SENATE BILL 146

52ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2015

INTRODUCED BY

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AN ACT

RELATING TO MINING; CHANGING EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR MINING ACCIDENTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 69-5-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933, Chapter 153, Section 23, as amended) is amended to read:

"69-5-17. FATAL AND SERIOUS MINE ACCIDENTS--

ASSISTANCE--INVESTIGATION--NOTIFICATION--CIVIL PENALTY.--

A. The state mine inspector shall proceed immediately upon notification to the site of any mine accident causing the loss of life or requiring activation of a mine rescue team and shall assist in the rescue of persons within the mine. The state mine inspector shall participate in the accident investigation with any other federal, state and local agency and company representatives.

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- B. Whenever an accident occurs in or about a mine or the machinery connected to a mine, the operator of the mine shall give notice within thirty minutes of ascertaining the occurrence of the accident to the mine accident emergency operations center at the statewide telephone number established by the state mine inspector stating the particulars of the accident.

 C. Nothing in this section shall be construed to
- C. Nothing in this section shall be construed to relieve the operator of the mine from any reporting or notification requirement under federal law.
- D. As used in this section, "accident" means "accident" as provided in [30 C.F.R. 50.2] Section 69-8-2 NMSA 1978.
- E. The state mine inspector shall impose a civil penalty of up to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) on the operator of the mine if it is determined that the operator failed to give immediate notice as required in this section. The inspector may waive imposition of the civil penalty at any time if the inspector finds that the failure to give immediate notice was caused by circumstances outside the control of the operator.
- F. The penalties imposed by the state mine inspector for violations of this section shall be derived from criteria-based penalty points. A penalty conversion table developed by the state mine inspector shall serve as a guide

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for determining penalty assessments.

A person who receives a notice of violation that includes a penalty assessment under this section may, within twenty days after receipt of the notice, submit a written petition to the state mine inspector to review the notice. Within sixty days after receipt of the petition, the state mine inspector shall issue a final order upholding, amending or rescinding the notice. Within twenty days after the date of notice of the final order by the state mine inspector, a person who is the subject of the notice may file a written appeal of the order with the mining safety board. The mining safety board shall adopt rules to govern the appeal process."

SECTION 2. Section 69-8-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1961, Chapter 136, Section 2, as amended by Laws 2007, Chapter 301, Section 8 and by Laws 2007, Chapter 302, Section 8) is amended to read:

DEFINITIONS. -- As used in the Mining Safety Act: "69-8-2.

"accident" [pursuant to 30 C.F.R. 50.2] means:

(1) in the case of a surface mine:

 $[\frac{1}{1}]$ (a) a death of an individual at a

mine;

 $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (b) an injury that has a reasonable potential to cause death to an individual at a mine; $[\frac{3}{3}]$ (c) an entrapment of an individual [for more than thirty minutes or] that has a reasonable .197918.3SA

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3	liquid or gas;									
4	(5) an unplanned ignition or explosion of gas									
5	or dust;									
6	(6) an unplanned mine fire in an underground									
7	mine that is not extinguished within ten minutes of discovery									
8	and an unplanned mine fire within a surface mine or surface									
9	area of an underground mine that is not extinguished within									
10	thirty minutes;									
11	(7) (d) an unplanned ignition or									
12	explosion of a blasting agent or an explosive;									
13	[(8) an unplanned roof fall at or above the									
14	anchorage zone in active workings where roof bolts are in use									
15	or an unplanned roof or rib fall in active workings that									
16	impairs ventilation or impedes passage;									
17	(9) a coal or rock outburst that causes									
18	withdrawal of miners or that disrupts regular mining activity									
19	for more than one hour;									
20	(10) (e) an unstable condition at an									
21	impoundment, refuse pile or culm bank that requires emergency									
22	action in order to prevent failure or that causes individuals									
23	to evacuate an area or failure of an impoundment, refuse pile									
24	or culm bank;									
25	[(ll) damage to hoisting equipment in a shaft									

potential to cause death;

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[(4) an unplanned inundation of a mine by a

1	or slope that endangers an individual or that interferes with
2	use of the equipment for more than thirty minutes]; or
3	[(12)] <u>(f)</u> an event at a mine that
4	causes death or bodily injury to an individual not at the mine
5	at the time the event occurs; or
6	(2) in the case of an underground mine or the
7	surface areas of an underground mine:
8	(a) a death of an individual at a mine;
9	(b) an injury that has a reasonable
10	potential to cause death to an individual at a mine;
11	(c) an entrapment of an individual that
12	has a reasonable potential to cause death;
13	(d) an unplanned inundation of a mine by
14	a liquid or gas;
15	(e) an unplanned ignition or explosion
16	of gas or dust;
17	(f) an unplanned mine fire in an
18	underground mine that is not extinguished within ten minutes of
19	discovery or an unplanned mine fire within the surface area of
20	an underground mine that is not extinguished within thirty
21	minutes;
22	(g) an unplanned ignition or explosion
23	of a blasting agent or an explosive;
24	(h) an unplanned roof fall at or above
25	the anchorage zone in active workings where roof bolts are in
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1	use or an unplanned roof or rib fall in active workings that										
2	impairs ventilation or impedes passage;										
3	(i) a coal or rock outburst that causes										
4	withdrawal of miners or that disrupts regular mining activity										
5	for more than one hour;										
6	(j) an unstable condition at an										
7	impoundment, refuse pile or culm bank that requires emergency										
8	action in order to prevent failure or that causes individuals										
9	to evacuate an area or failure of an impoundment, refuse pile										
10	or culm bank;										
11	(k) damage to hoisting equipment in a										
12	shaft or slope that endangers an individual; or										
13	(1) an event at a mine that causes death										
14	or bodily injury to an individual not at the mine at the time										
15	the event occurs;										
16	[B. "employer" includes any person acting directly										
17	or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to an										
18	employee or to a place of employment;										
19	G_{\bullet}] B_{\bullet} "employee" means any person suffered or										
20	permitted to work in a mining occupation or pursuit by an										
21	employer;										
22	C. "employer" includes any person acting directly										
23	or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to an										
24	employee to a place of employment;										
25	D. "inspector" means the state mine inspector;										
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1	[D.] <u>E.</u> "mine" [pursuant to 30 C.F.R. 50.2] means:
2	(l) an area of land from which minerals are
3	extracted in nonliquid form or, if in liquid form, are
4	extracted with workers underground;
5	(2) private ways and roads appurtenant to an
6	area described in Paragraph (1) of this subsection; and
7	(3) lands, excavations, underground
8	passageways, shafts, slopes, tunnels and workings, structures,
9	facilities, equipment, machines, tools or other property,
10	including impoundments, retention dams and tailings ponds, on
11	the surface or underground, used in, to be used in or resulting
12	from, the work of extracting such minerals from their natural
13	deposits in nonliquid form, or if in liquid form, with workers
14	underground, or used in, or to be used in, the milling of such
15	minerals, or the work of preparing coal or other minerals, and
16	includes custom coal preparation facilities;
17	F. "mining occupations or pursuits" includes
18	mining, smelting and the operation of a mill, ore house or
19	treatment plant in which ore or rock is processed;
20	[E.] <u>G.</u> "operator" [pursuant to 30 C.F.R. 50.2]
21	means:
22	(1) any owner, lessee or other person that
23	operates, controls or supervises a coal mine; or
24	(2) the person, partnership, association or
25	corporation, or subsidiary of a corporation, operating a metal

in or resulting

or	non	metal	mine	and	owning	the	right	to	do	so,	in	cludi	ng a	any
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S110	ch m	ine:												

[F.] $\underline{H.}$ "person" means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust, receiver, trustee, legal representative or successor to any of the foregoing; and

[G.] $\underline{I.}$ "place of employment" means any place in or about which the employee is suffered or permitted to work

[H. "mining occupations or pursuits" includes
mining, smelting and the operation of a mill, ore house or
treatment plant in which ore or rock is processed; and

I. "inspector" means the state mine inspector]."

SECTION 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2015.

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