Fiscal impact reports (FIRs) are prepared by the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC) for standing finance committees of the NM Legislature. The LFC does not assume responsibility for the accuracy of these reports if they are used for other purposes.

Current and previously issued FIRs are available on the NM Legislative Website (www.nmlegis.gov) and may also be obtained from the LFC in Suite 101 of the State Capitol Building North.

FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

SPONSOR	Payne	ORIGINAL DATE LAST UPDATED	02/09/14 HB	
SHORT TITI	LE Lottery Tuition Fu	nd Solvency	SB	379
			ANALYST	Chavez

ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL OPERATING BUDGET IMPACT (dollars in thousands)

	FY14	FY15	FY16	3 Year Total Cost	Recurring or Nonrecurring	Fund Affected
Total		Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Recurring	Institutional Operating Budgets
		(\$100.0)	(\$100.0)	(\$200.0)	Recurring	HED/General Fund

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

Relates to HB 2, HB 145, HB 254, HB 263, HB 348, SB 141, SB 146, SB 150, SB 327 (See attachment)

Relates to Appropriation in the General Appropriation Act

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

LFC Files

Responses Received From
Central New Mexico Community College (CNM)
New Mexico Lottery Authority (NMLA)

SUMMARY

Synopsis of Bill

Senate Bill 379 creates the Legislative Lottery Scholarship Act and establishes a process for allocating available money in the lottery tuition fund to award scholarships to qualified students. In the bill, the Higher Education Department would, by May 1st, determine the amount of many available for lottery tuition scholarships. The department would then, in consultation with institutions, establish by rule an equitable distribution to each public post-secondary institution by August 1st of each year and distribute the money by August 15th.

The governing body of each institution would then determine how many legislative lottery scholarships it may award to its qualified students.

Senate Bill 379 – Page 2

A "qualified student" is one who meets the eligibility requirements under the act and department rules, who graduated with a diploma from a public or accredited private New Mexico high school or received a high school equivalency credential in New Mexico and who either:

- (1) Immediately upon graduation or receipt of the credential was accepted for entrance to and attended a public post-secondary educational institution; or
- (2) Within 120 days of graduation or receipt of the credential began service in the United States armed forces and within one year of completion of honorable service or medical discharge attended a post-secondary educational institution.

The bill does not contain any reporting requirements for HED

The bill does not contain an appropriation.

The bill declares an emergency.

The bill repeals Sections 21-1-4.3, 21-1-4.4, and 21-16-10.1 NMSA 1978. (Check on statute)

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

SB 379 would distribute available lottery tuition fund money to institutions, and the institutions would have the responsibility of determining how they wish to spend the lottery tuition fund. Under the bill, the Legislative Lottery Scholarship would be solvent because all available money would be allocated at the beginning of the year, and institutions would be able to choose how to award the money. However, there is no way to determine how the lottery tuition fund money would be spent.

LFC staff estimate HED and institutions will likely incur additional operational costs to administer this program.

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

The LLSP relies on revenues from lottery ticket sales and prior year fund balance to meet annual scholarship expenses. During the last few fiscal years, lottery scholarship expenses have increased steadily, \$53.3 million in FY11, \$58.2 million in FY12, \$61.9 million in FY13, and a projected \$67.5 million in FY14. As forecasted by the Legislature and executive branch, the LLSP will deplete all remaining fund balances in FY14 unless supplemental funding is provided. Lottery revenues are expected to remain flat and insufficient to meet the full cost of funding tuition for all eligible students in FY14. Since scholarship expenditures cannot exceed available revenues, significant changes are required to maintain program solvency. Section 21-1-4.4 NMSA 1978 mandates HED to reduce award amounts by a department-determined percentage if expenditures would be greater than revenues.

The lottery solution as presented in this bill requires institutions to come to an agreement over how lottery funds will be distributed among them.

PERFORMANCE IMPLICATIONS

This bill does not contain performance measures or other accountability measures for institutions as they decide on award parameters and distribute awards.

It may be difficult for students to transfer from one institution to another when institutions have different award plans in place.

ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS

CNM notes that most higher education institutions award aid for student by March 1 for the following fall term. HED is required to determine the level of funding available for the following year by May 1, and the amount allocated to each institution is not available until August 1st. This is too late for institutions to consider the lottery scholarship along with other grants and aid.

There are no performance measures or other accountability measures to ensure institutions spend the lottery tuition fund money on scholarships and not for other purposes. HED would have to find a system by which the fund money could be tracked and accounted for.

RELATIONSHIP

See Attachment 1 for related lottery bills.

ALTERNATIVES

Have HED establish rules with guidelines for how institutions must distribute awards.

POSSIBLE QUESTIONS

- Would a student have difficulty transferring from one school to another, especially from a two-year school and four-year school, with different lottery scholarship programs at each school?
- Would having a different lottery scholarship at each institution create an administrative burden for HED?
- Is August 1st too late of a deadline for students and institutions to find out what their scholarship for the coming year will be?
- Would institutions have a difficult time collaborating with the department to determine an equitable division of the lottery tuition fund? If no agreement were reached, how would the money be distributed?
- What accountability measures does the bill put in place to ensure that institutions spend the money on lottery tuition scholarships and not other purposes?

Legislative Lottery Scholarship Program: Proposed Legislation in 2014 Session

Bill Number		Lottery Program Changes					FY15 Funding			1	
	GPA?	Full Time?	Number of Semesters	Financial Need?	Award Changes	Legacy Provision?	Solvent?	Appropriation?	Sanding Required?	Emerg. Clause?	Other Changes
HB 145 (Taylor)	2.5	12 SCH	8	No	None	No	No	None	Yes	No	Adds eligibility for dependents of military on active duty outside of NM
HB 254 (Smith, JE)	2.5-3.25	12 SCH	7	Yes	Level of award based on GPA and financial need	Yes - 3 or more semesters by FY15 (unfunded)	Yes	None	Possibly	Yes	Requires application and FAFSA; unfunded legacy provision
HB 263 (Harper)	2.5	12 SCH	7	No	Flat award determined by HED; one award for all institution types, capped at tuition.	No	Yes	None	No	Yes	None
HB 348 (Baldonado)	2.5	12 SCH	7	No	No change to amount; waiver instead of scholarship	Unclear	No	None	Yes	Yes	Scholarship to loan program; students must repay the waiver if they fail to get a degree.
SB 141 (Candelaria)	2.5	12 SCH	8	No	Limits tuition payments to tuition amount of qualifying semester	Unclear	No	None	Yes	No	None
SB 146	2.0	15 SCH for all higher- ed		110	Limits tuition rates; award amount equals the tuition rate of	o nerem	110	110116	165	110	Tone
(Ingle)	2.5	students	8	No	qualifying semester	Unclear	No	None \$8 million	Yes	No	None
SB 150	2.75	15 SCH for 4- year inst; 12 CH for 2-year inst.	7	No	Flat awards based on	Yes - 3 or more semesters by FY15	Yes	recurring; \$2.9 million for legacy students	M.	V	None
(Smith) SB 302	2.73	101 2-year first.	1	NO	type of institution	(unfunded)	Yes for FY15; not solvent in the long-term without	\$3 million monthly	No	Yes	Repeals the capital gains deduction from net income and appropriates a portion
(Sanchez)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	program changes.	through FY18	No	No	of savings to the LLSP
SB 303 (Sanchez)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes for FY15; not solvent in the long-term without program changes.	\$35 million annually	No	No	Raises motor vehicle excise tax and gives 20 percent of proceeds to the LLSP
SB 327 (Sapien)	2.5	12 SCH	7 at four-year inst.; 4 at two-year inst. + 4 at four-year inst.	No	Award amount based on type of institution and # of semesters w/ scholarship	Yes - 3 or more semesters by FY15	Yes	None	Possibly	Yes	Requires scholarship application and FAFSA; unfunded legacy provision
SB 379 (Payne)	Institutional decision	Institutional decision	Institutional decision	Institutional decision	Institutional decision	Institutional decision	Yes	None	Possibly	Inst. decision	HED distributes agreed- upon amount to institutions by Aug 15; institutions establish criteria.

*SCH =Student Credit Hour Source: LFC Files