SENATE BILL 153

49TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2010

INTRODUCED BY

John M. Sapien

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION; AUTHORIZING LOCAL SCHOOL BOARDS TO IMPOSE
A GROSS RECEIPTS TAX; ENACTING THE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT GROSS
RECEIPTS TAX ACT; PROVIDING FOR ADMINISTRATION OF THE LOCAL
SCHOOL DISTRICT GROSS RECEIPTS TAX.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE.--Sections 1 through 9 of this act may be cited as the "Local School District Gross Receipts Tax Act".

Section 2. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Local School District Gross Receipts Tax Act:

A. "department" means the taxation and revenue department, the secretary of taxation and revenue or any employee of the department exercising authority lawfully delegated to that employee by the secretary;

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- В. "local school board" means the governing body of a school district that has been designated as a board of finance by the public education department pursuant to Section 22-8-38 NMSA 1978;
- "person" means an individual or any other legal entity;
- "school district" means an area of land D. established as a political subdivision of the state for the administration of public schools and segregated geographically for taxation and bonding purposes; and
- "state gross receipts tax" means the gross receipts tax imposed under the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act.
- Section 3. [NEW MATERIAL] LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT GROSS RECEIPTS TAX--AUTHORITY TO IMPOSE FOR OPERATIONAL PURPOSES.--
- A majority of the members of a local school board may impose by resolution an excise tax, for operational purposes of the school district, not to exceed a rate of onehalf percent of the gross receipts of a person engaging in business in the school district for the privilege of engaging The tax may be imposed in one or more increments in business. of one-eighth percent not to exceed an aggregate rate of onehalf percent. The tax shall be imposed for a period of not more than three years from the effective date of the resolution imposing the tax; provided, however, that having enacted a .180590.2

resolution imposing the tax, the local school board may enact subsequent resolutions for succeeding periods of not more than three years. The resolution shall specify the proposed use of the revenue from the tax.

B. The tax authorized by this section is to be referred to as the "local school district gross receipts tax".

Section 4. [NEW MATERIAL] EFFECTIVE DATE OF RESOLUTION.-A resolution imposing, amending or repealing a local school
district gross receipts tax or an increment of the tax shall
include an effective date of either July 1 or January 1,
whichever date occurs first after the expiration of at least
three months from the date the adopted resolution is mailed or
delivered to the department. The ordinance shall include that
effective date.

Section 5. [NEW MATERIAL] RESOLUTION REQUIREMENTS.--

A. A resolution imposing the local school district gross receipts tax shall adopt by reference the same definitions and the same provisions relating to exemptions and deductions as are contained in the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act then in effect and as it may be amended from time to time.

B. A local school board imposing the local school district gross receipts tax shall impose the tax by adopting a model resolution with respect to the tax furnished to the local school board by the department. A resolution that does not .180590.2

conform substantially to the model resolution of the department is not valid.

Section 6. [NEW MATERIAL] SPECIFIC EXEMPTIONS.--No local school district gross receipts tax shall be imposed on the gross receipts arising from transporting persons or property for hire by railroad, motor vehicle, air transportation or any other means from one point within the school district to another point outside the school district.

Section 7. [NEW MATERIAL] COPY OF RESOLUTION TO BE SUBMITTED TO DEPARTMENT.--A certified copy of the resolution imposing or repealing the local school district gross receipts tax or changing the tax rate imposed shall be mailed or delivered to the department within five days after the date the resolution is adopted.

Section 8. [NEW MATERIAL] COLLECTION BY DEPARTMENT-TRANSFER OF PROCEEDS--DEDUCTIONS.--

- A. The department shall collect the local school district gross receipts tax in the same manner and at the same time it collects the state gross receipts tax.
- B. The department may deduct an amount not to exceed three percent of each tax collected pursuant to the provisions of the Local School District Gross Receipts Tax Act as a charge for the administrative costs of collection, which amount shall be remitted to the state treasurer for deposit in the general fund each month. The department shall transfer to .180590.2

each local school board for which it is collecting a tax pursuant to the provisions of the Local School District Gross Receipts Tax Act the amount of the tax collected for that local school board, less any deduction for administrative costs made pursuant to this section and less any disbursements for tax credits, refunds and the payment of interest applicable to the tax. The transfer to the local school board shall be made within the month following the month in which the tax is collected.

Section 9. [NEW MATERIAL] INTERPRETATION OF ACT-ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF ACT.--

A. The department shall interpret the provisions of the Local School District Gross Receipts Tax Act.

B. The department shall administer and enforce the collection of the local school district gross receipts tax, and the Tax Administration Act applies to the administration and enforcement of the tax.

Section 10. Section 7-1-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 248, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-1-2. APPLICABILITY.--The Tax Administration Act applies to and governs:

A. the administration and enforcement of the following taxes or tax acts as they now exist or may hereafter be amended:

(1) Income Tax Act;

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1	(2) Withholding Tax Act;
2	(3) Venture Capital Investment Act;
3	(4) Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act
4	and any state gross receipts tax;
5	(5) Liquor Excise Tax Act;
6	(6) Local Liquor Excise Tax Act;
7	(7) any municipal local option gross receipts
8	tax;
9	(8) any county local option gross receipts
10	tax;
11	(9) Special Fuels Supplier Tax Act;
12	(10) Gasoline Tax Act;
13	(11) petroleum products loading fee, which fee
14	shall be considered a tax for the purpose of the Tax
15	Administration Act;
16	(12) Alternative Fuel Tax Act;
17	(13) Cigarette Tax Act;
18	(14) Estate Tax Act;
19	(15) Railroad Car Company Tax Act;
20	(16) Investment Credit Act, rural job tax
21	credit, Laboratory Partnership with Small Business Tax Credit
22	Act, Technology Jobs Tax Credit Act, film production tax
23	credit, New Mexico filmmaker tax credit, Affordable Housing Tax
24	Credit Act, high-wage jobs tax credit and Research and
25	Development Small Business Tax Credit Act;
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1	(1/) Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act;	
2	(18) Uniform Division of Income for Tax	
3	Purposes Act;	
4	(19) Multistate Tax Compact;	
5	(20) Tobacco Products Tax Act; [and]	
6	(21) the telecommunications relay service	
7	surcharge imposed by Section 63-9F-11 NMSA 1978, which	
8	surcharge shall be considered a tax for the purposes of the Tax	
9	Administration Act; and	
10	(22) Local School District Gross Receipts Tax	
11	Act;	
12	B. the administration and enforcement of the	
13	following taxes, surtaxes, advanced payments or tax acts as	
14	they now exist or may hereafter be amended:	
15	(1) Resources Excise Tax Act;	
16	(2) Severance Tax Act;	
17	(3) any severance surtax;	
18	(4) Oil and Gas Severance Tax Act;	
19	(5) Oil and Gas Conservation Tax Act;	
20	(6) Oil and Gas Emergency School Tax Act;	
21	(7) Oil and Gas Ad Valorem Production Tax Act;	
22	(8) Natural Gas Processors Tax Act;	
23	(9) Oil and Gas Production Equipment Ad	
24	Valorem Tax Act;	
25	(10) Copper Production Ad Valorem Tax Act;	
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(11) any advance payment required to be made
by any act specified in this subsection, which advance paymen
shall be considered a tax for the purposes of the Tax
Administration Act:

- Enhanced Oil Recovery Act; (12)
- (13)Natural Gas and Crude Oil Production Incentive Act; and
- intergovernmental production tax credit (14) and intergovernmental production equipment tax credit;
- C. the administration and enforcement of the following taxes, surcharges, fees or acts as they now exist or may hereafter be amended:
 - (1) Weight Distance Tax Act;
- (2) the workers' compensation fee authorized by Section 52-5-19 NMSA 1978, which fee shall be considered a tax for purposes of the Tax Administration Act;
 - Uniform Unclaimed Property Act (1995);
- 911 emergency surcharge and the network and database surcharge, which surcharges shall be considered taxes for purposes of the Tax Administration Act;
- the solid waste assessment fee authorized (5) by the Solid Waste Act, which fee shall be considered a tax for purposes of the Tax Administration Act;
- (6) the water conservation fee imposed by Section 74-1-13 NMSA 1978, which fee shall be considered a tax .180590.2

1	for the purposes of the Tax Administration Act; and	
2	(7) the gaming tax imposed pursuant to the	
3	Gaming Control Act; and	
4	D. the administration and enforcement of all other	
5	laws, with respect to which the department is charged with	
6	responsibilities pursuant to the Tax Administration Act, but	
7	only to the extent that the other laws do not conflict with the	
8	Tax Administration Act."	
9	Section 11. Section 7-1-6.15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1983,	
10	Chapter 211, Section 20, as amended) is amended to read:	
11	"7-1-6.15. ADJUSTMENTS OF DISTRIBUTIONS OR TRANSFERS TO	
12	MUNICIPALITIES OR COUNTIES	
13	A. The provisions of this section apply to:	
14	(1) any distribution to a municipality of	
15	gross receipts taxes pursuant to Section 7-1-6.4 NMSA 1978 or	
16	of interstate telecommunications gross receipts tax pursuant to	
17	Section 7-1-6.36 NMSA 1978;	
18	(2) any transfer to a municipality with	
19	respect to any local option gross receipts tax imposed by that	
20	municipality;	
21	(3) any transfer to a county with respect to	
22	any local option gross receipts tax imposed by that county;	
23	(4) any distribution to a county pursuant to	
24	Section 7-1-6.16 NMSA 1978;	
25	(5) any distribution to a municipality or a	
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-	country of gasoffine taxes pursuant to section 7-1-0.7 Mida 1770,
2	(6) any transfer to a county with respect to
3	any tax imposed in accordance with the Local Liquor Excise Tax
4	Act;
5	(7) any distribution to a municipality or a
6	county of cigarette taxes pursuant to Sections 7-1-6.11,
7	7-12-15 and 7-12-16 NMSA 1978;
8	(8) any distribution to a county from the
9	county government road fund pursuant to Section 7-1-6.26 NMSA
10	1978;
11	(9) any distribution to a municipality of
12	gasoline taxes pursuant to Section 7-1-6.27 NMSA 1978; [and]
13	(10) any distribution to a municipality of
14	compensating taxes pursuant to Section 7-1-6.55 NMSA 1978; and
15	(11) any transfer to a local school board with
16	respect to a local school district gross receipts tax imposed
17	by that local school board.
18	B. If the secretary determines that any prior
19	distribution or transfer to a political subdivision was
20	erroneous, the secretary shall increase or decrease the next
21	distribution or transfer amount for that political subdivision

after the determination, except as provided in Subsection C, D

Subject to the provisions of Subsection E of this

or E of this section, by the amount necessary to correct the

section, the secretary shall notify the political subdivision

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of the amount of each increase or decrease.

- C. No decrease shall be made to current or future distributions or transfers to a political subdivision for any excess distribution or transfer made to that political subdivision more than one year prior to the calendar year in which the determination of the secretary was made.
- The secretary, in lieu of recovery from the next D. distribution or transfer amount, may recover an excess distribution or transfer of one hundred dollars (\$100) or more to the political subdivision in installments from current and future distributions or transfers to that political subdivision pursuant to an agreement with the officials of the political subdivision whenever the amount of the distribution or transfer decrease for the political subdivision exceeds ten percent of the average distribution or transfer amount for that political subdivision for the twelve months preceding the month in which the secretary's determination is made; provided that for the purposes of this subsection, the "average distribution or transfer amount" shall be the arithmetic mean of the distribution or transfer amounts within the twelve months immediately preceding the month in which the determination is made.
- E. Except for the provisions of this section, if the amount by which a distribution or transfer would be adjusted pursuant to Subsection B of this section is one .180590.2

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hundred dollars (\$100) or less, no adjustment or notice need be made.

The secretary is authorized to decrease a distribution to a municipality or county upon being directed to do so by the secretary of finance and administration pursuant to the State Aid Intercept Act or to redirect a distribution to the New Mexico finance authority pursuant to an ordinance or a resolution passed by the county or municipality and a written agreement of the municipality or county and the New Mexico finance authority. Upon direction to decrease a distribution or notice to redirect a distribution to a municipality or county, the secretary shall decrease or redirect the next designated distribution, and succeeding distributions as necessary, by the amount of the state distributions intercept authorized by the secretary of finance and administration pursuant to the State Aid Intercept Act or by the amount of the state distribution intercept authorized pursuant to an ordinance or a resolution passed by the county or municipality and a written agreement with the New Mexico finance authority. The secretary shall transfer the state distributions intercept amount to the municipal or county treasurer or other person designated by the secretary of finance and administration or to the New Mexico finance authority pursuant to written agreement to pay the debt service to avoid default on qualified local revenue bonds or meet other local revenue bond, loan or other .180590.2

debt obligations of the municipality or county to the New Mexico finance authority."

Section 12. A new section of the Tax Administration Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] TRANSFER--REVENUES FROM LOCAL SCHOOL
DISTRICT GROSS RECEIPTS TAX.--A transfer pursuant to Section
7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 shall be made to each local school board for which the department is collecting a local school district gross receipts tax imposed by that local school board in an amount, subject to any increase or decrease made pursuant to Section 7-1-6.15 NMSA 1978, equal to the net receipts attributable to the local school district gross receipts tax imposed by that local school board, less any deduction for administrative cost determined and made by the department pursuant to the Local School District Gross Receipts Tax Act."

Section 13. Section 22-5-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 16, Section 28, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-5-4. LOCAL SCHOOL BOARDS--POWERS--DUTIES.--A local school board shall have the following powers or duties:

- A. subject to the rules of the department, develop educational policies for the school district;
- B. employ a local superintendent for the school district and fix the superintendent's salary;
- C. review and approve the annual school district budget;

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2	E. have the capacity to sue and be sued;
3	F. acquire property by eminent domain pursuant to
4	the procedures provided in the Eminent Domain Code;
5	G. issue general obligation bonds of the school
6	district;
7	H. provide for the repair of and maintain all
8	property belonging to the school district;
9	I. for good cause and upon order of the district
10	court, subpoena witnesses and documents in connection with a
11	hearing concerning any powers or duties of the local school
12	board;
13	J. except for expenditures for salaries, contract
14	for the expenditure of money according to the provisions of th
15	Procurement Code;
16	K. adopt rules pertaining to the administration of
17	all powers or duties of the local school board;
18	L. accept or reject any charitable gift, grant,
19	devise or bequest. The particular gift, grant, devise or
20	bequest accepted shall be considered an asset of the school
21	district or the public school to which it is given;
22	M. offer and, upon compliance with the conditions
23	of such offer, pay rewards for information leading to the
24	arrest and conviction or other appropriate disciplinary
25	disposition by the courts or juvenile authorities of offenders
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D. acquire, lease and dispose of property;

provisions of the

in case of theft, defacement or destruction of school district
property. All such rewards shall be paid from school district
funds in accordance with rules promulgated by the department;
[and]

N. give prior approval for any educational program in a public school in the school district that is to be conducted, sponsored, carried on or caused to be carried on by a private organization or agency; and

O. impose a gross receipts tax pursuant to the Local School District Gross Receipts Tax Act."

Section 14. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2010.

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