1	SENATE BILL 231
2	49TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2010
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Mary Jane M. Garcia
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO EXECUTIVE ORGANIZATION; COMBINING THE MINING
12	COMMISSION AND THE COAL SURFACE MINING COMMISSION; AMENDING,
13	REPEALING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
16	Section 1. Section 69-25A-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1979,
17	Chapter 291, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:
18	"69-25A-3. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Surface Mining
19	Act:
20	A. "commission" means the [coal surface] mining
21	commission;
22	B. "director", when used without further
23	qualification, means the director of the mining and minerals
24	division of the energy, minerals and natural resources
25	department or [his] the director's designee;
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"alluvial valley floors" means the С. 2 unconsolidated stream-laid deposits holding streams where water 3 availability is sufficient for subirrigation or flood irrigation agricultural activities, but does not include upland areas [which] that are generally overlain by a thin veneer of colluvial deposits composed chiefly of debris from sheet 7 erosion, deposits by unconcentrated runoff or slope wash, 8 together with talus, other mass movement accumulation and 9 windblown deposits;

"approximate original contour" means that D. surface configuration achieved by backfilling and grading of the mined area so that the reclaimed area, including any terracing or access roads, closely resembles the general surface configuration of the land prior to mining and blends into and complements the drainage pattern of the surrounding terrain with all highwalls and spoil piles eliminated; water impoundments may be permitted where the director determines that they are in compliance with Paragraph (8) of Subsection B of Section 69-25A-19 NMSA 1978;

"imminent danger to the health and safety of the Ε. public" means the existence of any condition or practice, or any violation of a permit or other requirement of the Surface Mining Act, in a surface coal mining and reclamation operation, which condition, practice or violation could reasonably be expected to cause substantial physical harm to persons outside .181191.1

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the permit area before the condition, practice or violation can be abated. A reasonable expectation of death or serious injury before abatement exists if a rational person, subjected to the same conditions or practices giving rise to the peril, would not [expose himself] agree to be exposed to the danger during the time necessary for abatement;

F. "operator" means any person engaged in coal mining who removes or intends to remove more than two hundred fifty tons of coal from the earth by coal mining within twelve consecutive calendar months in any one location;

G. "other minerals" means clay, stone, sand, gravel, metalliferous and nonmetalliferous ores and any other solid material or substances of commercial value excavated in solid form from natural deposits on or in the earth, exclusive of coal, and those minerals [which] that occur naturally in liquid or gaseous form;

H. "permit" means a permit to conduct surface coal mining and reclamation operations issued by the director pursuant to the Surface Mining Act;

I. "permit applicant" or "applicant" means a person
applying for a permit;

J. "permit area" means the area of land indicated on the approved map submitted by the operator with [his] the <u>operator's</u> application, which area of land is to be covered by the operator's bond as required by Section 69-25A-13 NMSA 1978 .181191.1

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1 and shall be readily identifiable by appropriate markers on the 2 site;

K. "permittee" means a person holding a permit; L. "person" means an individual, partnership, association, society, joint stock company, firm, company, corporation or other business organization;

M. the term "prime farmland" is to be defined by
[regulation] rule of the commission after considering such
factors as moisture availability, temperature regime, chemical
balance, permeability, surface layer composition,
susceptibility to flooding, erosion characteristics, history of
use for intensive agricultural purposes and regulations issued
by the United States secretary of agriculture;

N. "reclamation plan" means a plan submitted by an applicant for a permit [which] that sets forth a plan for reclamation of the proposed surface coal mining operations pursuant to Section 69-25A-12 NMSA 1978;

0. "surface coal mining and reclamation operations" means surface coal mining operations and all activities necessary and incident to the reclamation of those operations after the date of enactment of the Surface Mining Act;

P. "surface coal mining operations" means:

(1) activities conducted on the surface of lands in connection with a surface coal mine or activities subject to the requirements of Section 69-25A-20 NMSA 1978 .181191.1

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1 relating to surface operations and surface impacts incident to 2 an underground coal mine. The activities include excavation 3 for the purpose of obtaining coal, including such common 4 methods as contour, strip, auger, mountaintop removal, box cut, 5 open pit and area mining. These activities also include uses 6 of explosives and blasting and in situ distillation or 7 retorting, leaching or other chemical or physical processing 8 and the cleaning, concentrating or other processing or 9 preparation, including loading of coal at or near the mine 10 [Provided] However, [that] such activities do not site. 11 include the extraction of coal incidental to the extraction of 12 other minerals where coal does not exceed sixteen and twothirds percent of the tonnage of minerals removed for purposes 13 14 of commercial use or sale or coal exploration subject to 15 Section 69-25A-16 NMSA 1978; and

(2) the areas upon which these activities occur or where the activities disturb the natural land surface. These areas also include any adjacent land, the use of which is incidental to any of the activities, all lands affected by the construction of new roads or the improvement or use of existing roads to gain access to the site of these activities and for haulage and excavations, workings, impoundments, dams, ventilation shafts, entryways, refuse banks, dumps, stockpiles, overburden piles, spoil banks, culm banks, tailings, holes or depressions, repair areas, storage areas, processing areas, .181191.1

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shipping areas and other areas upon which are sited structures, facilities or other property or materials on the surface, resulting from or incident to these activities;

Q. "unwarranted failure to comply" means the failure of a permittee to prevent the occurrence of any violation of [his] the permittee's permit or any requirement of the Surface Mining Act due to indifference, lack of diligence or lack of reasonable care, or the failure to abate any violation of the permit or the Surface Mining Act due to indifference, lack of diligence or lack of reasonable care; and

R. "lignite coal" means consolidated lignitic coal [having] that has less than eight thousand three hundred BTUs per pound <u>and that is</u> moisture- and mineral-matter-free."

Section 2. A new section of the Surface Mining Act is enacted to read:

"[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] DUTIES OF COAL SURFACE MINING COMMISSION TO MINING COMMISSION.--Beginning July 1, 2010, the mining commission shall assume the duties of the coal surface mining commission. All rules of the coal surface mining commission shall remain in force unless the mining commission repeals or amends them."

Section 3. Section 69-36-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 315, Section 3) is amended to read:

"69-36-3. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the New Mexico Mining Act:

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1 Α. "affected area" means the area outside of the 2 permit area where the land surface, surface water, ground water 3 and air resources are [impacted] affected by mining operations 4 within the permit area; 5 Β. "commission" means the mining commission 6 [established in the New Mexico Mining Act]; 7 C. "director" means the director of the division or [his] the director's designee; 8 9 "division" means the mining and minerals D. 10 division of the energy, minerals and natural resources 11 department; 12 "existing mining operation" means an extraction Ε. 13 operation that produced marketable minerals for a total of at 14 least two years between January 1, 1970 and [the effective date 15 of the New Mexico Mining Act] June 18, 1993; 16 "exploration" means the act of searching for or F. 17 investigating a mineral deposit, including sinking shafts, 18 tunneling, drilling core and bore holes, digging pits, making 19 cuts and other works for the purpose of extracting samples 20 prior to commencement of development or extraction operations 21 and the building of roads, access ways and other facilities 22 related to such work; however, activities that cause no or very 23 little surface disturbance, such as airborne surveys and 24 photographs, use of instruments or devices that are hand 25 carried or otherwise transported over the surface to perform .181191.1

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magnetic, radioactive or other tests and measurements, boundary or claim surveying, location work or other work that causes no greater disturbance than is caused by ordinary lawful use of the area by persons not engaged in exploration, are excluded from the meaning of "exploration";

G. "mineral" means a nonliving commodity that is extracted from the earth for use or conversion into a [saleable] salable or usable product, but does not include clays, adobe, flagstone, potash, sand, gravel, caliche, borrow dirt, quarry rock used as aggregate for construction, coal, surface water or subsurface water, geothermal resources, oil and natural gas together with other chemicals recovered with them, commodities, byproduct materials and wastes that are regulated by the nuclear regulatory commission or waste regulated under Subtitle C of the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976;

H. "mining" means the process of obtaining useful minerals from the earth's crust or from previously disposed or abandoned mining wastes, including exploration, open-cut mining and surface operation, the disposal of refuse from underground and in situ mining, mineral transportation, concentrating, milling, evaporation, leaching and other processing. "Mining" does not mean the exploration and extraction of potash, sand, gravel, caliche, borrow dirt [and] or quarry rock used as aggregate in construction; the exploration and extraction of .181191.1

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1 natural petroleum in a liquid or gaseous state by means of 2 wells or pipes; the development or extraction of coal; the 3 extraction of geothermal resources; smelting, refining, 4 cleaning, preparation, transportation or other off-site 5 operations not conducted on permit areas; or the extraction, 6 processing or disposal of commodities, byproduct materials or 7 wastes or other activities regulated by the federal nuclear 8 regulatory commission;

I. "new mining operation" means a mining operation that engages in a development or extraction operation after [the effective date of the New Mexico Mining Act] June 18, 1993 and that is not an existing mining operation;

J. "permit area" means the geographical area defined in the permit for a new mining operation or for an existing mining operation on which mining operations are conducted or cause disturbance; and

K. "reclamation" means the employment during and after a mining operation of measures designed to mitigate the disturbance of affected areas and permit areas and, to the extent practicable, provide for the stabilization of a permit area following closure that will minimize future impact to the environment from the mining operation and protect air and water resources."

Section 4. TEMPORARY PROVISION--TRANSFER--CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS--STATUTORY REFERENCES.--

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1	A. On the effective date of this act, all
2	functions, appropriations, money, records, furniture, equipment
3	and other property of the coal surface mining commission shall
4	be transferred to the mining commission.
5	B. On the effective date of this act, all
6	contractual obligations of the coal surface mining commission
7	shall be binding on the mining commission.
8	C. On the effective date of this act, all
9	references in law to the coal surface mining commission shall
10	be deemed to be references to the mining commission.
11	Section 5. REPEALSection 69-25A-4 NMSA 1978 (being
12	Laws 1979, Chapter 291, Section 4, as amended) is repealed.
13	Section 6. EFFECTIVE DATEThe effective date of the
14	provisions of this act is July 1, 2010.
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