INTRODUCED BY Cynthia Nava

AN ACT

SENATE BILL 115

49TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2010

RELATING TO THE ENVIRONMENT; AMENDING A SECTION OF THE AIR

QUALITY CONTROL ACT TO ALLOW THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT TO

DENY A PERMIT APPLICATION BASED ON POOR ENFORCEMENT HISTORY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 74-2-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1972, Chapter 51, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:

"74-2-7. PERMITS--PERMIT APPEALS TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPROVEMENT BOARD OR THE LOCAL BOARD--PERMIT FEES.--

A. By regulation, the environmental improvement board or the local board shall require:

(1) a person intending to construct or modify any source, except as otherwise specifically provided by regulation, to obtain a construction permit from the department or the local agency prior to such construction or modification; .179337.1GR

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- (2) a person intending to operate any source for which an operating permit is required by the 1990 amendments to the federal act, except as otherwise specifically provided by regulation, to obtain an operating permit from the department or the local agency.
- Regulations adopted by the environmental В. improvement board or the local board shall include at least the following provisions:
- requirements for the submission of (1) relevant information, including information the department or the local agency deems necessary to determine that regulations and standards under the Air Quality Control Act or the federal act will not be violated;
- specification of the deadlines for (2) processing permit applications; provided that the deadline for a final decision by the department or the local agency on a construction permit application may not exceed:
- (a) ninety days after the application is determined to be administratively complete, if the application is not subject to requirements for prevention of significant deterioration, unless the secretary or the director grants an extension not to exceed ninety days for good cause, including the need to have public hearings; or
 - (b) one hundred eighty days after the

application is determined to be administratively complete, if the application is subject to requirements for prevention of significant deterioration, unless the secretary or the director grants an extension not to exceed ninety days for good cause, including the need to have public hearings;

- (3) that if the department or local agency fails to take final action on a construction permit application within the deadlines specified in Paragraph (2) of this subsection, the department or local agency shall notify the applicant in writing that an extension of time is required to process the application and specify in detail the grounds for the extension;
- (4) a description of elements required before the department or local agency shall deem an application administratively complete;
- (5) specification of the public notice, comment period and public hearing, if any, required prior to the issuance of a permit; provided <u>that</u> the permit regulations adopted:
- (a) by the environmental improvement board shall include provisions governing notice to nearby states; and
- (b) by any local board shall include provisions requiring that notice be given to the department of all permit applications by any source that emits, or has a .179337.1GR

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potential emission rate of, one hundred tons per year or more of any regulated air contaminant, including any source of fugitive emissions of each regulated air contaminant, at least sixty days prior to the date on which construction or major modification is to commence;

- (6) a schedule of construction permit fees sufficient to cover the reasonable costs of:
- (a) reviewing and acting upon any application for such permit; and
- (b) implementing and enforcing the terms and conditions of the permit, excluding any court costs or other costs associated with an enforcement action;
- (7) a schedule of emission fees consistent with the provisions of Section 502(b)(3) of the 1990 amendments to the federal act;
- (8) a method for accelerated permit processing that may be requested at the sole discretion of the applicant at the time the applicant submits a construction permit application and that:
- (a) allows the department or local agency to contract with qualified outside firms to assist the department or local agency in its accelerated review of the construction permit application; provided that the department or local agency can contract with a qualified firm that does not have a conflict of interest; and

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- (b) establishes a process for the department or local agency to account for the expenditure of the accelerated permit processing fees;
- (9) allowance for additional permit application fees, sufficient to cover the reasonable costs of an accelerated permit application review process. Before the applicant is notified that the permit application has been determined to be complete, the department or local agency shall give the applicant a reasonable estimate of costs of an accelerated permit application review process;
- (10) specification of the maximum length of time for which a permit shall be valid; provided that for an operating permit such period may not exceed five years; and
 - (11) for an operating permit only:
- (a) provisions consistent with Sections 502(b) and 505(b) of the federal act providing: 1) notice to and review and comment by the United States environmental protection agency; and 2) that if the department or local agency receives notice of objection from the United States environmental protection agency before the operating permit is issued, the department or the local agency shall not issue the permit unless it is revised and issued under Section 505(c) of the federal act;
- (b) provisions governing renewal of the operating permit; and

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1	(c) specification of the conditions
2	under which the operating permit may be terminated, modified or
3	revoked and reissued prior to the expiration of the term of the
4	operating permit.
5	C. Except as provided in Subsection O of this
6	section, the department or the local agency may deny any
7	application for:
8	(1) a construction permit if it appears that
9	the construction or modification:
10	(a) will not meet applicable standards,
11	rules or requirements of the Air Quality Control Act or the
12	federal act;
13	(b) will cause or contribute to air
14	contaminant levels in excess of a national or state standard
15	or, within the boundaries of a local authority, applicable
16	local ambient air quality standards; or
17	(c) will violate any other provision of
18	the Air Quality Control Act or the federal act; and
19	(2) an operating permit if the source will not
20	meet the applicable standards, rules or requirements pursuant
21	to the Air Quality Control Act or the federal act.
22	D. The department or the local agency may specify
23	conditions to any permit granted under this section, including:
24	(1) for a construction permit:
25	(a) a requirement that such source
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install and operate control technology, determined on a caseby-case basis, sufficient to meet the standards, rules and requirements of the Air Quality Control Act and the federal act;

- (b) individual emission limits,

 determined on a case-by-case basis, but only as restrictive as
 necessary to meet the requirements of the Air Quality Control

 Act and the federal act or the emission rate specified in the
 permit application, whichever is more stringent;
- (c) compliance with applicable federal standards of performance;
- (d) reasonable restrictions and limitations not relating to emission limits or emission rates;
- (e) any combination of the conditions listed in this paragraph; and
- (2) for an operating permit, terms and conditions sufficient to ensure compliance with the applicable standards, rules and requirements pursuant to the Air Quality Control Act and the federal act.
- E. This section does not authorize the department or the local agency to require the use of machinery, devices or equipment from a particular manufacturer if the federal standards of performance, state regulations and permit conditions may be met by machinery, devices or equipment

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otherwise available.

- F. The issuance of a permit does not relieve any person from the responsibility of complying with the provisions of the Air Quality Control Act and any applicable regulations of the environmental improvement board or the local board. Any conditions placed upon a permit by the department or the local agency shall be enforceable to the same extent as a regulation of its board.
- G. A person who participated in a permitting action before the department or the local agency shall be notified by the department or the local agency of the action taken and the reasons for the action. Notification of the applicant shall be by certified mail.
- H. A person who participated in a permitting action before the department or the local agency and who is adversely affected by [such] the permitting action may file a petition for hearing before the environmental improvement board or the local board. The petition shall be made in writing to the environmental improvement board or the local board within thirty days from the date notice is given of the department's or the local agency's action. Unless a timely petition for hearing is made, the decision of the department or the local agency shall be final.
- I. If a timely petition for hearing is made, the environmental improvement board or the local board shall hold a .179337.1GR

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hearing within sixty days after receipt of the petition. The environmental improvement board or the local board shall notify the petitioner and the applicant or permittee, if other than the petitioner, by certified mail of the date, time and place of the hearing. If the subject of the petition is a permitting action deemed by the environmental improvement board or the local board to substantially affect the public interest, the environmental improvement board or the local board shall ensure that the public receives notice of the date, time and place of The public in such circumstances shall also be the hearing. given a reasonable opportunity to submit data, views or arguments orally or in writing and to examine witnesses testifying at the hearing. Any person submitting data, views or arguments orally or in writing shall be subject to examination at the hearing.

- The environmental improvement board or the local board may designate a hearing officer to take evidence in the All hearings shall be recorded.
- Κ. The burden of proof shall be upon the petitioner. Based upon the evidence presented at the hearing, the environmental improvement board or the local board shall sustain, modify or reverse the action of the department or the local agency respectively.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to the provisions of Section 74-2-4 NMSA 1978, a final .179337.1GR

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decision on a permit by the department, the environmental improvement board, the local agency, the local board or the court of appeals that a source will or will not meet applicable local, state and federal air pollution standards and regulations shall be conclusive and is binding on every other state agency and as an issue before any other state agency shall be deemed resolved in accordance with that final decision.

- Μ. Subject to the provisions of Section 74-2-4 NMSA 1978, if the local board has adopted a permit regulation pursuant to this section, persons constructing or modifying any source within the boundaries of the local authority shall obtain a permit from the local agency and not from the department.
- Fees collected pursuant to this section shall be N. deposited in:
- the state air quality permit fund created (1) by Section 74-2-15 NMSA 1978 if collected by the department; or
- a fund created pursuant to Section 74-2-16 NMSA 1978 if collected by a local agency pursuant to a permit regulation adopted by the local board pursuant to this section.
- 0. The department may not deny an application for a construction permit for a cotton gin if the applicant proposes use of the best system of emissions reduction currently in use .179337.1GR

by cotton gins in the United States, as specified by regulation of the environmental improvement board, and the cotton gin has a potential emission rate, considering the use of the proposed emissions reduction system and the proposed hours of operation, of not more than fifty tons per year of any regulated air contaminant for which there is a national ambient air quality standard. The construction permit shall require that the applicant use the proposed emission reduction system and limit the hours of operation to the hours specified in the application. For purposes of this subsection, "best system of emissions reduction" for cotton gins means a system that will result in emissions reduction equal to or greater than that obtained by the use of condenser screens, seventy-mesh screen or equivalent on low-pressure exhausts and high-efficiency cyclone dust collectors on high-pressure exhausts.

- P. The department or local agency may deny any
 permit application or revoke any permit issued pursuant to the
 Air Quality Control Act if the applicant or permittee has:
- (1) knowingly misrepresented a material fact
 in application for a permit;
- (2) refused to disclose the information required by the provisions of the Air Quality Control Act;
- (3) been convicted in any court, within ten years immediately preceding the date of submission of the permit application, of:

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1	(a) a relony related to environmental				
2	crime; or				
3	(b) a crime defined by state or federal				
4	statute as involving or being in restraint of trade, price-				
5	fixing, bribery or fraud;				
6	(4) constructed or operated a facility for				
7	which a permit is sought without a permit required by that act,				
8	and the emissions from the unpermitted facility exceed the				
9	permit requirement threshold by twenty-five percent for any				
10	pollutant; or				
11	(5) had any permit revoked or permanently				
12	suspended for cause under the environmental laws of any state				
13	or the United States.				
14	Q. In making a finding under Subsection P of this				
15	section, the department or local agency may consider				
16	aggravating and mitigating factors.				
17	R. An applicant for a permit issued pursuant to the				
18	Air Quality Control Act shall file a disclosure statement with				
19	the department with the information required, and on a form				
20	developed, by the department.				
21	S. An applicant for a permit issued pursuant to the				
22	Air Quality Control Act shall file a disclosure statement with				
23	the department with the information required, and on a form				
24	developed, by the department.				
25	T. A person shall not be required to submit the				
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1	disclosure statement required by this section if the person is:
2	(1) the United States or any agency or
3	instrumentality of the United States;
4	(2) a state or any agency or political
5	subdivision of a state; or
6	(3) a corporation or an officer, director or
7	shareholder of the corporation and the corporation:
8	(a) has on file and in effect with the
9	federal securities and exchange commission a registration
10	statement required under Section 5, Chapter 38, Title 1 of the
11	federal Securities Act of 1933, as amended; and
12	(b) submits to the department with the
13	application for a permit evidence of the registration described
14	in Subparagraph (a) of this paragraph and a copy of the
15	corporation's most recent annual form 10-K or an equivalent
16	report."
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