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SENATE BILL 29

50TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SPECIAL SESSION, 2011

INTRODUCED BY

John Arthur Smith

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.187410B.3

AN ACT

RELATING TO UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION; AMENDING CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION LAW THAT EXPAND ELIGIBILITY OR ALLOW INCREASED BENEFITS; PROVIDING THAT EXTENDED BENEFITS SHALL BE PAID ONLY IF FULLY REIMBURSED FROM FEDERAL SOURCES; ESTABLISHING A TEMPORARY SCHEDULE FOR CONTRIBUTIONS; PROVIDING LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS; REPEALING LAWS 2011, CHAPTER 184, SECTIONS 1 THROUGH 6; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. TEMPORARY PROVISION--LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.--The legislature finds that:

- A. Laws 2011, Chapter 184, Sections 1 through 6 passed the first session of the fiftieth legislature;
 - the governor purportedly exercised a partial В.

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veto on legislation that did not appropriate money;

- C. the issue of whether the legislation is law as passed by the legislature or as partially vetoed by the governor is currently before the New Mexico supreme court;
- D. Article 4, Section 18 of the constitution of New Mexico requires that each section of the law that is to be "revised, amended or extended shall be set out in full"; and
- E. it is therefore appropriate to repeal Laws 2011, Chapter 184, Sections 1 through 6, and amend Sections 51-1-4, 51-1-5, 51-1-7 and 51-1-48 NMSA 1978 as they existed prior to the enactment of Laws 2011, Chapter 184, Sections 1 through 6 to clarify the legislature's intent and provide certainty in the law.
- **SECTION 2.** REPEAL.--Laws 2011, Chapter 184, Sections 1 through 6 are repealed.
- SECTION 3. Section 51-1-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 47, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:
- "51-1-4. MONETARY COMPUTATION OF BENEFITS--PAYMENT GENERALLY.--
- A. All benefits provided herein are payable from the unemployment compensation fund. All benefits shall be paid in accordance with rules prescribed by the secretary through employment offices or other agencies as the secretary approves by general rule.
- B. Weekly benefits shall be as follows: .187410B.3

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(1) an individual's "weekly benefit amount" is an amount equal to fifty-three and one-half percent of the average weekly wage for insured work paid to the individual in that quarter of the individual's base period in which total wages were highest. No benefit as so computed may be less than ten percent or more than fifty-three and one-half percent of the state's average weekly wage for all insured work. state's average weekly wage shall be computed from all wages reported to the department from employing units in accordance with rules of the secretary for the period ending June 30 of each calendar year divided by the total number of covered employees divided by fifty-two, effective for the benefit years commencing on or after the first Sunday of the following calendar year. An individual is not eligible to receive benefits unless the individual has wages in at least two quarters of that individual's base period. For the purposes of this subsection, "total wages" means all remuneration for insured work, including commissions and bonuses and the cash value of all remuneration in a medium other than cash;

(2) an eligible individual who is unemployed in any week during which the individual is in a continued claims status shall be paid, with respect to the week, a benefit in an amount equal to the individual's weekly benefit amount, less that part of the wages, if any, or earnings from self-employment, payable to the individual with respect to such

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week that is in excess of one-fifth of the individual's weekly benefit amount. For purposes of this subsection only, "wages" includes all remuneration for services actually performed in a week for which benefits are claimed, vacation pay for a period for which the individual has a definite return-to-work date, wages in lieu of notice and back pay for loss of employment but does not include payments through a court for time spent in jury service;

(3) notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an eligible individual who, pursuant to a plan financed in whole or in part by a base-period employer of the individual, is receiving a governmental or other pension, retirement pay, annuity or any other similar periodic payment that is based on the previous work of the individual and who is unemployed with respect to any week ending subsequent to April 9, 1981 shall be paid with respect to the week, in accordance with rules prescribed by the secretary, compensation equal to the individual's weekly benefit amount reduced, but not below zero, by the prorated amount of the pension, retirement pay, annuity or other similar periodic payment that exceeds the percentage contributed to the plan by the eligible individual. The maximum benefit amount payable to the eligible individual shall be an amount not more than twenty-six times the individual's reduced weekly benefit amount. If payments referred to in this section are being received by an individual

under the federal Social Security Act, the division shall take into account the individual's contribution and make no reduction in the weekly benefit amount;

(4) in the case of a lump-sum payment of a pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity or other similar payment by a base-period employer that is based on the previous work of the individual, the payment shall be allocated, in accordance with rules prescribed by the secretary, and shall reduce the amount of unemployment compensation paid, but not below zero, in accordance with Paragraph (3) of this subsection; and

retirement or retired pay, annuity or any other similar periodic payment as provided in Paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection attributable to weeks during which an individual has claimed or has been paid unemployment compensation shall be allocated to those weeks and shall reduce the amount of unemployment compensation for those weeks, but not below zero, by an amount equal to the prorated amount of the pension. Any overpayment of unemployment compensation benefits resulting from the application of the provisions of this paragraph shall be recovered from the claimant in accordance with the provisions of Section 51-1-38 NMSA 1978.

C. An individual otherwise eligible for benefits shall be paid for each week of unemployment, in addition to the .187410B.3

amount payable under Subsection B of this section, the sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each unemancipated child under the age of eighteen, up to a maximum of [four] two and subject to the maximum stated in Subsection D of this section, of the individual who is in fact dependent upon and wholly or mainly supported by the individual, including:

- (1) a child in the individual's custody pending the adjudication of a petition filed by the individual for the adoption of the child in a court of competent jurisdiction; or
- (2) a child for whom the individual, under a decree or order from a court of competent jurisdiction, is required to contribute to the child's support and for whom no other person is receiving allowances under the Unemployment Compensation Law if the child is domiciled within the United States or its territories or possessions, the payment to be withheld and paid pursuant to Section 51-1-37.1 NMSA 1978.
- D. Dependency benefits shall not exceed fifty percent of the individual's weekly benefit rate. The amount of dependency benefits determined as of the beginning of an individual's benefit year shall not be reduced for the duration of the benefit year, but this provision does not prevent the transfer of dependents' benefits from one spouse to another in accordance with this subsection. If both the husband and wife receive benefits with respect to a week of unemployment, only

one of them is entitled to a dependency allowance with respect to a child. The division shall prescribe standards as to who may receive a dependency allowance when both the husband and wife are eligible to receive unemployment compensation benefits. Dependency benefits shall not be paid unless the individual submits documentation satisfactory to the division establishing the existence of the claimed dependent. If the provisions of this subsection are satisfied, an otherwise eligible individual who has been appointed guardian of a dependent child by a court of competent jurisdiction shall be paid dependency benefits.

- E. An otherwise eligible individual is entitled during any benefit year to a total amount of benefits equal to whichever is the lesser of twenty-six times the individual's weekly benefit amount, plus any dependency benefit amount pursuant to Subsections C and D of this section, or sixty percent of the individual's wages for insured work paid during the individual's base period.
- F. A benefit as determined in Subsection B or C of this section, if not a multiple of one dollar (\$1.00), shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of one dollar (\$1.00).
- G. The secretary may prescribe rules to provide for the payment of benefits that are due and payable to the legal representative, dependents, relatives or next of kin of claimants since deceased. These rules need not conform with

the laws governing successions, and the payment shall be deemed a valid payment to the same extent as if made under a formal administration of the succession of the claimant.

H. The division, on its own initiative, may reconsider a monetary determination whenever it is determined that an error in computation or identity has occurred or that wages of the claimant pertinent to such determination but not considered have been newly discovered or that the benefits have been allowed or denied on the basis of misrepresentation of fact, but no redetermination shall be made after one year from the date of the original monetary determination. Notice of a redetermination shall be given to all interested parties and shall be subject to an appeal in the same manner as the original determination. In the event that an appeal involving an original monetary determination is pending at the time a redetermination is issued, the appeal, unless withdrawn, shall be treated as an appeal from redetermination."

SECTION 4. Section 51-1-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 47, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read:

"51-1-5. BENEFIT ELIGIBILITY CONDITIONS.--

A. An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the individual:

(1) has made a claim for benefits with respect to such week in accordance with such rules as the secretary may .187410B.3

prescribe;

(2) has registered for work at, and thereafter continued to report at, an employment office in accordance with such rules as the secretary may prescribe, except that the secretary may, by rule, waive or alter either or both of the requirements of this paragraph as to individuals attached to regular jobs and as to such other types of cases or situations with respect to which the secretary finds that compliance with such requirements would be oppressive or would be inconsistent with the purposes of the Unemployment Compensation Law. No such rule shall conflict with Subsection A of Section 51-1-4 NMSA 1978;

(3) is able to work and is available for work and is actively seeking permanent full-time work or part-time work in accordance with Subsection I of Section 51-1-42 NMSA 1978 and in accordance with the terms, conditions and hours common in the occupation or business in which the individual is seeking work, except that the secretary may, by rule, waive this requirement for individuals who are on temporary layoff status from their regular employment with an assurance from their employers that the layoff shall not exceed four weeks or who have an express offer in writing of substantially full-time work that will begin within a period not exceeding four weeks;

(4) has been unemployed for a waiting period of one week. A week shall not be counted as a week of

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unemployment for the purposes of this paragraph:

- (a) unless it occurs within the benefit year that includes the week with respect to which the individual claims payment of benefits;
- (b) if benefits have been paid with respect thereto; and
- unless the individual was eligible for benefits with respect thereto as provided in this section and Section 51-1-7 NMSA 1978, except for the requirements of this subsection and of Subsection D of Section 51-1-7 NMSA 1978;
- (5) has been paid wages in at least two quarters of the individual's base period;
- has reported to an office of the division in accordance with the rules of the secretary for the purpose of an examination and review of the individual's availability for and search for work, for employment counseling, referral and placement and for participation in a job finding or employability training and development program. An individual shall not be denied benefits under this section for any week that the individual is participating in a job finding or employability training and development program; and
- (7) participates in reemployment services, such as job search assistance services, if the division determines that the individual is likely to exhaust regular .187410B.3

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benefits and [need] needs reemployment services pursuant to a profiling system established by the division, unless the division determines that:

- the individual has completed such services: or
- there is justifiable cause for the individual's failure to participate in the services.
- A benefit year as provided in Section 51-1-4 NMSA 1978 and Subsection P of Section 51-1-42 NMSA 1978 may be established; provided an individual may not receive benefits in a benefit year unless, subsequent to the beginning of the immediately preceding benefit year during which the individual received benefits, the individual performed service in "employment", as defined in Subsection F of Section 51-1-42 NMSA 1978, and earned remuneration for such service in an amount equal to at least five times the individual's weekly benefit amount.
- C. Benefits based on service in employment defined in Paragraph (8) of Subsection F of Section 51-1-42 and Section 51-1-43 NMSA 1978 are to be paid in the same amount, on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as compensation payable on the basis of other services subject to the Unemployment Compensation Law; except that:
- benefits based on services performed in an instructional, research or principal administrative capacity .187410B.3

for an educational institution shall not be paid for any week of unemployment commencing during the period between two successive academic years or terms or, when an agreement provides for a similar period between two regular but not successive terms, during such period or during a period of paid sabbatical leave provided for in the individual's contract, to any individual if the individual performs such services in the first of such academic years or terms and if there is a contract or a reasonable assurance that the individual will perform services in any such capacity for any educational institution in the second of such academic years or terms;

an educational institution other than in an instructional, research or principal administrative capacity shall not be paid for any week of unemployment commencing during a period between two successive academic years or terms if the services are performed in the first of such academic years or terms and there is a reasonable assurance that the individual will perform services for any educational institution in the second of such academic years or terms. If compensation is denied to an individual under this paragraph and the individual was not offered an opportunity to perform such services for the educational institution for the second of such academic years or terms, the individual shall be entitled to a retroactive payment of benefits for each week for which the individual

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filed a claim and certified for benefits in accordance with the rules of the division and for which benefits were denied solely by reason of this paragraph;

- benefits shall be denied to any individual (3) for any week that commences during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess if the individual performs any services described in Paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection in the period immediately before such period of vacation or holiday recess and there is a reasonable assurance that the individual will perform any such services in the period immediately following such vacation period or holiday recess;
- benefits shall not be payable on the basis of services specified in Paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection during the periods specified in Paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection to any individual who performed such services in or to or on behalf of an educational institution while in the employ of a state or local governmental educational service agency or other governmental entity or nonprofit organization; and
- for the purpose of this subsection, to the extent permitted by federal law, "reasonable assurance" means a reasonable expectation of employment in a similar capacity in the second of such academic years or terms based upon a consideration of all relevant factors, including the historical

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pattern of reemployment in such capacity, a reasonable anticipation that such employment will be available and a reasonable notice or understanding that the individual will be eligible for and offered employment in a similar capacity.

- Paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) of Subsection C of this section shall apply to services performed for all educational institutions, public or private, for profit or nonprofit, which are operated in this state or subject to an agreement for coverage under the Unemployment Compensation Law of this state, unless otherwise exempt by law.
- Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section or Section 51-1-7 NMSA 1978, no otherwise eligible individual is to be denied benefits for any week because the individual is in training [or attending school on a full-time basis] with the approval of the division nor is the individual to be denied benefits by reason of application of provisions in Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of this section or Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of Section 51-1-7 NMSA 1978 with respect to any week in which the individual is in training [or attending school on a full-time basis] with the approval of the division. The secretary shall provide, by rule, standards for approved training and the conditions for approving training for claimants, including any training approved or authorized for approval pursuant to Section 236(a)(1) and (2) of the federal Trade Act of 1974, as amended, or required to be approved as a

condition for certification of the state's Unemployment Compensation Law by the United States secretary of labor.

- F. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, benefits shall not be payable on the basis of services performed by an alien unless such alien is an individual who was lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time the services were performed, was lawfully present for the purposes of performing the services or was permanently residing in the United States under color of law at the time the services were performed, including an alien who was lawfully present in the United States as a result of the application of the provisions of Section 212(d)(5) of the <u>federal</u> Immigration and Nationality Act; provided that:
- (1) any information required of individuals applying for benefits to determine their eligibility for benefits under this subsection shall be uniformly required from all applicants for benefits; and
- (2) an individual shall not be denied benefits because of the individual's alien status except upon a preponderance of the evidence.
- G. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, benefits shall not be paid to any individual on the basis of any services substantially all of which consist of participating in sports or athletic events or training or preparing to so participate for any week that commences during .187410B.3

the period between two successive sport seasons, or similar periods, if the individual performed the services in the first of such seasons, or similar periods, and there is a reasonable assurance that the individual will perform the services in the latter of such seasons or similar periods.

H. Students who are enrolled in a full-time course schedule in an educational or training institution or program, other than those persons in an approved vocational training program in accordance with Subsection E of this section, shall not be eligible for unemployment benefits unless the individual can demonstrate to the division's satisfaction that the individual is able, available and actively seeking full- or part-time work in accordance with rules prescribed by the secretary.

[H+] I. As used in this subsection, "seasonal ski employee" means an employee who has not worked for a ski area operator for more than six consecutive months of the previous twelve months or nine of the previous twelve months. An employee of a ski area operator who has worked for a ski area operator for six consecutive months of the previous twelve months or nine of the previous twelve months or nine of the previous twelve months shall not be considered a seasonal ski employee. The following benefit eligibility conditions apply to a seasonal ski employee:

(1) except as provided in Paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, a seasonal ski employee employed by a .187410B.3

ski area operator on a regular seasonal basis shall be ineligible for a week of unemployment benefits that commences during a period between two successive ski seasons unless the individual establishes to the satisfaction of the secretary that the individual is available for and is making an active search for permanent full-time work;

- employed by a ski area operator during two successive ski seasons shall be presumed to be unavailable for permanent new work during a period after the second successive ski season that the individual was employed as a seasonal ski employee; and
- (3) the presumption described in Paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not arise as to any seasonal ski employee who has been employed by the same ski area operator during two successive ski seasons and has resided continuously for at least twelve successive months and continues to reside in the county in which the ski area facility is located.
- [1.] J. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an otherwise eligible individual shall not be denied benefits for any week by reason of the application of Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of this section because the individual is before any court of the United States or any state pursuant to a lawfully issued summons to appear for jury duty."
- **SECTION 5.** Section 51-1-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, .187410B.3

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Chapter 47, Section 10, as amended by Laws 2005, Chapter 3, Section 3 and further amended by Laws 2005, Chapter 255, Section 1) is amended to read:

"51-1-7. DISQUALIFICATION FOR BENEFITS.--

- An individual shall be disqualified for and shall not be eligible to receive benefits:
- if it is determined by the division that the individual left employment voluntarily without good cause in connection with the employment. No individual shall receive benefits until the division has contacted the former employer and determined whether the individual left the employment voluntarily; provided, however, that a person shall not be denied benefits under this paragraph:
- (a) solely on the basis of pregnancy or the termination of pregnancy;
- (b) because of domestic abuse evidenced by medical documentation, legal documentation or a sworn statement from the claimant; or
- (c) if the person voluntarily left work to relocate because of a spouse, who is in the military service of the United States or the New Mexico national guard, receiving permanent change of station orders, activation orders or unit deployment orders;
- if it is determined by the division that (2) the individual has been discharged for misconduct connected .187410B.3

with the individual's employment; or

- (3) if it is determined by the division that the individual has failed without good cause either to apply for available, suitable work when so directed or referred by the division or to accept suitable work when offered.
- B. In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual pursuant to Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of this section, the division shall consider the degree of risk involved to the individual's health, safety and morals, the individual's physical fitness, prior training, approved training, [or full-time school attendance] experience, prior earnings, length of unemployment and prospects for securing local work in the individual's customary occupation and the distance of available work from the individual's residence. Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Unemployment Compensation Law, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not be denied under the Unemployment Compensation Law to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions:
- (1) if the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike, lockout or other labor dispute;
- (2) if the wages, hours or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the

locality; or

(3) if, as a condition of being employed, the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organizations.

- C. An individual shall be disqualified for, and shall not be eligible to receive, benefits for any week with respect to which the division finds that the individual's unemployment is due to a labor dispute at the factory, establishment or other premises at which the individual is or was last employed; provided that this subsection shall not apply if it is shown to the satisfaction of the division that:
- (1) the individual is not participating in or directly interested in the labor dispute; and
- or class of workers of which, immediately before the commencement of the labor dispute, there were members employed at the premises at which the labor dispute occurs, any of whom are participating in or directly interested in the dispute; provided that if in any case separate branches of work that are commonly conducted in separate businesses in separate premises are conducted in separate departments of the same premises, each such department shall, for the purposes of this subsection, be deemed to be a separate factory, establishment or other premises.

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- D. An individual shall be disqualified for, and shall not be eligible to receive, benefits for any week with respect to which, or a part of which, the individual has received or is seeking, through any agency other than the division, unemployment benefits under an unemployment compensation law of another state or of the United States; provided that if the appropriate agency of such other state or of the United States finally determines that the individual is not entitled to such unemployment benefits, this disqualification shall not apply.
- A disqualification pursuant to Paragraph (1) or Ε. (2) of Subsection A of this section shall continue for the duration of the individual's unemployment and until the individual has earned wages in bona fide employment other than self-employment, as provided by rule of the secretary, in an amount equivalent to five times the individual's weekly benefit otherwise payable. A disqualification pursuant to Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of this section shall include the week the failure occurred and shall continue for the duration of the individual's unemployment and until the individual has earned wages in bona fide employment other than self-employment, as provided by rule of the secretary, in an amount equivalent to five times the individual's weekly benefit amount otherwise payable; provided that no more than one such disqualification shall be imposed upon an individual

for failure to apply for or accept the same position, or a similar position, with the same employer, except upon a determination by the division of disqualification pursuant to Subsection C of this section.

F. As used in this section:

- (1) "domestic abuse" means that term as defined in Section 40-13-2 NMSA 1978; and
- (2) "employment" means employment by the individual's last employer as defined by rules of the secretary."
- SECTION 6. Section 51-1-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 47, Section 11, as amended) is amended to read:

"51-1-11. FUTURE RATES BASED ON BENEFIT EXPERIENCE.--

- A. The division shall maintain a separate account for each contributing employer and shall credit the contributing employer's account with all contributions paid by that employer under the Unemployment Compensation Law.

 Nothing in the Unemployment Compensation Law shall be construed to grant an employer or individuals in the employer's service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by the employer into the fund.
- B. Benefits paid to an individual shall be charged against the accounts of the individual's base-period employers on a pro rata basis according to the proportion of the individual's total base-period wages received from each .187410B.3

employer, except that no benefits paid to a claimant as extended benefits under the provisions of Section 51-1-48 NMSA 1978 shall be charged to the account of any base-period employer who is not on a reimbursable basis and who is not a governmental entity and, except as the secretary shall by rule prescribe otherwise, in the case of benefits paid to an individual who:

- (1) left the employ of a base-period employer who is not on a reimbursable basis voluntarily without good cause in connection with the individual's employment;
- (2) was discharged from the employment of a base-period employer who is not on a reimbursable basis for misconduct connected with the individual's employment;
- (3) is employed part time by a base-period employer who is not on a reimbursable basis and who continues to furnish the individual the same part-time work while the individual is separated from full-time work for a nondisqualifying reason; or
- (4) received benefits based upon wages earned from a base-period employer who is not on a reimbursable basis while attending approved training [or school on a full-time basis] under the provisions of Subsection E of Section 51-1-5 NMSA 1978.
- C. The division shall not charge a contributing or .187410B.3

reimbursing base-period employer's account with any portion of benefit amounts that the division can bill to or recover from the federal government as either regular or extended benefits.

- D. The division shall not charge a contributing base-period employer's account with any portion of benefits paid to an individual for dependent allowance or because the individual to whom benefits are paid:
- (1) separated from employment due to domestic abuse, as "domestic abuse" is defined in Section 40-13-2 NMSA 1978; or

[(2) is enrolled in approved training or is attending school on a full-time basis; or

(3) (2) voluntarily left work to relocate because of a spouse, who is in the military service of the United States or the New Mexico national guard, receiving permanent change of station orders, activation orders or unit deployment orders.

- E. All contributions to the fund shall be pooled and available to pay benefits to any individual entitled thereto, irrespective of the source of the contributions.
- F. For each calendar year, if, as of the computation date for that year, an employer's account has been chargeable with benefits throughout the preceding thirty-six months, the secretary shall classify the employer in accordance with its actual experience of benefits charged

against its accounts. For such an employer, the contribution rate shall be determined pursuant to Subsection I of this section on the basis of the employer's record and the condition of the fund as of the computation date for the calendar year. If, as of the computation date for a calendar year, an employer's account has not been chargeable with benefits throughout the preceding thirty-six months, the contribution rate for that employer for the calendar year shall be two percent, except that:

- employing unit that acquires all or part of the trade or business of another employing unit, pursuant to Paragraphs (2) and (3) of Subsection E of Section 51-1-42 NMSA 1978, that has a rate of contribution less than two percent shall be entitled to the transfer of the reduced rate to the extent permitted under Subsection H of this section;
- establishing an account, is in business in another state or states and that is not currently doing business in New Mexico may elect, pursuant to Paragraph (3) of this subsection, to receive a beginning contribution rate of two percent or a contribution rate based on the current contribution rate schedule in Paragraph (4) of Subsection I of this section, whichever is lower, if:
 - (a) the employer has been in operation

in the other state or states for at least three years immediately preceding the date of becoming a liable employer in New Mexico, throughout which an individual in the employer's employ could have received benefits if eligible; and

- (b) the employer provides the authenticated account history as defined by rule of the secretary from information accumulated from operations in the other state or all the other states to compute a current New Mexico rate; and
- of this subsection shall be made in writing within thirty days after receiving notice of New Mexico liability and, if not made timely, a two percent rate will be assigned; if the election is made timely, the employer's account will receive the lesser of the computed rate determined by the condition of the account for the computation date immediately preceding the New Mexico liable date, or two percent; rates for subsequent years will be determined by the condition of the account for the computation date.
- G. An employer may make voluntary payments in addition to the contributions required under the Unemployment Compensation Law, which shall be credited to the employer's account in accordance with department rule. The voluntary payments shall be included in the employer's account as of the .187410B.3

employer's most recent computation date if they are made on or before the following March 1. Voluntary payments when accepted from an employer shall not be refunded in whole or in part.

- H. In the case of a transfer of an employing enterprise, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the experience history of the transferred enterprise shall be transferred from the predecessor employer to the successor under the following conditions and in accordance with the applicable rules of the secretary:
 - (1) as used in this subsection:
- (a) "employing enterprise" means a business activity engaged in by a contributing employing unit in which one or more persons have been employed within the current or the three preceding calendar quarters. An "employing enterprise" includes the employer's work force;
- (b) "predecessor" means the owner and operator of an employing enterprise immediately prior to the transfer of such enterprise;
- (c) "successor" means any person that acquires an employing enterprise and continues to operate such business entity;
- (d) "experience history" means the experience rating record and reserve account, including the actual contributions, benefit charges and payroll experience .187410B.3

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of the employing enterprise;

(e) "common ownership" means that two or more businesses are substantially owned, managed or controlled by the same person or persons;

- (f) "knowingly" means having actual knowledge of or acting with deliberate ignorance of or reckless disregard for the prohibition involved; and
- (g) "violates or attempts to violate"
 includes an intent to evade, a misrepresentation or a willful
 nondisclosure;
- (2) except as otherwise provided in this subsection, for the purpose of this subsection, two or more employers who are parties to or the subject of any transaction involving the transfer of an employing enterprise shall be deemed to be a single employer and the experience history of the employing enterprise shall be transferred to the successor employer if the successor employer has acquired by the transaction all of the business enterprises of the predecessor; provided that:
- (a) all contributions, interest and penalties due from the predecessor employer have been paid;
- (b) notice of the transfer has been given in accordance with the rules of the secretary during the calendar year of the transaction transferring the employing enterprise or the date of the actual transfer of control and

operation of the employing enterprise;

division of the acquisition on or before the due date of the successor's first wage and contribution report. If the successor employer fails to notify the division of the acquisition within this time limit, the division, when it receives actual notice, shall effect the transfer of the experience history and applicable rate of contribution retroactively to the date of the acquisition, and the successor shall pay a penalty of fifty dollars (\$50.00); and

(d) where the transaction involves only a merger, consolidation or other form of reorganization without a substantial change in the ownership and controlling interest of the business entity, as determined by the secretary, the limitations on transfers stated in Subparagraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this paragraph shall not apply. A party to a merger, consolidation or other form of reorganization described in this subparagraph shall not be relieved of liability for any contributions, interest or penalties due and owing from the employing enterprise at the time of the merger, consolidation or other form of reorganization;

(3) the applicable experience history may be transferred to the successor in the case of a partial transfer of an employing enterprise if the successor has acquired one .187410B.3

or more of the several employing enterprises of a predecessor but not all of the employing enterprises of the predecessor and each employing enterprise so acquired was operated by the predecessor as a separate store, factory, shop or other separate employing enterprise and the predecessor, throughout the entire period of the contribution with liability applicable to each enterprise transferred, has maintained and preserved payroll records that, together with records of contribution liability and benefit chargeability, can be separated by the parties from the enterprises retained by the predecessor to the satisfaction of the secretary or the secretary's delegate. A partial experience history transfer will be made only if the successor:

(a) notifies the division of the acquisition, in writing, not later than the due date of the successor's first quarterly wage and contribution report after the effective date of the acquisition;

(b) files an application provided by the division that contains the endorsement of the predecessor within thirty days from the delivery or mailing of such application by the division to the successor's last known address; and

(c) files with the application a Form ES-903A or its equivalent with a schedule of the name and social security number of and the wages paid to and the .187410B.3

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contributions paid for each employee for the three and onehalf year period preceding the computation date as defined in Subparagraph (d) of Paragraph (3) of Subsection I of this section through the date of transfer or such lesser period as the enterprises transferred may have been in operation. application and Form ES-903A shall be supported by the predecessor's permanent employment records, which shall be available for audit by the division. The application and Form ES-903A shall be reviewed by the division and, upon approval, the percentage of the predecessor's experience history attributable to the enterprises transferred shall be transferred to the successor. The percentage shall be obtained by dividing the taxable payrolls of the transferred enterprises for such three and one-half year period preceding the date of computation or such lesser period as the enterprises transferred may have been in operation by the predecessor's entire payroll;

employing enterprise in whole or in part, both the predecessor and the successor are under common ownership, then the experience history attributable to the transferred business shall also be transferred to and combined with the experience history attributable to the successor employer. The rates of both employers shall be recalculated and made effective immediately upon the date of the transfer;

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| 2 | an employer, acquires the trade or business of an employing |
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| 3 | enterprise, the experience history of the acquired business |
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| 4 | shall not be transferred to the successor if the secretary or |
| 5 | the secretary's designee finds that the successor acquired the |
| 6 | business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a |
| 7 | lower rate of contributions. Instead, the successor shall be |
| 8 | assigned the applicable new employer rate pursuant to this |
| 9 | section. In determining whether the business was acquired |
| 10 | solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate |
| 11 | of contribution, the secretary or the secretary's designee |
| 12 | shall consider: |
| 13 | (a) the cost of acquiring the business; |
| 14 | (b) whether the person continued the |
| 15 | business enterprise of the acquired business; |
| 16 | (c) how long such business enterprise |
| 17 | was continued; and |
| 18 | (d) whether a substantial number of new |
| 19 | employees were hired for performance of duties unrelated to |
| 20 | those that the business activity conducted prior to |
| 21 | acquisition; |
| 22 | (6) if, following a transfer of experience |
| 23 | history pursuant to this subsection, the department determines |

(5)

whenever a person, who is not currently

that a substantial purpose of the transfer of the employing

enterprise was to obtain a reduced liability for

contributions, then the experience rating accounts of the employers involved shall be combined into a single account and a single rate assigned to the combined account;

- (7) the secretary shall adopt such rules as are necessary to interpret and carry out the provisions of this subsection, including rules that:
- (a) describe how experience history is to be transferred; and
- (b) establish procedures to identify the type of transfer or acquisition of an employing enterprise; and
- attempts to violate a rule adopted pursuant to Paragraph (7) of this subsection, who transfers or acquires, or attempts to transfer or acquire, an employing enterprise for the sole or primary purpose of obtaining a reduced liability for contributions or who knowingly advises another person to violate a rule adopted pursuant to Paragraph (7) of this subsection or to transfer or acquire an employing enterprise for the sole or primary purpose of obtaining a reduced liability for contributions is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) or more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) or, if an individual, by imprisonment for a definite term not to exceed ninety days or both. In addition, such a

person shall be subject to the following civil penalty imposed by the secretary:

(a) if the person is an employer, the person shall be assigned the highest contribution rate established by the provisions of this section for the calendar year in which the violation occurs and the three subsequent calendar years; provided that, if the difference between the increased penalty rate and the rate otherwise applicable would be less than two percent of the employer's payroll, the contribution rate shall be increased by two percent of the employer's payroll for the calendar year in which the violation occurs and the three subsequent calendar years; or

- (b) if the person is not an employer, the secretary may impose a civil penalty not to exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000).
- I. For each calendar year, if, as of the computation date for that year, an employer's account has been chargeable with benefits throughout the preceding thirty-six months, the contribution rate for that employer shall be determined as follows:
- (1) the total assets in the fund and the total of the last annual payrolls of all employers subject to contributions as of the computation date for each year shall be determined. These annual totals are here called "the fund" and "total payrolls". For each year, the "reserve" of each

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| employer shall be fixed by the excess of the employer's total |
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| contributions over total benefit charges computed as a |
| percentage of the employer's average payroll reported for |
| contributions. The determination of each employer's annual |
| rate, computed as of the computation date for each calendar |
| year, shall be made by matching the employer's reserve as |
| shown in the reserve column with the corresponding rate in the |
| rate column of the applicable rate schedule of the table |
| provided in Paragraph (4) $[or (5)]$ of this subsection; |

- (2) for each calendar year after [2011] 2013, except as otherwise provided, each employer's rate shall be the corresponding rate in:
- (a) Contribution Schedule 0 of the table provided in Paragraph (4) of this subsection if the fund equals at least two and three-tenths percent of the total payrolls;
- (b) Contribution Schedule 1 of the table provided in Paragraph (4) of this subsection if the fund equals less than two and three-tenths percent but not less than one and seven-tenths percent of the total payrolls;
- (c) Contribution Schedule 2 of the table provided in Paragraph (4) of this subsection if the fund equals less than one and seven-tenths percent but not less than one and three-tenths percent of the total payrolls;
 - (d) Contribution Schedule 3 of the

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| table provided in Paragraph (4) of this subsection if the fund |
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| equals less than one and three-tenths percent but not less |
| than one percent of the total payrolls; |

- (e) Contribution Schedule 4 of the table provided in Paragraph (4) of this subsection if the fund equals less than one percent but not less than seven-tenths percent of the total payrolls;
- (f) Contribution Schedule 5 of the table provided in Paragraph (4) of this subsection if the fund equals less than seven-tenths percent but not less than threetenths percent of the total payrolls; or
- (g) Contribution Schedule 6 of the table provided in Paragraph (4) of this subsection if the fund equals less than three-tenths percent of the total payrolls;
 - (3) as used in this section:
- (a) "annual payroll" means the total amount of remuneration from an employer for employment during a twelve-month period ending on a computation date, and "average payroll" means the average of the last three annual payrolls;
- (b) "base-period wages" means the wages of an individual for insured work during the individual's base period on the basis of which the individual's benefit rights were determined;
 - (c) "base-period employers" means the

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employers of an individual during the individual's base period; and

(d) "computation date" for each calendar year means the close of business on June 30 of the preceding calendar year;

(4) table of employer reserves and contribution rate schedules:

| 8 | Employer | Contribution | Contribution | Contribution | Contribution |
|----|-----------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| 9 | Reserve | Schedule 0 | Schedule 1 | Schedule 2 | Schedule 3 |
| 10 | 10.0% and over | 0.03% | 0.05% | 0.1% | 0.6% |
| 11 | 9.0%-9.9% | 0.06% | 0.1% | 0.2% | 0.9% |
| 12 | 8.0%-8.9% | 0.09% | 0.2% | 0.4% | 1.2% |
| 13 | 7.0%-7.9% | 0.10% | 0.4% | 0.6% | 1.5% |
| 14 | 6.0%-6.9% | 0.30% | 0.6% | 0.8% | 1.8% |
| 15 | 5.0%-5.9% | 0.50% | 0.8% | 1.1% | 2.1% |
| 16 | 4.0%-4.9% | 0.80% | 1.1% | 1.4% | 2.4% |
| 17 | 3.0%-3.9% | 1.20% | 1.4% | 1.7% | 2.7% |
| 18 | 2.0%-2.9% | 1.50% | 1.7% | 2.0% | 3.0% |
| 19 | 1.0%-1.9% | 1.80% | 2.0% | 2.4% | 3.3% |
| 20 | 0.9%-0.0% | 2.40% | 2.4% | 3.3% | 3.6% |
| 21 | (-0.1%)-(-0.5%) | 3.30% | 3.3% | 3.6% | 3.9% |
| 22 | (-0.5%)-(-1.0%) | 4.20% | 4.2% | 4.2% | 4.2% |
| 23 | (-1.0%)-(-2.0%) | 5.00% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% |
| 24 | Under (-2.0%) | 5.40% | 5.4% | 5.4% | 5.4% |
| 25 | Employer | Contribution | Contributio | on Contributi | Lon |

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| 1 | Reserve | Schedule 4 | Schedule 5 | Schedule 6 |
|----|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 2 | 10.0% and over | 0.9% | 1.2% | 2.7% |
| 3 | 9.0%-9.9% | 1.2% | 1.5% | 2.7% |
| 4 | 8.0%-8.9% | 1.5% | 1.8% | 2.7% |
| 5 | 7.0%-7.9% | 1.8% | 2.1% | 2.7% |
| 6 | 6.0%-6.9% | 2.1% | 2.4% | 2.7% |
| 7 | 5.0%-5.9% | 2.4% | 2.7% | 3.0% |
| 8 | 4.0%-4.9% | 2.7% | 3.0% | 3.3% |
| 9 | 3.0%-3.9% | 3.0% | 3.3% | 3.6% |
| 10 | 2.0%-2.9% | 3.3% | 3.6% | 3.9% |
| 11 | 1.0%-1.9% | 3.6% | 3.9% | 4.2% |
| 12 | 0.9%-0.0% | 3.9% | 4.2% | 4.5% |
| 13 | (-0.1%)-(-0.5%) | 4.2% | 4.5% | 4.8% |
| 14 | (-0.5%)-(-1.0%) | 4.5% | 4.8% | 5.1% |
| 15 | (-1.0%)-(-2.0%) | 5.0% | 5.1% | 5.3% |
| 16 | Under (-2.0%) | 5.4% | 5.4% | 5.4%; |
| 17 | | (5) [from July | 1, 2010 through | December 31, |

2010, each employer making contributions pursuant to this subsection shall make a contribution at the rate specified in Contribution Schedule 0; and

(6) from January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011, each employer making contributions pursuant to this subsection shall make a contribution at the rate specified in Contribution Schedule 1; and

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(6) from January 1, 2012 through December

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31, 2013, each employer making contributions pursuant to this subsection shall make a contribution at the rate specified in Contribution Schedule 2; provided that the secretary, with the approval of the governor, may increase the contribution rate to the rate specified in Contribution Schedule 3 from January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013, if, as of June 30, 2012, the total assets of the unemployment compensation fund are less than or equal to thirty percent of the total amount of benefits paid in calendar year 2011.

The division shall promptly notify each employer of the employer's rate of contributions as determined for any calendar year pursuant to this section. notification shall include the amount determined as the employer's average payroll, the total of all of the employer's contributions paid on the employer's behalf and credited to the employer's account for all past years and total benefits charged to the employer's account for all such years. determination shall become conclusive and binding upon the employer unless, within thirty days after the mailing of notice thereof to the employer's last known address or in the absence of mailing, within thirty days after the delivery of such notice, the employer files an application for review and redetermination, setting forth the employer's reason therefor. The employer shall be granted an opportunity for a fair hearing in accordance with rules prescribed by the secretary,

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but an employer shall not have standing, in any proceeding involving the employer's rate of contributions or contribution liability, to contest the chargeability to the employer's account of any benefits paid in accordance with a determination, redetermination or decision pursuant to Section 51-1-8 NMSA 1978, except upon the ground that the services on the basis of which such benefits were found to be chargeable did not constitute services performed in employment for the employer and only in the event that the employer was not a party to such determination, redetermination or decision, or to any other proceedings under the Unemployment Compensation Law in which the character of such services was determined. The employer shall be promptly notified of the decision on the employer's application for redetermination, which shall become final unless, within fifteen days after the mailing of notice thereof to the employer's last known address or in the absence of mailing, within fifteen days after the delivery of such notice, further appeal is initiated pursuant to Subsection D of Section 51-1-8 NMSA 1978.

K. The division shall provide each contributing employer, within ninety days of the end of each calendar quarter, a written determination of benefits chargeable to the employer's account. Such determination shall become conclusive and binding upon the employer for all purposes unless, within thirty days after the mailing of the

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determination to the employer's last known address or in the absence of mailing, within thirty days after the delivery of such determination, the employer files an application for review and redetermination, setting forth the employer's reason therefor. The employer shall be granted an opportunity for a fair hearing in accordance with rules prescribed by the secretary, but an employer shall not have standing in any proceeding involving the employer's contribution liability to contest the chargeability to the employer's account of any benefits paid in accordance with a determination, redetermination or decision pursuant to Section 51-1-8 NMSA 1978, except upon the ground that the services on the basis of which such benefits were found to be chargeable did not constitute services performed in employment for the employer and only in the event that the employer was not a party to such determination, redetermination or decision, or to any other proceedings under the Unemployment Compensation Law in which the character of such services was determined. employer shall be promptly notified of the decision on the employer's application for redetermination, which shall become final unless, within fifteen days after the mailing of notice thereof to the employer's last known address or in the absence of mailing, within fifteen days after the delivery of such notice, further appeal is initiated pursuant to Subsection D of Section 51-1-8 NMSA 1978.

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L. The contributions, together with interest and penalties thereon imposed by the Unemployment Compensation Law, shall not be assessed nor shall action to collect the same be commenced more than four years after a report showing the amount of the contributions was due. In the case of a false or fraudulent contribution report with intent to evade contributions or a willful failure to file a report of all contributions due, the contributions, together with interest and penalties thereon, may be assessed or an action to collect such contributions may be begun at any time. Before the expiration of such period of limitation, the employer and the secretary may agree in writing to an extension thereof and the period so agreed on may be extended by subsequent agreements in writing. In any case where the assessment has been made and action to collect has been commenced within four years of the due date of any contribution, interest or penalty, including the filing of a warrant of lien by the secretary pursuant to Section 51-1-36 NMSA 1978, such action shall not be subject to any period of limitation.

M. The secretary shall correct any error in the determination of an employer's rate of contribution during the calendar year to which the erroneous rate applies, notwithstanding that notification of the employer's rate of contribution may have been issued and contributions paid pursuant to the notification. Upon issuance by the division

of a corrected rate of contribution, the employer shall have the same rights to review and redetermination as provided in Subsection J of this section.

N. Any interest required to be paid on advances to this state's unemployment compensation fund under Title 12 of the Social Security Act shall be paid in a timely manner as required under Section 1202 of Title 12 of the Social Security Act and shall not be paid, directly or indirectly, by the state from amounts in the state's unemployment compensation fund."

SECTION 7. Section 51-1-48 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 209, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

"51-1-48. DEFINITIONS--EXTENDED BENEFITS.--

A. As used in this section, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, "extended benefit period" means a period that:

- (1) begins with the third week after a week for which there is a state "on indicator";
- (2) ends with either of the following weeks, whichever occurs later:
- (a) the third week after the first week for which there is a state "off indicator"; or
- (b) the thirteenth consecutive week of such period; and
- (3) does not begin by reason of a state "on .187410B.3

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indicator" before the fourteenth week following the end of a prior extended benefit period that was in effect with respect to this state.

- There is a state "on indicator" for this state for a week if the rate of insured unemployment not seasonally adjusted under this section for the period consisting of that week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks:
- equaled or exceeded one hundred twenty percent of the average of the rates for the corresponding thirteen-week period ending in each of the preceding two calendar years; and
 - (2) equaled or exceeded five percent; or
- equaled or exceeded six percent, (3) regardless of the rate of insured unemployment in the two previous years; provided that the operation of this paragraph shall not activate the state "on indicator" any time after four weeks prior to the last week for which one hundred percent federal sharing funding is available under Section 2005(a) of Public Law No. 111-5, without regard to the extension of federal sharing for certain claims as provided under Section 2005(c) of that law; or
- (4) with respect to benefits for weeks of unemployment beginning after July 1, 2003 and ending four weeks prior to the last week for which one hundred percent federal sharing funding is available under Section 2005(a) of .187410B.3

Public Law No. 111-5, without regard to the extension of federal sharing for certain claims as provided under Section 2005(c) of that law:

(a) the average rate of total unemployment, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the period consisting of the most recent three months for which data for all states are published before the close of such week equals or exceeds six and one-half percent; and

(b) the average rate of total unemployment in this state, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the three-month period referred to in Subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, equals or exceeds one hundred ten percent of such average: 1) for either or both of the corresponding three-month periods ending in the two preceding calendar years; or 2) for weeks of unemployment beginning after December 17, 2010 and ending before December 31, 2011, for any or all of the corresponding three-month periods ending in the three preceding calendar years.

C. There is a state "off indicator" for this state for a week only if, for the period consisting of that week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks, none of the options specified in Subsection B of this section result in a state "on indicator".

- D. Except as provided in Subsection E of this section, the total extended benefit amount payable to an eligible individual with respect to the applicable benefit year shall be the least of the following amounts:
- (1) fifty percent of the total amount of regular benefits that were payable to the individual pursuant to this section in the individual's applicable benefit year;
- (2) thirteen times the individual's average weekly benefit amount that was payable to the individual pursuant to this section for a week of total unemployment in the applicable benefit year; or
- average weekly benefit amount that was payable to the individual pursuant to this section for a week of total unemployment in the applicable benefit year, reduced by the total amount of regular benefits that were paid, or deemed paid, to the individual pursuant to this section with respect to the benefit year; provided that the amount determined pursuant to this paragraph shall be reduced by the total amount of additional benefits paid, or deemed paid, to the individual under the provisions of this section for weeks of unemployment in the individual's benefit year that began prior to the effective date of the extended benefit period that is current in the week for which the individual first claims extended benefits; and provided further, if the benefit year

of the individual ends within an extended benefit period, the remaining balance of the extended benefits that the individual would, but for this paragraph, be entitled to receive in that extended benefit period, with respect to weeks of unemployment beginning after the end of the benefit year, shall be reduced, but not below zero, by the product of the number of weeks for which the individual received any amounts as readjustment allowances within that benefit year multiplied by the individual weekly benefit amount for extended benefits.

- E. Effective with respect to weeks beginning in a high-unemployment period, the total extended benefit amount payable to an eligible individual with respect to the applicable benefit year shall be the least of the following amounts:
- (1) eighty percent of the total amount of regular benefits that were payable to the individual pursuant to this section in the individual's applicable benefit year;
- (2) twenty times the individual's average weekly benefit amount that was payable to the individual pursuant to this section for a week of total unemployment in the applicable benefit year; or
- (3) forty-six times the individual's average weekly benefit amount that was payable to the individual pursuant to this section for a week of total unemployment in the applicable benefit year reduced by the total amount of .187410B.3

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regular benefits that were paid, or deemed paid, to the individual pursuant to this section with respect to the benefit year; provided that the amount determined pursuant to this paragraph shall be reduced by the total amount of additional benefits paid, or deemed paid, to the individual under the provisions of this section for weeks of unemployment in the individual's benefit year that began prior to the effective date of the extended benefit period that is current in the week for which the individual first claims extended benefits; and provided further, if the benefit year of an individual ends within an extended benefit period, the remaining balance of the extended benefits that the individual would, but for this paragraph, be entitled to receive in that extended benefit period, with respect to weeks of unemployment beginning after the end of the benefit year, shall be reduced, but not below zero, by the product of the number of weeks for which the individual received any amounts as readjustment allowances within that benefit year multiplied by the individual weekly benefit amount for extended benefits.

- F. For purposes of Subsection E of this section,
 "high-unemployment period" means a period during which an
 extended benefit period would be in effect if Paragraph (4) of
 Subsection B of this section were applied by substituting
 "eight percent" for "six and one-half percent".
- G. A benefit paid to an individual pursuant to .187410B.3

this section shall be charged pursuant to Subsection B of Section 51-1-11 NMSA 1978.

H. As used in this section:

- (1) "rate of insured unemployment" means the percentage derived by dividing:
- (a) the average weekly number of individuals filing claims for regular benefits in this state for weeks of unemployment with respect to the most recent thirteen-consecutive-week period, as determined by the secretary on the basis of [his] the secretary's reports to the United States secretary of labor; by
- (b) the average monthly employment covered under the Unemployment Compensation Law for the first four of the most recent six completed calendar quarters ending before the end of such thirteen-week period;
- (2) "regular benefits" means benefits

 payable to an individual under the Unemployment Compensation

 Law or under any other state law, including benefits payable

 to federal civilian employees and to ex-servicemen pursuant to

 5 U.S.C., Chapter 85, other than extended benefits;
- (3) "extended benefits" means benefits, including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and to ex-servicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C., Chapter 85, payable to an individual under the provisions of this section for weeks of unemployment in the individual's eligibility period;

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- (4) "eligibility period" of an individual means the period consisting of the weeks in the individual's benefit year that begin in an extended benefit period and, if the individual's benefit year ends within such extended benefit period, any weeks thereafter that begin in such period;
- (5) "exhaustee" means an individual who, with respect to any week of unemployment in the individual's eligibility period:
- (a) has received, prior to such week, all of the regular benefits that were available to the individual under the Unemployment Compensation Law or any other state law, including dependent's allowance and benefits payable to federal civilian employees and ex-servicemen under 5 U.S.C., Chapter 85, in the individual's current benefit year that includes such week; provided that, for the purposes of this subparagraph, an individual shall be deemed to have received all of the regular benefits that were available to the individual, although, as a result of a pending appeal with respect to wages that were not considered in the original monetary determination in the individual's benefit year, the individual may subsequently be determined to be entitled to added regular benefits; or
- (b) if the individual's benefit year has expired prior to such week, has no, or insufficient, wages .187410B.3

on the basis of which the individual could establish a new benefit year that would include such week; and

benefits or allowances, as the case may be, under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, the Trade Act of 1974, the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965 and such other federal laws as are specified in regulations issued by the United States secretary of labor; and has not received and is not seeking unemployment benefits under the unemployment compensation law of Canada, but if the individual is seeking such benefits and the appropriate agency finally determines that the individual is not entitled to benefits under such law, the individual is considered an exhaustee; and

(6) "state law" means the unemployment insurance law of any state, approved by the United States secretary of labor under Section 3304 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986."

SECTION 8. TEMPORARY PROVISION--APPLICABILITY OF ACT.-The amendments to the Unemployment Compensation Law made in
Sections 3, 4 and 5 of this act and the amendments to
Subsections B and D of Section 51-1-11 NMSA 1978 in Section 6
of this act shall apply to benefit years beginning on or after
January 1, 2012.

SECTION 9. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the .187410B.3

provisions of this act is January 1, 2012.

SECTION 10. EMERGENCY.--It is necessary for the public peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.

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