ individual, [he] $\underline{\text{the person}}$ shall maintain [his] $\underline{\text{the}}$ principal office and place of $\underline{\text{the}}$ business in New Mexico; [or] $\underline{\text{and}}$

 $[\frac{(4) \text{ if } a}]$ (2) the bidder $[\frac{\text{who is } a}]$ telecommunications company as defined by Subsection M of Section 63-9A-3 NMSA 1978] or an affiliate [of a telecommunications company | has paid unemployment compensation to the [employment security division of the labor] workforce transition services division of the workforce solutions department at the applicable experience rate for that employer pursuant to the Unemployment Compensation Law on no fewer than [ten] five employees who have performed services subject to contributions for the two-year period prior to issuance of notice to bid [the bidder will be considered to have fulfilled the requirements of Paragraph (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection]. A successor to a previously qualified [New Mexico contractor or] resident contractor, where the creation of the bidder resulted from a court order, is entitled to credit for qualifying contributions paid by the previously qualified [New Mexico contractor or resident contractor.

[C. "New York state business enterprise" means a
business enterprise, including a sole proprietorship,
partnership or corporation, that offers for sale or lease or
other form of exchange, goods or commodities that are
substantially manufactured, produced or assembled in New York
state, or services, other than construction services, that are
substantially performed within New York state. For purposes of
construction services, a New York state business enterprise
means a business enterprise, including a sole proprietorship,
partnership or corporation, that has its principal place of
business in New York state.

D.] B. For purposes of this section, "affiliate" means an entity that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries controls, is controlled by or is under common control [with a telecommunications company] through ownership of voting securities representing a majority of the total voting power of that entity.

[E. When bids are received only from nonresident contractors and resident contractors and the lowest responsible bid is from a nonresident contractor, the contract shall be awarded to the resident contractor whose bid is nearest to the bid price of the otherwise low nonresident contractor if the bid price of the resident contractor is made lower than the bid price of the nonresident contractor when multiplied by a factor of .95.

F.] C. No contractor shall be treated as a resident contractor in the awarding of public works contracts by a state agency or a local public body unless the contractor has qualified with the state purchasing agent as a resident contractor pursuant to this section by making application to the state purchasing agent and receiving from [him] the state purchasing agent a certification number. The procedure for application and certification is as follows:

- (1) the state purchasing agent shall prepare an application form for certification as a resident contractor, requiring such information and proof as [he deems] necessary to qualify the applicant under the terms of this section;
- (2) the contractor seeking to qualify as a resident contractor shall complete the application form and submit it to the state purchasing agent prior to the submission of a bid on which the contractor desires to be given a preference;
- the application and if necessary may seek additional information or proof so as to be assured that the prospective contractor is indeed entitled to certification as a resident contractor. If the application is in proper form, the state purchasing agent shall issue the contractor a distinctive certification number [which] that is valid until revoked and [which] when used on bids and other purchasing documents for .181574.1

state agencies or local public bodies, entitles the contractor to treatment as a resident contractor under [Subsection E of this] Section 13-4-1 NMSA 1978; and

(4) the certification number issued pursuant to Paragraph (3) of this subsection shall be revoked by the state purchasing agent upon making a determination that the contractor no longer meets the requirements of a resident contractor as defined in this section."

Section 6. Section 13-4-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933, Chapter 19, Section 1, as amended by Laws 1997, Chapter 1, Section 4 and also by Laws 1997, Chapter 2, Section 4) is amended to read:

"13-4-5. USE OF NEW MEXICO MATERIALS.--[A+] In all public works within New Mexico, whether constructed or maintained by the state or by a department, a board, a commission of the state or by any political subdivision [thereof] of the state, or in any construction or maintenance to which the state or any political subdivision [thereof] of the state has granted aid, preference shall be given to materials produced, grown, processed or manufactured in New Mexico by citizens or residents of New Mexico [or provided or offered by a New York state business enterprise], and such materials shall be used where they are deemed satisfactory for the intended use. In any case where, in the judgment of the different officers, boards, commissions or other [authority] authorities in this

state [now or hereafter] vested with the power of contracting for material used in the construction or maintenance of public works referred to in this section, it appears that an attempt is being made by producers, growers, processors or manufacturers in the state to form a trust or combination of any kind for the purpose of fixing or regulating the price of materials to be used in any public works to the detriment of or loss to the state, [then] the provisions of this section shall not apply.

[B. As used in this section, "New York state
business enterprise" means a business enterprise, including a
sole proprietorship, partnership or corporation, that offers
for sale or lease or other form of exchange, goods or
commodities that are substantially manufactured, produced or
assembled in New York state, or services, other than
construction services, that are substantially performed within
New York state. For purposes of construction services, a New
York state business enterprise means a business enterprise,
including a sole proprietorship, partnership or corporation,
that has its principal place of business in New York state.]"

Section 7. A new section of the Procurement Code is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] SCHEDULE FOR EVALUATING BIDS.--The state purchasing agent shall annually prepare and distribute to central purchasing offices a schedule providing which states .181574.1

give bidders in their states a preference and the extent of the preference. The schedule shall be used by state agencies and local public bodies in evaluating bids."

Section 8. REPEAL.--Section 13-1-21.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1997, Chapter 1, Section 1 and Laws 1997, Chapter 2, Section 1) is repealed.

Section 9. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2010.

- 18 -