LFC Requester: Scott Sanchez

Affected

AGENCY BILL ANALYSIS - 2025 REGULAR SESSION

WITHIN 24 HOURS OF BILL POSTING, UPLOAD ANALYSIS TO

AgencyAnalysis.nmlegis.gov and email to billanalysis@dfa.nm.gov

(Analysis must be uploaded as a PDF)

{Indicate if	analysis is on an origina Date Prepared:			correction of a Check all th	_			
	Date Prepared: February 11 Bill Number: HB 166		2023	Original		ection X		
	Din i (umbei :	11111100		Amendment	_			
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			Agency N and Cod					
Sponsor:	Sponsor: Chavez/Reeb/De La Cruz			Number: NM Sentencing Commission – 35				
Short			Person Writing Keri Thiel					
Title:	e: Penalties P			Phone: 505-259-8763 Email kthiel@unm.edu				
SECTION	N II: FISCAL IMP	ACT						
			ION (dall	awa in thana	anda)			
	A	PPROPRIAT	ION (doll	ars in thous	anus)			
	Appropriation			Recurring		Fund		
	FY25	FY26		or Nonrecurring		Affected		
(Parenthesis	s () indicate expenditure	decreases)						
		REVENUE	i (dollars i	n thousands	s)			
	Estimated Revenue				Recurr	ing	Fund	
F	Y25	FY26 F		FY27	or Nonrecurring A		Affected	
(Parenthesis	s () indicate revenue deci	reases)						
`	IATED ADDITIO	,	ATING BU	J DGET IM I	PACT (do	llars in t	housands)	
				3 Year	Pagu	rring or	Fund	

FY27

Total Cost

Nonrecurring

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

Total

FY25

FY26

Duplicates/Conflicts with/Companion to/Relates to: Duplicates/Relates to Appropriation in the General Appropriation Act

SECTION III: NARRATIVE

BILL SUMMARY

Synopsis:

HB 166 amends Section 30-7-16(B) NMSA 1978, regarding the possession of firearms by felons, to also prohibit the possession of a destructive device by a felon. HB 46 further amends Section 30-7-16(B) to add that a second or subsequent offense shall be a second degree felony.

HB 166 similarly amends Section 30-7-16(C) NMSA 1978, regarding the possession of firearms by serious violent felons, to also prohibit the possession of a destructive device by a felon. The bill changes the penalty for a serious violent felon in possession from a third degree felony to a second degree felony, and removes the existing special penalty of a basic term of six years imprisonment.

The bill also amends Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978 to include a third degree felony for possession of a firearm or destructive device by a felon, which would carry a penalty of five years imprisonment.

HB 166 sets an effective date of July 1, 2025.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

Note: major assumptions underlying fiscal impact should be documented.

Note: if additional operating budget impact is estimated, assumptions and calculations should be reported in this section.

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

In 2021, the New Mexico Sentencing Commission engaged the services of the Robina Institute of Criminal Law and Criminal Justice at the University of Minnesota to analyze the state's Criminal Code for its strengths and weaknesses. One item of concern for the Robina Institute was that the Criminal Code has a number of special statutes that fall out of the normal penalty structure in the state. HB 166 would add an additional special penalty into the Criminal Code through its addition of a five-year third degree felony for felons in possession of a firearm or destructive device. However, HB 166 would also remove a special penalty from the Criminal Code, as it would remove the existing six-year third degree felony for serious violent felons in possession of a firearm or destructive device.

HB 166 would increase the basic term of years of imprisonment for felons and serious violent felons in possession of a firearm, and would also apply the same penalties for felons and serious violent felons in possession of a destructive device. HB 166 would also add an increased penalty for second or subsequent offenses of felons in possession of a firearm or destructive device.

While it is difficult to determine what the effect of passing HB 166 would be on the state's

prison population, it is likely that these changes would lead to more people being incarcerated by the Corrections Department. The average per day cost to incarcerate someone in the state's prison system is \$155.63/day; this average includes private and public facilities.

Section 30-7-16 NMSA 1978 has been amended several times in recent years to increase the penalty for felons in possession of firearms. The Sentencing Commission is currently compiling multi-year data regarding charges and convictions pursuant to Section 30-7-16 to examine whether there is any correlation between the increased penalties and the rate of offense. We will submit a revised FIR with the compiled data as soon as possible. **See compiled data below.**

Cases Filed with Section 30-7-16 as the Lead Offense (including those not disposed)

Date Case	
Filed	# Cases Filed
FY2019	370
FY2020	304
FY2021	490
FY2022	464
FY2023	441
FY2024	513
Total	2,582

Outcome of Charges Under Section 30-7-16 by Year*

Outcome of Charges Officer Section 30-7-10 by Tear						
Date Case	# Disposed					
Filed	Cases	Incompetency	Dismissal	Acquittal	Conviction	
FY2019	779	1%	67%	<1%	32%	
FY2020	682	1%	69%	<1%	29%	
FY2021	969	1%	71%	<1%	28%	
FY2022	851	1%	65%	1%	34%	
FY2023	733	1%	63%	<1%	36%	
FY2024	476	<1%	79%	<1%	20%	
Total	4,490	1%	68%	<1%	31%	

^{*}Please note that only disposed cases are included (hence lower numbers in more recent years).

NMCD Admissions with Section 30-7-16 as the Lead Charge

Year Entered NMCD	# Persons Incarcerated	Avg. Sentence not counting EMD		
FY2019	71	1,262		
FY2020	73	1,447		
FY2021	57	1,465		
FY2022	70	1,309		
FY2023	84	1,620		
FY2024	85	1,562		

PERFORMANCE IMPLICATIONS

ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS

CONFLICT, DUPLICATION, COMPANIONSHIP, RELATIONSHIP

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OTHER SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES

ALTERNATIVES

WHAT WILL BE THE CONSEQUENCES OF NOT ENACTING THIS BILL

AMENDMENTS