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Current FIRs (in HTML & Adobe PDF formats) are available on the NM Legislative Website (legis.state.nm.us). Adobe PDF versions include all attachments, whereas HTML versions may not. Previously issued FIRs and attachments may be obtained from the LFC in Suite 101 of the State Capitol Building North.

FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

SPONSOR	PONSOR Madalena		ORIGINAL DATE 02/21/11 LAST UPDATED		НВ	515
SHORT TITI	LE	Severance Taxes	for Indian Water Settlem	ents	SB	
				ANAI	YST	Burrows

Revenue (dollars in thousands)

	Recurring	Fund			
FY11	FY12	FY13	or Non-Rec	Affected	
	\$14,900.0	\$14,600.0	Recurring	Indian Water Rights Settlements	

(Parenthesis () Indicate Revenue Decreases)

Duplicate to SB376/SIACS

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

LFC Files

Responses Received From
Office of the State Engineer (OSE)
Attorney General's Office (AGO)

Responses Not Received From
Department of Finance and Administration (DFA)
Indian Affairs Department (IAD)

SUMMARY

Synopsis of Bill

House Bill 515 amends the severance tax bonding act to temporarily allocate 6 percent of annual senior severance tax bonding capacity to fund the state's share of Indian water rights settlements authorized by federal law. The bonds would be issued in the same manner and be subject to the same restrictions as other severance tax bonds. The distribution would be in effect from FY12 through FY21. Any remaining funds following the final disbursement from the water rights settlement fund would revert to the severance tax bonding fund.

The effective date of the provisions of this bill is July 1, 2011.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

The impact is calculated from the consensus severance tax bond capacity estimate for FY11. The figure below illustrates the distribution allocation under current law and under Senate House Bill 515. The distribution will decrease the net senior severance tax bond capacity by 6 percent each year.

	Curre	nt Law	SB376	
Consensus Estimate	FY12	FY13	FY12	FY13
Senior Long-Term Issuance	\$180.5	\$180.5	\$180.5	\$180.5
Senior Sponge Issuance	\$67.3	\$63.2	\$67.3	\$63.2
Senior STB Capacity	\$247.8	\$243.7	\$247.8	\$243.7
Authorized Unissued	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Water Project Fund	\$24.8	\$24.4	\$24.8	\$24.4
Colonias Infrastructure Project Fund	\$12.4	\$12.2	\$12.4	\$12.2
Tribal Infrastructure Fund	\$12.4	\$12.2	\$12.4	\$12.2
Indian Water Rights Settlements	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$14.9	\$14.6
Net Senior STB Capacity	\$198.2	\$195.0	\$183.4	\$180.3

The amount of each annual distribution to the water rights settlement fund will depend on the STB capacity for that year, which is itself a function of severance tax revenue. If the revenue source should decline due to decreased oil and gas prices or volumes, the amount of the distribution to the water rights settlement fund might also decrease. Likewise, increases in severance tax revenue could lead to larger distributions.

This bill creates a new fund and provides for continuing appropriations. The LFC has concerns with including continuing appropriation language in the statutory provisions for newly created funds, as earmarking reduces the ability of the legislature to establish spending priorities.

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

The settlements were enacted by the U.S. Congress pursuant to the Claims Resolution Act of 2010 and the Omnibus Public Law Management Act of 2009. The Aamodt settlement provides for the construction of a regional water system to serve the Pueblos of Tesuque, Nambe, Pojoaque, and San Ildefonso as well as surrounding communities in northern New Mexico, with a non-federal cost share of 40 percent. The Taos settlement solidifies and makes permanent water-sharing arrangements between the Pueblo of Taos and neighboring communities. The settlement also protects and restores the Pueblo of Taos's Buffalo Pasture, a culturally sensitive and sacred wetland. In each of these settlements, the tribes have agreed to forego litigating their assertion of water rights in exchange for infrastructure funding.

According to the OSE, Congress has authorized \$1.16 billion, has appropriated \$327.8 million, and has budget requests for an additional \$150.5 million for the Aamodt, Taos, and Navajo Nation water rights settlements, subject to the state share of \$130 million. This is approximately a 9-1 leveraging of funds appropriated in this bill.

House Bill 515 – Page 3

DUPLICATE

Senate Bill 376/SIACS duplicates House Bill 515.

OTHER SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES

According to the OSE, these infrastructure projects will create jobs, generate gross receipts revenue, and benefit neighboring communities as well as the tribe. Moreover, failure to enact this bill puts at risk the settlements, the water rights adjudications, the federal funding, and the infrastructure improvements authorized through the settlements.

AMENDMENTS

OSE suggests the following amendments:

On page 2, line 21: strike "sector" and substitute "section." On page 2, line 24: strike "money" and substitute "monies."

WHAT WILL BE THE CONSEQUENCES OF NOT ENACTING THIS BILL

The Indian water rights settlement fund will not receive a distribution of 6 percent of the severance tax bonding fund. Other revenue sources will need to be identified to fulfill the settlement agreement authorized by federal law.

LKB/svb